

INSURANCE
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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIII NO. 46

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1935

TWENTY PAGES

Assembly Rejects Railway Board Demand

Bhulabhai Demands People's Control

Scathing Indictment Of Govt. Policy

BHORE SHIFTS BLAME ON TO HOARE

(From Our Special Representative)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The splendid victory on the Railway Board cut motion to-day wipes out yesterday's debacle. Government spokesmen tried obstructionist tactics by raising points of order and the President upheld the one on the score of relevancy as applied to Mr. Desai's speech.

For the first time Mr. Desai abandoned the attitude of an advocate pleading before a learned judge and assumed the attitude of an orator surcharged with emotion. The change became him very well.

The Opposition leaders still give evidence of lack of experience and of preparation. Except for Mr. Satyapuri and some backbenchers like Prof. Ranga or Mr. Gadgil there are no persistent supplementary questions no witty interjection and very little appropriate cheering of even one's own side in the debate.

But the continued successes in the division lobby will, it is hoped, wear out such diffidence or modesty.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

Once it was said in the Assembly that if Indians were put in sole charge of the Railways every train would be derailed. The Indian leader of the House certainly succeeded to-day in derailing the debate which, considering the start given by Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, promised to be highly interesting. The development was really sprung upon the House. Yesterday party leaders had talked on the basis that the debate would be allowed on the lines discussed. Sir Joseph Bhore was party to that understanding and the opposition did not suspect any trouble. Apparently the Executive Council this morning authorised the Law Member to raise a point of order just when he thought fit. And he really chose the most psychological moment.

Mr. Desai had gripped the imagination of the House by fifteen minutes' oration, and then rose gently Sir N. N. Sircar and stated that during voting on supplies questions of policy and legislative changes could not be raised. He had typed notes on the subject and went on giving them out. The President realized the gravity of the issue and by coincidence on Friday adjournment being generally early, he adjourned the House for lunch.

The Opposition relied more on the fact that past practice had been on their side and Mr. Jinnah seemed so sure of it that after lunch he took part in the point of order without bringing any references and confidently asserted that since the time of Sir Frederick Whyte similar practice had been observed.

The President found that no specific ruling had been given and upheld the objection of the Law Member, but permitted passing references to policy and legislative changes.

RAILWAY BOARD AND INDIA.
This undoubtedly gave scope to Mr. Desai to have his say in the manner he wished. But the ruling did mean a sudden rearrangement of his speech with the result that Mr. Desai's speech could not be as effective as he had intended to make it originally. Any-

way he never gave the impression that he had suffered from the effect of the ruling and drove home his points that the Railways owned and paid for to every penny by Indians were an asset managed against the interests of India, that the Railway Board which had failed for thirty years to promote Indian interests and no right to exist.

Mr. Desai's speech to-day was definitely oratorical and won cheers from the entire Opposition bloc.

After Mr. Bhulabhai Desai no front benchers got up for the reason that the Opposition was not anxious so much to make long speeches as to defeat the Government. Sir Joseph Bhore was twice outwitted by the Opposition ironically cheering his remarks, especially where he apostrophised that in the past things had gone wrong, but that fault was not of the Railway Board but of the Secretary of State. Sir Joseph Bhore, however, had better of Mr. Jinnah by quoting the text of his remarks made in 1925 on a similar motion of Pundit Motilal when Mr. Jinnah could not form an alliance with Pundit Motilal. To-day Mr. Jinnah had formed an alliance with the Congress. But as Mr. Jinnah could not intervene, Sir Joseph Bhore got away with it.

The result of voting was an overwhelming majority for the opposition who got 75 votes to Government's 47, but a pathetic figure was of Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed. Throughout the voting time he was wooed by the respective whips and remained neutral along with Haji Abdul Ha-

When Mr. Jinnah returned to his seat he wondered why Dr. Ziauddin had kept neutral and when Rajan Baksh Shah was allowed to vote in his seat, attempts were by Mr. Jinnah to persuade Dr. Ziauddin to do the same. He seemed at one time almost persuaded, but in the end remained neutral.

The House rose half an hour earlier than usual and even though Congressmen are not attending the Viceroy's garden party it was their motion of closure of debate which helped the House to conclude the debate in time for the party.

(DETAILS ON PAGE 7.)

"RETURN TO THE FOLD"

Maharaj Singh's Plea At S. A. Indian Congress

DURBAN, Feb. 22. Vigorous appeals for unity in the rank of South African Indians was the keynote of the addresses at the session of the Natal Indian Congress which concluded to-day. Those who joined in the plea included Syed Raza Ali, Kunwar Sir Maharaj Singh, Mr. S. M. Nana, leader of the Transvaal delegates. The Kunwar in his message said that the South African Congress was the only truly representative body. South African opinion would heartily welcome a "return to the fold" of those Indians who seceded in 1933. He said that he trusted the Congress would be so conducted as to make it possible for all South African Indians, whether born or domiciled to co-operate in all important political questions affecting them.

CONTENTIOUS ITEMS DROPPED

The Natal Indian Congress decided to frame no resolutions on two of the most contentious items on the agenda, namely the Transvaal Asiatic Land Tenure Act and the proposed scheme for the colonisation of Indians. It was agreed to defer further representation on the colonisation scheme until the Government of India issued a statement on the report of the preliminary inquiry committee set up by the Union Government. On the Land Tenure Act, the Executive Committee of the Congress was empowered to take any safeguarding steps deemed necessary after the issue of the report of the Feilham Commission.

TRANSVAAL STANDS FOR UNITY

Mr. Nana said that the Transvaal Congress stood four-square behind the South African Congress in its plea for unity but this unity must be within the Congress. The Transvaal Indian could not accept the "working arrangement" between the Congress and the dissenting faction, for this simply meant further friction.

GIVE LEAD TO THE INDIAN OPINION.

In a message to the Congress General Smuts wired: "The Congress meets at a time fraught with fateful issues for the mother country. The Congress while voicing its sympathy with Indian ideals may be able to give a lead to Indian opinion in its attitude towards the great constitutional advance towards freedom now under consideration."

MAHATMA'S HOPE.

The message from Mahatma Gandhi reading "Hope your deliberations will result in preventing the impending confiscation of Indian rights" is interpreted to refer to the Transvaal Land Tenure Act. —Reuter's Special.

Burma Indian Delegation In London

LONDON, Feb. 22. The Indian delegation from Burma have arrived and are now planning a programme to represent in proper quarters the grievances of Burma Indians in respect of the constitution for a separated Burma. The members are in touch with the India Office and are arranging interviews with leading members of Parliament. —Reuter's Special.

BR. CONTINGENT BACK FROM SAAR

LONDON, Feb. 22. Large crowds greeted the return of the first contingent from Saar the First Battalion, Essex Regiment. —Reuter.

POLO PLAYER DEAD

Death has occurred polo player Captain George A. Miller while cruising in West Indies.

GOLD PRICE SHOOT UP

Yellow Metal Touches New High Level

STERLING'S LOW RECORD

LONDON, Feb. 22. The record price of gold quoted in London is 143s. 6d. an ounce a rise of 7½d. over yesterday.

The previous record was 143s. 3d. on October 11 last. The rise is due to the weakness of sterling in terms of francs, the rate being now quoted at the low record of 73.46.

America's normally favourable trade balance is now exaggerated by the undervalued dollar, while the high American tariffs and the refusal to lend abroad, mean heavy demand for dollars which are very inadequately offset by the silver purchases. Gold currencies follow the trend of the dollar, which explains the weakness of sterling in terms of francs and why Paris is taking of sterling to 70.

Moreover, Britain has been overvalued on long term and making up difference by taking in short term money, some of which is now being withdrawn. Forward purchases of gold against sales of francs are becoming increasingly popular in Paris as a result of the increased nervousness regarding the adherence to gold. —Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT HAS NO POWER

BOMBAY, Feb. 22.

In connection with certain reports that appeared in the press to the effect that Mr. Naraindas A. Bechar, President of the Karachi Congress Committee was asked by Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress, to vacate his office, and on an undertaking given by him that he would refrain from certain kinds of activities he was restored to his post, Mr. Naraindas Bechar in the course of a statement states:—

"I regret to say that most of them are incorrect statements. The President of the Congress had never sent any order to me to vacate my office of president of the Karachi Congress Committee, nor does the Congress constitution entitle him to do so. Thus there was no occasion for me to hand over the reins of my office, nor have I tendered any undertaking to avert it."

"So far as my political views are concerned they remain unchanged. I believe in Socialism and do my best to popularise Socialism in which activity I am following no less a person than Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—United Press.

Canvassing By Officials INCIDENT IN BOMBAY COUNCIL

(From Our Lobby Correspondent.)

I regret that unnecessary capital was sought to be made yesterday about that part of the report published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the Bombay Legislative Council's proceedings which referred to canvassing by one of the Ministers when the House divided on Thursday on the first reading of the Finance Bill. It is not uncommon during division time for Government members freely to mix with non-officials and canvass support for official motions. When Mr. Taisree referred to the report published in the "Chronicle". Sir Shah Navaz Bhutto said that the report was entirely wrong. Unfortunately the names of the members were wrongly mentioned by me yesterday and for this mistake I offer my apology to Messrs Meran Shah and Tolani and also to Sir Shah Nawaz. But

SOVIET GOLD FOR LONDON

Sequel To Breakdown Of Debt Negotiations With U. S.

LONDON, Feb. 22. The Soviet Government has decided to ship gold to London for settlement of trade debts instead of United States as hitherto, in consequence of breakdown of the Russo-American Debt negotiations. This decision is important owing to the increased Soviet production of gold and the increased Soviet purchases in Great Britain. —Reuter.

HEROISM OUT OF DRUDGERY.

Young Men Can Instil Hope In Masses, Says Kalelkar

MADRAS, Feb. 21.

Kaka Kalelkar, who was deputed by Mahatma Gandhi to tour South India in connection with the Hindi Prachar work, returned to Madras last evening after a two-and-half months' tour.

Giving his impressions of his tour, Kaka Saheb said: "I was able to revise the impressions which I had gathered during my stay in the South in 1927. What impressed me most was that the Brahmin and non-Brahmin spirit has abated to a great extent. The political awakening and national ambition among the non-Brahmins are a welcome sign. Socialism of a sort was in evidence in some of the intimate talks I had with public workers; but it is in an atmosphere of rather a definite scheme of political life."

"I think something definite must be done to draw those young men into the constructive programme of the Congress. The work of the past 15 or 20 years has cultivated enough imagination in the young to appreciate the dignity and utility of the constructive programme. What is wanted is some training in discipline and sustained quiet work. It is necessary in these days to evolve heroism out of drudgery among the educated young men if we are to instil hope and courage in the masses."

Life Sentence Confirmed

LAHORE, February 21.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Abdul Rashid of the Lahore High Court maintained the sentence of transportation for life passed on Pokhar Singh, a villager of Lyallpur District who murdered his wife for the simple reason that she had refused to give him water. —United Press.

Surplus Budget For India Govt.

Silver Duty To Go, Also Duty On Br. Textiles?

RELIEF TO INCOME-TAX PAYER?

New Job For Sir Shanmukham Chetty

(From Our Special Representative)

NEW DELHI, February 22.

Indications of the coming general budget discernible now point to the Income Tax exemption limit being raised to Rs. 2,000, the Postal Rates being slightly reduced, the duty on Lancashire piecegoods being abolished and probably the silver duty also. The next year's surplus is assumed to be four crores.

JOB FOR SIR SHANMUKHAM?

Rumour says that Sir Shanmukham Chetty is to be rewarded for the Ottawa championship by being made the President of the Tariff Board.

WELSH WIZARD RETURNS TO THE CHARGE

Determined To Pursue Campaign For His New Deal

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Feb. 22.

Determination, despite Ministerial rebuffs, to pursue the campaign to arouse the nation to the necessity of a policy of national reconstruction was affirmed by Mr. Lloyd George in his speech at Free Trade Hall at Manchester.

Declaring that apart from the speeches of the Premier and Mr. Neville Chamberlain in the course of the unemployment debate in the Commons last week, he had every reason to be gratified at the response to his appeal. He emphasised that he would wholeheartedly support any Government which would resolutely undertake a reconstruction policy.

"I made no stipulation with regard to the inclusion or exclusion of any individuals from office I have certainly never given a hint that I am anxious to join the Government myself."

Mr. Lloyd George complained that Government turned down his plans without even asking for a copy of them. He admitted that Government had restored credit and balanced the budget, but they intended to persist for two years in the present policy of relying on the dole pending return to prosperity. "Patriotism cannot allow the matter to be left there."

Mr. Lloyd George denied that his proposals contemplated a series of unproductive and useless relief works. A body of responsible businessmen and economic thinkers would take a comprehensive survey of what was essential in order to re-equip Britain in industry, agriculture, means of communication, provision of amenities of life and training. Nothing would be included that did not improve national efficiency or raise the standard of life.

Mr. Lloyd George claimed that most, if not all, unemployed would be usefully absorbed and

said that in five years five six hundred millions would be saved in doles alone, while valuable assets would be provided for not a considerable addition to the capital.

STOP PRESS

INDIA POLICY AGAIN.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, February 22.

Mr. Randolph Churchill has intimated that he cannot accept the statement given by Mr. Sandys, the prospective Conservative candidate for the Norwood bye-election, with regard to India and he is, therefore, considering his probable independent candidature. Mr. Sandys accepts the India Bill as the basis of discussion, but reserves the right to oppose Government on any constructive amendment that may be submitted.

Ex-Air Officer Richard Findlay has decided to contest the Norwood bye-election as a Conservative. He states he is opposed to Government's India proposals.

INDO-S. AFRICAN 'PHONE CALL.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, February 22.

Johannesburg.—The first telephonic call from India to South Africa was received this afternoon when Dr. Louw, Superintendent, Johannesburg General Hospital spoke to his brother-in-law Mr. Desmidt, Deputy Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, India. Mr. Desmidt sitting in his office in New Delhi spoke for 10 minutes. The call had to go via London and the distance covered was well over 12,000 miles.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.—The Advertisement Department, The 'Bombay Chronicle,' Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted: Beautiful young educated Kshatriya girl for Zamindar's son. Dowry necessary. Photos exchangeable. Apply Box No. 3726, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Beautiful young educated Catholic girl for a well established Catholic young man 28, with a view to marriage. Dowry necessary. Apply Box No. 3737, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the hand of a young lady, of a highly honoured and distinguished Shia Muslim family, Western India, in affluent circumstances, brought up in Mussalman traditions, well-educated in European schools in India, pleasing in appearance, healthy, of light complexion, firm features, broad and liberal views, not in parda, affable, virtuous and unmarried. Applicant must be a man of about 30, well-educated, cultured and of good family, refined, with an assured income of at least 300-400 p.m., must supply fullest particulars of himself as to age, family, education, health, means, position, character, and supply references and photograph of himself, before requiring any further particulars of the young lady than above. On his particulars being found satisfactory, fullest particulars will be supplied of the young lady. No alliance is sought or will be made except on proposal after acquaintance with the young lady and free consent. All papers must be returned and in honour all matters must be kept in absolute confidence. Apply Box No. 3676, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted urgently: Lady Doctor, two fully qualified Nurses, also one Hindu Child's Nurse, for one station. Apply Box 3744, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Experienced Operator for Excelsior Model III B Cigarettes Machine. Apply with copies of certificates. Box No. 3746, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Capable representatives for an old, popular Indian Life Office in every part of Kathiawar on decent salary and commission. Experienced in the line preferred. Write P. Box 212, Bombay. (3740).

Wanted urgently: Lady Doctor, M.B.B.S., L.C.P.S., qualified Indian B.P.N.A. Nurses and Hindu Child-Nurse, (2) Spinning, Weaving, Dyeing, Bleaching Experts Woolen Mill, (3) Gujarati Account's Clerks, Typists, Royal Service Agency, 369-71, Hornby Road, 3rd floor, Nanabhai Lane. (3744).

Wanted Immediately: A Qualified Doctor (Male) for Chemists and Druggist Shop in mofussil area state terms. Apply Box No. 3734, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: A Clerk on 40-4-60. Matric or Equivalent. Apply with stamped envelope to Sandal Brothers & Co., Egerton Road, Delhi. (3730).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted: Salesmen for our Darjeeling Tea. Salary 50-150. No cash security. Apply to Kallibore Tea Co. 59, Sovabazar, Calcutta. (3596).

Dacca University—Applications are invited for a Readership in Modern History for two years in the first instance, on a salary within the scale of Rs. 400-50-600, initial salary depending on qualifications. Nine copies of application with testimonials and names and addresses of three references must reach the Registrar not later than 15th March, 1935. For full particulars apply to the Registrar. (9659).

Wanted one qualified Hindu Midwife, B.P.N.A., preferably Brahmin for Cutch-Mandvi Maternity Home, pay according to qualifications, apply: Damodar Anandji, 66, Karwar Street, Fort Bombay. (3689).

Wanted an experienced and well-educated Weaving Master—salary according to qualification. None need apply who has no experience of weaving fine counts, such as 80s and upwards. The mill works in two shifts and consists of 750 looms. Applications stating terms should reach this office within the 14th March, 1935. A. B. Guha, Managing Director, the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills Ltd., 6, Ananda Chandra Roy Street, Dacca. (9686).

12. TO BE LET

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Sri Hari-sadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshotam Govindji, 82-66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (3742).

To Be Let—Near Sea shore, No. 42, Warden Road, Sagar Mansion, Third floor, for High Class Hindoos only, one block consisting of 2 bed rooms, Hall, Kitchen, Store room, Garage, etc. Rent Rs. 125. Apply 2nd floor. (3707).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

In Habib Terrace, Suparibag Road—To respectable families only at greatly reduced rents. Single, double rooms with balconies facing west, water taps, Electric Light, very close to Rly. Station. Rent single rooms Rs. 13, Double Rs. 17 and up. Apply on premises or Ahmed Habib, Phone 28214. (3747).

16. APARTMENTS TO LET.

Just four apartments are available in Dias Building and Petrolina Villa, Grant Road Cross Lane, near Railway Station, ranging from Rs. 18 to Rs. 34 including electric lights. Apply at premises or A. R. Dias, opp. Clock Tower. (9615).

27. HOTELS.

Hotel India, Connaught Place, New Delhi.—Home Comforts. Excellent Food. Efficient Service. Indian and European Catering. Sanitary Bath Rooms. Phone 2061. (9527).

42. SECONDHAND WANTED.

Wanted second-hand demi Folio Chandler's treadle machine and royal size cutting machine. Both in order. Write to Lokseva Press, Chanda (C. P.) (3732).

44. MEDICAL.

Express-rumaton Miraculous Lini- ment for all pains in joints, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sprains, etc. Try ounce bottle against ten stamps. Four ounces Re. 18. Charges extra. Write Dass & Son, Bombay 4. (3729).

53. DENTISTS.

Dr. M.B.S. writes:—"It is over six years now I was cured of Pyorrhoea by Dr. Jehangir Nariman's (Dentist) special treatment. Strongly recommend all." Save your precious teeth. Pyorrhoea Clinic, Charni Road, Tram junction, Grant Road. (7703).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

You too can make money, have large bank balance, do business independently by learning secret little known laws revealed for first time only in Babylon Course of Financial Success. Complete set of six lessons, cash Rs. 7-8-0 only; otherwise eight annas extra. Money refunded if dissatisfied. Honeyday, 2212, Esplanade, Bombay. (3745).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Rs. 10,00,000 will be advanced against mortgages of Estates, new film studios, Mills, goods, personal security. Loan Arranging Co., 166, Hornby Road, Bible Building, Third floor. (3749).

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Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle." Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Mamnad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Sezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kanpur, Seoni, Saugor, Almor, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hingarghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gazi, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd. P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

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Nasik Sholapur Virar
Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best in fluence with the traders, offers his services. Please write Jamssetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikalgudi, Bombay.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Realise 9 to 24 per cent interest from New Industrial Schemes mortgages of Estates, Factory, goods, investment in shares, Cinema concern. Write investment capacity. Commercial Investment Agency, 166, Hornby Road, (3750).

75. INVESTMENTS.

Gentleman will invest Rs. 25,000 in large business or industry which furnishes sound security and guarantees monthly Rs. 50. Apply Box 3711, "Bombay Chronicle."

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Complete set for pack- ing 400 lbs. bales consisting two Hydraulic Presses (W.P.) One Engine, and one Boiler, in perfect running order. Apply 130, Mechubazar Street, Calcutta. (3709)

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Best Nagpur Oranges. Selected— A basket of 50 Rs. 4-8. All charges prepaid. Cash with order. G. F. Karani, Nagpur City. 3731.

141. EMBROIDERY.

Embroidery Class for Ladies. A class is opened to teach embroidery on sewing machine. Lady tutor teaches beautiful designs, repairs with guarantee undertaken. For particulars see J. Keshavlal & Bros., Agents, Imperial Machines, 365, Thakurdwar, opp. Post Office. Phone 24788, Bombay 2. (3715).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale: Second-hand Remington Typewriters, lowest price. Apply Rafi Khan, Typist, opposite General Post Office, Bombay. (3738).

For Sale a stock of broad-gauge steel Rails 24 lbs. per foot. Apply Swastik Oil Mills Ltd., 27, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay. (3743).

Country Teak Poles and Wansa for sale between 1st and 3rd March, 1935, at Khairna Depot, 72 miles from Thane-Belapur Motor Road, Highest offers acceptable. Terms and condition and information available at site. (3739).

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the services of Mr. JESINGH BHAI M. SHAH alias "RAJA", who was employed by us to manage and look after our Factory erection at Dubash's Bungalow, Tulsi Pipe Road, Matunga (B. & C. I.) have been dispensed with as from 1st of February 1935 and any one dealing with him as representing us will do so at his own risk.

BOLE BROTHERS, Chemists & Druggists, 49, Princess Street, Bombay 2. 3735

ANNUAL STOCK-TAKING.

Our Office will be CLOSED on the 25th, 26th and 27th Instant on account of Annual Stock-taking. The Zander Orthopaedic & Medico-Electric Department and the Dispensing Department will, however, remain open as usual. N. POWELL & CO., LTD., Bombay 4. 9682

Public Notices

THE TATA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the Holders of Debentures of the above-named Company constituted by the Trust Deed, dated the 22nd day of December, 1922 (as subsequently modified) will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 5th March, 1935, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon (S.T.) for the purpose of appointing a new Trustee of the Trust Deed in place of Sir N. B. Saklatvala, Kt., C.I.E., who has tendered his resignation.

By Order of the Board of Directors of the Company.
Tata Sons, Ltd. Agents,
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.
Bombay, 21st February, 1935. 9687

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of:—

1. ASSISTANT PROFESSOR in Bio-chemistry in the grade of Rs. 250-15-400, and
2. A TUTOR in Bio-Physics on Rs. 100 p.m.

At the Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College. Applications on prescribed forms to be obtained from the Dean's office with copies of three recent testimonials and particulars stating age, nationality, postgraduate qualifications and teaching experience in either case by the candidates concerned should reach the undersigned not later than the 31st March, 1935.

As regards the post of Asst. Professor in Bio-chemistry, a copy of any publications in Bio-chemical subjects and a statement of any investigations now in progress whether undertaken independently by the candidate or jointly with others should be forwarded along with the application. With regard to the post of Tutor in Bio-Physics preference will be given to one who has undergone training in Biology.

The post of Assistant Professor is a whole time one and no private practice is allowed. The selected candidate will be amenable to the Bombay Municipal Service Regulations regarding leave, provident fund, etc. The post of Tutor being a part-time one, the holder thereof will not be entitled to leave on average salary but will have the benefit of the vacation. The appointments in either case will be on probation for a period of one year.

Information regarding the nature of the duties associated with the above posts can be obtained by an enquiry at the Dean's office.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA, Dean.
Parel, Bombay
13th February, 1935. 9650.

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from registered Medical Practitioners for the post of Assistant Professor of Physiology at the Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College on Rs. 225-10-275. Applications on prescribed forms to be obtained from the Dean's office.

With copies of three recent testimonials and particulars stating age, nationality, postgraduate qualifications and teaching experience should reach the undersigned not later than the 31st March, 1935. A copy of any publications on problems of physiological interest should be submitted along with the application. The post is a full time one with private practice allowed during off duty hours. The selected candidate will be amenable to the Bombay Municipal Service Regulations regarding leave, provident fund, etc. The appointment in the first instance will be on probation for a period of one year and will be renewable biennially on approved service.

Information regarding the nature of duties associated with the post can be obtained by an enquiry at the Dean's office.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA, Dean.
Parel, Bombay
13th February, 1935. 9649.

Public Notices

INDUSTRIAL INVESTMENT TRUST, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Industrial Investment Trust, Ltd. will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 63, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay, on 11th March, 1935, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) to transact ordinary business of the Company.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 1st March 1935, to 9th March, 1935, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
PREMCHAND ROYCHAND & SONS, Secretaries.
Bombay, 23-2-35. 9681.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SALE OF MUNL. LAND AT THE JUNCTION OF SANDHURST ROAD AND FRENCH BRIDGE ROAD.

This valuable Plot, situate at the Important Junction of Seven Roads and suitable for Motor Show-Room, Workshop, Offices Shops, Residence and Godowns will be put to Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 28th day of February, 1935, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) in the Office of the undersigned. For further particulars apply to the undersigned during office hours.

(Sd.) H. M. ABHYANKAR, Estate Agent & Land Manager. 9651.

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED Percentage Rate Tenders are invited for constructing a building at Chakla Street, estimated to cost about Rs. 25,000-0-0 only.

Tender forms, specifications, etc., can be had from the office of the undersigned during office hours.

The undersigned or the Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. Messrs. KORA & BHATT, Architects, etc., 22, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay. 3741

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of two INSPECTING PLUMBERS on Rs. 65-3-80 which should reach the Undersigned on or before the 15th March, 1935, stating qualifications, age, previous experience and nationality. The Inspectors will be fully qualified Plumbers, who in addition to 'having' passed an examination from a recognized institution, will also have had at least 5 years' practical experience of plumbing in order to enable them to train up the staff working under them. The Candidates should, if possible, produce a certificate of fitness for the job from the Engineer in charge of water supply and drainage of one of the Presidency towns.

(Sd.) J. S. MALIK, Municipal Engineer, Ahmedabad Municipality. Municipal Office, Ahmedabad. 20th February, 1935. 9683.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT.

O. O. C. J.

I. C. No. 29 of 1934.
Re: The Indian Co.'s Act VII of 1913.

and
Re: THE BHAGIRATH SPINNING WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING CO., LTD., having its Registered Office at Jalgaon (East Khandesh).

Messrs. GENDALAL SURAJMAL AND CO., Petitioners.

By an order made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in the above matter, dated the 13th day of February, 1935, on the petition of the petitioners abovenamed it was ordered that the abovenamed Bhagirath Spinning Weaving and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., be wound up by the Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Blackwell has by the same order appointed Court Liquidator to be the Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1935.
BHAISHANKAR, KANGA & GIRDHARLAL, Petitioners Attorneys. 9684.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.,

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT PIECE OF LAND AT VILLE PARLE.

Under instructions from the Liquidators of the Ville Parle Catholic Co-operative Society, Ltd. (In Liquidation), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 24th February, 1935 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece or parcel of land situated at Mouje Brahmini Wada Taluka South Salsette, admeasuring about 25 1/4 Guntas or 3059 square yards, bearing Collector's Land Revenue Serial No. 143, Survey No. 13, Hissa No. 3, assessed at Rs. 5-12-0 and standing in the name of Ville Parle Catholic Society.

The above property is open for purchase to all Catholics as well as non-Catholics.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, H.M.V. GRAMOPHONES, CABINETS, GLASS, CROCKERY AND PLATEDWARE, "JEWETT" MOTOR CAR, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 24th February, 1935, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Praggi Lila-dhar's House, Ground Floor, Pedder Road, household furniture such as dining table, sideboard, chairs, drawing room suite by Devji Cavji, show cases, writing tables, wooden bedsteads, almira, wardrobes, dressing chests of drawers, carved partition by Devji Cavji, dressing tables, hat stand, teapots, sofas, electric table fan, books, clocks, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of a deceased Parsee Lady and others.

Also 1 "Jewett" Sedan motor-car in perfect running order belonging to the estate of late Mr. Pooranlal Gooli Shingane.

The property is on view BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & Co.

Telephone No. 24927

BONA FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE OF SPECIALLY MADE TO ORDER BY WELL-KNOWN MAKERS HIGHLY POLISHED RICH HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, SILVER, GLASS AND ELECTROPLATEDWARE, ETC., ETC.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from the Administrator General of Bombay and the Administrator of the Estate of Mr. H. C. Whitehouse, deceased, the late Manager of Messrs. Strauss & Co., sell by Public Auction on Sunday the 24th day of February 1935 at 11 A.M. (S.T.) at his residence at 'Mark Heaven' near Taj Mahal Hotel Strand Road, Apollo Bunder, all household furniture etc. belonging to the abovenamed Estate including:

Rich Chesterfield Sofas and Chairs, Glass door cupboards and almira, chest of drawers, centre table, dining table and chairs, wooden bedsteads, silver show case, teapots, flower pots, cane and cushioned chairs, Persian carpets, drawing room suites, meatsafe, silver, glass and electroplated wares etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the above is on view.

Terms:—25 Per cent deposit. GANDHI & CO.

Messrs. VORA & Co.,

GRAND AUCTION SALE of Furniture of J. Havitt Esquire and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), 24th inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at HUGHES ROAD, OPP. HYLAND MOTOR CO., of complete Bungalow furniture, Godrej safe, Drawing room cabinet, His Master Voice Cabinet, Gramophone, Sinner Machine, Charming Hall Clock (Cursestee Cowasjee) Musical box, cycle, Corona portable and L. C. Smith Typewriter, Figurewood and Veneered Almira, Dressing table, Writing Bureau, Chest drawer, Bed with box mattress, Drawing room corner cabinets, Tilting chesterfield and sets, etc. On view.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), at 5 P.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Italian Restaurant of complete Household Furniture, Tilting set, H.M.V. portable gramophone, Typewriter machine, harmonium, Drawing room cabinet, Zunda Cabinet, Singer Machine, Wardrobes, Marble Pillars, Corner cabinets, Safe with stand, Show cases, Dining table, Chairs, Modern style furniture, cycle, etc.



THE BIGGEST PICTURE IN 5 YEARS
PARTIALLY FILMED IN
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DAILY 3-30, 6-30 &
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Sunday Morning 10 a. m.
Phone 41561.

A Super Spectacle the like of which has never been seen before

PATHE

All Phone Bookings must be taken up ½ an hour before each Show.

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS OF "THE LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER"

Paramount's Stupendous Sensation
which was 4 Years in the Making!

THE CAST
GARY
COOPER
FRANCHOT
TONE
RICHARD
CROMWELL
SIR GUY
STANDING
C. AUBREY SMITH
KATHLEEN BURKE
MONTE BLUE
AND
THOUSANDS of OTHERS

... Nothing in
Heaven or Hell
Can Stop these Men

Heroes all, these Bengal Lancers...slashing their way to fame against unheard of odds! Gallant, stalwart men loving as recklessly as they live... night finds them in the warm arms of love or the cold clutch of death!



Lavishly set in India...thousands of Lancers in hand-to-hand combat with fanatic warriors... bronzed nautch dancers...the luxurious palaces of the Khans

Adolph Zukor presents

"The Lives of a Bengal Lancer"

POOREST CLASSES FIRST, SERVICES AFTERWARDS

Bakhale Criticises Govt.'s "Novel Method" Of Giving Relief

VIGOROUS OPPOSITION TO SALARY CUT RESTORATION IN COUNCIL

Criticising the financial policy of the Bombay Government with special reference to their "Salary-cut Restoration" decision in the Bombay Legislative Council on Tuesday Mr. R. R. Bakhale attacked the Budget proposals of the Government and quoted the Taxation Enquiry Committee Report of 1924-25 to demand that the poorest classes of society must have the first claim on Government relief measures but not the civil allied services.

The following are the relevant extracts from Mr. Bakhale's speech:

DEPLETED BALANCES!
The Honourable the Finance Member says that the balances have been depleted and the sources of revenue are shrinking. Expenditure has been cut to the very bone; and yet the budget does not balance. At the same time, every one has been clamouring for relief. Take the case of the urban wage-earner and the landless agricultural labourer whose taxes have been doubled, not now, but in 1924-25, when the country was not committed to the policy of discriminating protection. Since 1925 the burden on these poor classes has been increased very considerably. Naturally, they are clamouring for relief. The small-holder, the ryot or tenant, the big landlord, the petty trader, the big merchant class, the clerical class including professional men, small and big, are all clamouring for relief. At the same time the higher services such as the I.C.S. and the allied services are clamouring for relief. Our local bodies also have been saying that their reserves have dwindled down and they too want some relief in the form of new sources of additional taxation or by way of contributions from the Provincial revenues.

SO MANY CLAIMANTS!
The point is, how are we to give

relief to so many claimant and in what order of precedence such relief should be given. In the statement of the Honourable the Finance Member there is hardly any indication as to the direction in which he proposes to move. I do not know whether the Honourable Member, before he shifted to the Treasury Bench, read the Taxation Enquiry Committee's Report of 1924-25. In that report the Committee suggested three important remedies for the purpose of granting relief to all these people. First, they said that reduction in taxation should take place; secondly, adjustment in taxation by suitable reduction and increase wherever necessary in different taxes and the abolition of some taxes and the introduction of new ones; and the third remedy that they suggested was the overhauling of the whole system of taxation in this country. The Taxation Enquiry Committee did not stop at merely recommending or indicating these lines of action. They also suggested a definite order of precedence in the matter of giving relief, with the result that, had that order been followed, the poorest classes of the society would have not the first relief. This was the recommendation of a committee over which a civilian, Sir Charles Toddhunter, presided and of which another civilian, Mr. Rama Rao, was Secretary. Have we followed that? I am afraid not. How have we begun?

A NOVEL METHOD.
It is generally the case that in times of difficulties indirect taxes are increased first and direct taxes afterwards. In better times, when there is an opportunity to give relief, direct taxes are reduced first because those who are vitally affected by such taxes are the first in the field to make a demand for the reduction of direct

DEMOLITION OF FIRE TEMPLE AT NARGOL

Prevention Petition Rejected By Thana Judge

APPEAL IN HIGH COURT STILL PENDING.

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 22. Judgment was delivered yesterday by Mr. M. A. Bhaye, the District Judge of Thana, in the petition filed by Mr. Manekji Coverji Patel for preventing demolition of a building constructed for an "agary" (fire-temple) on the land claimed by the Anjuman of Nargol.

"WITHOUT CONSENT OF ALL PARTIES."
The petitioner prayed that any permission given by the Court without the consent of all parties concerned was without jurisdiction, and it did not avail for the destruction of the property, and, therefore, the property should not be destroyed.

The District Judge found that the present application was not maintainable according to law.

An appeal filed against that decision in the High Court is still pending.

An Ernakulam message says: Due to drought and intense heat irrigation canals in these parts have dried up. Offerings are being made to the Rain God.

taxation. The result is that indirect taxes come afterwards for reduction. This time, neither the direct nor the indirect taxation has been reduced; but a novel method of giving relief has been adopted, and that method is the restoration of the cut in the pay of the Indian Civil Service and allied services and, consequently, other services.

PUT THAT ACT INTO OPERATION.

The Hon. Member Mr. Winterbottom yesterday referred to the industrial relations that existed in this presidency and he complimented the Government for having enacted the Bombay Presidency Industrial Disputes Conciliation Act and said that that Act had a very sobering effect on the labour population. I do not know how far that is correct because that Act, since it was passed, has never been put into operation. But I am free to admit that the appointment of the Labour Officer has gone a great way in the direction of settling industrial disputes before they assumed serious proportions.

EXCISE AUCTIONS AT THANA

Annual Revenue Of Rs. 2,50,000

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 21.

The public auctions for the right to retail excisable articles, including country liquor, hemp etc. and pearls for a period of one year and five years respectively, which were being held at the Divechha town hall under the supervision of the Collector for the last three days were closed today.

It is estimated that the Government has got in the Thana district an annual revenue to the extent of Rs. 2,50,000 from the above excisable articles. Out of this amount, a sum of Rs. 60,000 was received in cash as earnest money.

40 THANA STRIKERS RESUME WORK

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Feb. 21.

It appears that the strike situation in the Thana Match Works has taken a turn. It is stated that about 40 strikers of the bandedole department resumed work to-day. The rest are still holding out.

About 50 women operatives of the veneering department also attended the factory this morning.

It is reported that the labour leaders on the strike committee, who are trying their level best to bring about a settlement at an early date, exhorted the strikers to hold on peacefully.

TRAINER MAULED BY TIGER

RATNAGIRI, Feb. 21.

An unfortunate incident occurred here during the stay of a circus troupe which is at present touring the Konkan district. A young tiger, newly acquired, was in the circus ring being trained by its trainer, when it suddenly attacked him and mauled him severely.

It also attacked two or three assistants in the ring. The trainer was rescued and taken to Dr. Benjamin's hospital, where he is progressing satisfactorily.—A. P.

The Maharaja of Kolshandi has presented Rs. 25,000 to Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Fund.

KARNATAK THANKS BOMBAY DONORS

Congress Committee Sympathises With Plight Of Farmers

DHARWAR, (By Mail).
There was a special meeting of the Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee here on the 17th instant. About 30 members including Sjs. Gangadharrao Deshpande, S. V. Kowjagi, Narayanrao Joshi, R. R. Diwakar, H. R. Moharo, V. V. Patil, I. Vasupalappa, R. S. Hukkerikar and S. R. Haldipurkar, were present.

In the absence of the President Sjt. S. K. Hosmani who is at present at Delhi Sjt. Narayanrao Joshi took the chair. The most important subject that came up before the meeting for discussion was the draft Constitution for the Province to be submitted to the Working Committee before the 28th February. The whole draft was put to the meeting clause by clause and it was unanimously accepted.

Another important matter that came up for discussion was the continued ban on the Hindustani Seva Dal. The question of Karnataka Peasants Relief also prominently figured on the agenda.

The representatives from Siddapur and Ankola had been specially summoned for the purpose. The Provincial Congress Committee fully endorsed all the steps that had been taken till now by the Relief Committee and thanked the B.P.C.C. and the donors in Bombay who had helped the cause. There was not much discussion about the proposed amendment to article 1 of the Congress Constitution suggesting a change in the creed. Without much discussion the proposed change was put to vote and rejected by a good majority.

The Committee further considered the conditions of the farmers in the Karnataka and passed resolution expressing sympathy with them. There was strong feeling in the Committee against the Government ban on Congress workers like Sjt. Venkatapathia of Bangalore who is a member of the A.I.C.C. have been barred from entering British India.

After disposing of a number of

SPECIAL SESSION OF MAHASABHA

Working Committee To Discuss Important Questions At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

When the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha meets some important questions will, it is understood, be discussed including the question of holding a special session of the Hindu Mahasabha in March simultaneously with the annual session at Cawnpore under the Presidency of Pandit Malaviya to discuss the India Bill and the Communal Award.

The chief reason for holding a special session is that Pandit Malaviya is anxious to elicit general opinion on these two points before leaving for England in the third week of March where he will place the views of the Sabha before the British Public.

The Working Committee will also consider the technicality of the constitutional objection to the Presidency of the Session being held by Pandit Malaviya as he belongs to the United Provinces and the session is to be held in Cawnpore.

It is also considered possible that the Working Committee will discuss the unity talks now proceeding in Delhi.—A. P.

BULSAR DEFAMATION TRIAL ADJOURNED

Case May Be Transferred To Another Court

BULSAR, Feb. 21.

The hearing of the "Railway Herald" defamation case which is pending in the Court of the First Class Magistrate at Bulsar was fixed for the 20th inst., but owing to the ill-health of the Magistrate the case was adjourned "sine die."

It is stated the case is referred to higher authorities for transfer, as the First Class Magistrate has applied for long leave owing to ill-health and the Magistrate in charge has only second class powers while the case is triable by a Magistrate of the First Class.

routine administrative matters the committee concluded its sessions late at night.

MR. KOTHARI VISITS AJMER

Deplores Dissensions In Congress Camp

(From Our Correspondent.)
AJMER, Feb. 20.

Appropos the "Rajasthan Press," the property of the defunct Rajasthan Seva Sangh, that has been in possession of Mr. Manilal Kothari for several years, Mr. Kothari who has been in Rajputana for the last three days, summoned the three claimants at the Sojat Road Station for negotiations. Messrs. Ramnarayan Choudhri and Shobhalal met Mr. Kothari and are reported to have a final talk on the subject. But as Mr. Pathik, the third claimant was absent the negotiation remained incomplete.

This morning Mr. Kothari came to Ajmer. Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor saw him in the local waiting room and had a lively chat with him about Rajputana politics. Mr. Kothari greatly deplored dissensions in the local Congress camp and asked Mr. Makhmoor to devote villagers of this unfortunate land.

It will be recalled here that Mr. Makhmoor's contention about the Rajasthan Press is that it being a national property it cannot be claimed by any one or three individuals and must therefore be controlled by a national board and for national purposes.

Mr. Kothari, who had procured an appointment from the local Chief Commissioner at Bundi when he was there to represent the cause of Sjt. Nityanandji Nagar (an externee of that State), saw Colonel Ogaivie, the Rajputana A.G.G. at his Kothi who is said to be on friendly terms with Mr. Kothari. After visiting the Nareli Harijan Ashram Mr. Kothari left this evening for Beawar where he will stay for one day more and then leave for Kathiawad.

Mr. Kothari informed us that the ban imposed upon Nagarji by the Bundi Durbar has been since then withdrawn and he gives the credit to Mr. Web, the present Diwan.

IN THE STUDIOS ON THE SCREEN

"CASE OF THE HOWLING DOG"

At The Capitol

Spectators at the Capitol Theatre will sit in a state of breathless suspense as thrill piled on thrill in the Warner Bros. picture, "The Case of the Howling Dog" which is to be shown from to-day. Warner Bros. have given the screen an entirely different mystery drama in "The Case of the Howling Dog". It is not the usual murder story where murderer or murderers are tracked down by the police or some super-detective. The slayings are unique enough. In fact, they are so unusual and complicated that they completely baffle the actual detectives on the job, and it is not until a beautiful woman has been arrested and placed on trial on the charge of slaying her husband, who had eloped with another woman, that the crime is solved by the famous criminal lawyer who is defending the woman, Warren William does a superb piece of work as the noted criminal lawyer and investigator. William made his first hit in a detective role as Philo Vance in "The Dragon Murder Case" and once before he shone as a clever lawyer in "The Mouthpiece". Now he combines both roles in one and gives an exceptionally brilliant performance. Mary Astor has a trying role as the society woman on trial for her life, but she portrays the character with her usual artistry, showing the intense feeling of a woman facing the hangman's noose in a way that makes the spectator sense the impending shadow of the gallows, but never overdoing the part, Dorothy Tree, but recently come to the screen from the stage, shows a thorough understanding of character and a talent for presenting it in the way she interprets the part of the woman accuser, who is later proved to have been the enamored of the slain man whose wife is being tried for his murder. Much can be expected of Helen Trenholme, the clever stage actress who makes her bow on the screen in this picture as the romantic interest. She is who assists the criminal lawyer in solving the mystery, and who, after the trial, wins his heart. Allen Jenkins, as the dumb detective, and Grant Mitchell as the overbearing and vindictive district attorney are both excellent in their roles. Others in the cast who do unusually fine work in the interpretation of their characters are Helen Lowell, Harry Tyler, Arthur Aylesworth, Russell Hicks, Frank Reicher and Addison Richards. The picture is based on the clever magazine story by Erle Stanley Gardner. Ben Markson dramatized it for the screen. Alan Crosland has given the play superb direction.

"MIDNIGHT ROMANCE"

Second Week

"Mid-night Romance" is entering into its second week from this Saturday. It has entertained numberless spectators during the first week which was quite attracted large audiences. Mr. Sandow has played the chief role. Miss Indira has played the main role. It is running for the second week at West End Talkies.



V. Kumar, Ashalata, in "This is Life." Shri Shakti Movietone.



Mrs. Durgabai Khote to appear in Devki Bose Productions Social Talkie in Hindi "Jiwan Natak."

"KING OF THE WILD HORSES"

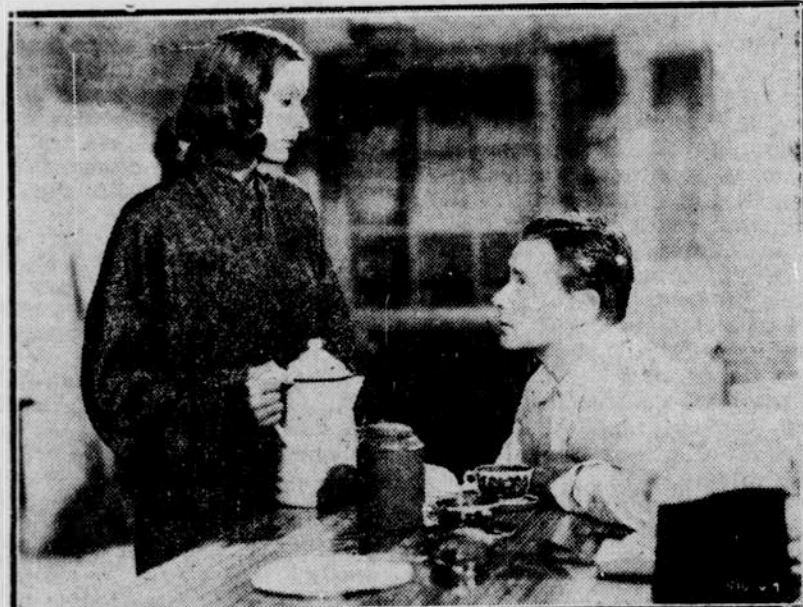
Rex, acknowledged by everybody as one of the greatest horses ever trained by man, makes his talking debut with two thousand other wild horses in "King of the Wild Horses," opening next week at the Edward. Not one scene of this spectacular Columbia production was shot inside a studio, and thousands of Indians as well as the herd of two thousand wild horses appear in the glamorous and stimulating scenes of this spectacular picture.

The stampede of a huge herd of two thousand horses rounded up from the mesas and plains where they roam wild, have no equal for excitement and thunderous thrill. The picture is an unusual screen romance, telling as it does of the love of an Indian brave for his famous black stallion, Rex and the love of an Indian maiden for

BUCK JONES IN "ROCKY RHODES"

At The Edward.

Buck Jones, king of adventure stars, is returning to The Edward this week in a feature production, "Rocky Rhodes." He is bringing with him his famous horse Silver, the beautiful Sheila Terry, the comic Stanley Fields, the villainous Walter Miller and a host of other noted players. The story ranges from the Stockyards of Chicago to the plains of Arizona, and the recent great fire at the Chicago Stockyards is one of the features of the production, with actual scenes that were shot both before and during the conflagration. In the picture Buck Jones makes his bow as an Easterner working in Chicago. Rapid fire action follows, the death of his father and his best pal, and with the blasting of the home of his sweetheart, to say nothing of the sensational bank robbery and the murder of its president. This is probably Buck Jones' best picture, and the audience will follow him breathlessly from beginning to end.



"The Painted Veil" 2nd Week at the Regal.

the young buck. The fight between Rex and a panther is really nerve-tickling. All cinepatrons are requested to see this thrilling film once without fail as they have seen nothing like it before.

"LORD OF THE JUNGLE"

At Minerva Talkies

All those cine-goers who are tired of witnessing worthless wooden-sword fights and rotten stunts taken with trick photography and all those who hate to see usual story of a king, wine and beautiful women—will be pleased to enjoy—Chandra Art Cinetone's "Lord of the Jungle" starring dare-devil pair—Master Chandra Rao, Kadam and Shrimati Lalita Pawar—this week at Minerva Talkies.

"INDIRA M. A."

8th Week At The Majestic

"Indira, M.A." commences the 8th week from to-day. It is a social drama. The theme is of abiding interest and depicts the emotions which sway the mind of the younger generation. The theme hinges round the clash between the ideals of the East and the West.

"LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER"

At Pathe

The soldiers of the King as Francis Yeats-Brown described in his remarkable book "The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer" are the heroes of the stirring, remarkable and colourful picture of warfare and heroism in India which is at the Pathe. Produced by Paramount, "The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer" features Gary Cooper, Franchot Tone, Richard Cromwell and Sir Guy Standing in the leading roles.

It is a picture replete with the sounds and sights of the East, as authentic as the Himalayas themselves and equally thrilling. And, although it has more to offer in the pictorial sense than any recent Hollywood offering "The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer" is particularly remarkable for its fine, dramatic story of four great soldiers.

The plot of "The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer" revolves about the conflict between Sir Guy Standing a Colonel and three of his subordinate officers, one of whom is his son.

Their differences come to a head when the son, Richard Cromwell, is carried away by a chieftain and Standing refuses to pursue because he cannot en-



REX in "King of the Wild Horses" A Columbia Picture Edward Cinema

danger his regiment. Disregarding his orders, Cooper and Tone follow in disguise, are captured and thrown into a dungeon with Cromwell. Tortured for information on the whereabouts of a tremendous convoy of ammunition, Cromwell finally breaks down and blurs out the regiment secret.

The chieftain captures the ammunition train and prepares to lead a revolution. The Lancers ride to attack him although they realize that they will be destroyed, because it is their duty to stem the revolution.

But Cooper, fully aware of the danger, goes the old colonel one in his stern devotion to duty.

He and Tone plan to blow up the fortress. They draw lots for the job which means sure death to the man who performs it. A terrific explosion follows and the Lancers are saved.

Cooper and Tone contribute the outstanding portrayals of courageous and romantic campaigners to "The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer". And the entire cast including Monte Blue, C. Aubrey Smith, Douglas Dumbrille, Kathleen Burke and Akim Tamiroff in the supporting roles, render sterling performances.



"The Lives Of A Bengal Lancer" shown at Pathe.



"PADDY, THE NEXT BEST THING"

At The Palace

Climaxing her career as a film star, Janet Gaynor gives her best performance in "Paddy, The Next Best Thing" with Warner Baxter, now being shown at the Palace. With all the charm that has characterized her performances ever since her successful and never-to-be-forgotten role in "Seventh Heaven," Miss Gaynor grows increasingly charming with the advent of every new film. In this film Miss Gaynor and Baxter respond to the popular demand for more pictures in which they are both featured.

"Paddy" is gorgeous in its pictorial scope, laid against the background of an Irish coastal town where a once influential family is reduced to circumstances that Janet tries to improve. Fearlessly she goes into the market place to dispose of her father's chattels so that the family may exist. Harry Lachman directed this production, and with such supervision, an excellent cast and a magnificent background, "Paddy" is perfect entertainment.

HIPS HIPS HOORAY

At The Carlton

Smartly and enthusiastically insane, abounding in laughs of the side splitting variety, "Hips Hips Hooray" presents the stellar comedies Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey in a musical extravaganza surpassing all their previous efforts. This R. K. O. Radio picture is revived at the Carlton. "Hips Hips Hooray" offers besides Wheeler and Woolsey scores of eye-filling beauties in spectacular dances brilliantly conceived. Wheeler and Woolsey are smart and peppy in their interpretation of the snappy lines and situation. "Keep on Doing What you are Doing", "Tired of it, All!" and "Keep Romance Alive" are decided hit tunes which are being hummed, vocalised and orchestrated across the continent. A capable supporting cast surround the stars, including Thelma Todd and Dorothy Lee and Ruth Etting.

AMRIT MANTHAN

20th Week At The Krishna

Prabhat's "Amrit Manthan" has this week entered into the 20th Week of continuous run. No Hindi Picture in recent times had continuous run for 20 weeks. The crowds besieging the Krishna Talkies to witness "Amrit Manthan" during the last 19th week were as big as before.



"Hips-Hips Hooray" at the Carlton.

"WARN LONDON"

At The Wellington

"Warn London", a stirring mystery thriller is now showing this week at the Wellington. This powerful British drama has been directed by T. Hayes Hunter, England's most renowned thriller producer. It is an exciting and vivid tale concerning the attempted robbery of a mail train from the docks of London by a gang of international crooks. The tale moves at breakneck speed from London to Paris and back again, as we follow the exploits of both the thieves and the lone Scotland Yard man on their track. The well-known and popular star Edmund Gwinn plays the role of the eminent criminologist who himself turns into the most shrewd and cunning criminal, and himself organises and leads a gang of desperate crooks. John Loder is cast in the amazing dual role of the detective and the young wastrel in the gang. These two men are exactly identical in features, and during the run of the film there is a mysterious and bewildering interchange of identities that will make you sit guessing who is the detective and who is the criminal. The mystery deepens during the unfolding of the story, wherein beautiful Leonora Corbett appears as the newly-wed wife of the young wastrel. Sinister criminal personalities are brilliantly played by D. A. Clarke-Smith and Gary Marsh, and John Turnbull is, as always, at home in the part of a Scotland Yard Superintendent. "Warn London" is the most intriguing film of the year, brimming with excitement and pulsating with thrills. It is the crime thriller of the age.

SAJEEVA MOORTI

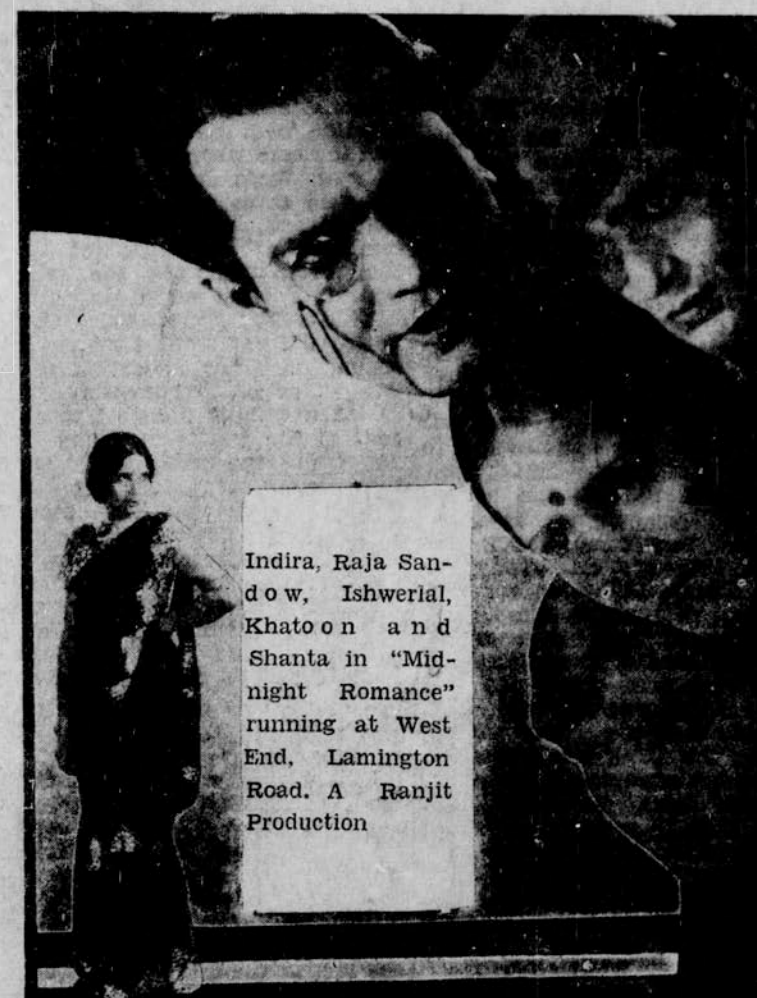
Shri Shakti Movietone presented from the 16th instant at the Imperial "This is Life or Sajeeva Moorti." The story is a social one centering round a state and its maladministration by the Dewan.

Mr. V. Kumar, B.A., takes the lead, Kumari Ashalata and Nirmal Kumari feature the film, Bhai Chhela takes the role of the villain. Miss Roshenara give song hits of excellence.

"THE PAINTED VEIL"

2nd Week At The Regal

"The Painted Veil" Greta Garbo's new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture which is having its second week's run at the Regal from to-day, brings the glamorous Swedish back to the screen in the twentieth starring production since her arrival in America less than ten years ago. As a distinct contrast to her last film, "Queen Christina," Garbo returns once more to the fold of modern women in her characterizations and comes through with the most gripping dramatic performances of her career. "The Painted Veil" an adaptation of Somerset Maugham's domestic drama of marital discord in the seething center of China's plague-ravished regions, tells the story of a modern woman married to a medical scientist who thinks first of his work before thinking of his wife. The wife, lonely and yearning for love, believes she finds it when she meets a presentable Englishman named Townsend. When the husband discovers his wife's infidelity, and then Townsend refuses to divorce his own wife to marry Katherine, he drags her into the plague country. The role of the wife is made a memorable one in the performance of the incomparable Garbo who gives it all the depth of feeling and sincerity it demands, adding besides the undercurrent of excitement and glamour which only the presence of this remarkable Swedish actress can give to the screen. As Dr. Fane, the husband of Garbo, Herbert Marshall contributes possibly the finest performance of his career, one that gives his opportunity to escape from his earlier roles of the "The suave Gentleman."



Indira, Raja Sandow, Ishwerlal, Khatoon and Shanta in "Midnight Romance" running at West End, Lamington Road. A Ranjit Production

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 5, 1931
Muslim: Jilad 18, 1353
Parsi: Shohrevor 20, 1304
Sunrise: 7h 2m
Sunset: 6h 42m
High Tide: 2:47; 14:50
Low Tide: 8:28; 20:24

S. S. Rawalpindi, with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.
Y. M. C. A. Washhouse Road, Talks: 9-15 p.m. children's show 6-30 p.m.
Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship of India: Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association vs. Western India States, Bombay Gymkhana ground.
Legislative Council, 10 a.m.
Lecture in Urdu on "Akbar as poet and Reformer, Ismail College, Andheri, 5-30 p.m.
SUNDAY, February 24.
Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship of India: Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association vs. Western India States, Bombay Gymkhana ground.
Lecture in Urdu on "Fasana-i-Ajib" by Mr. Nadi, 5-30 p.m., Ismail College, Andheri.
MONDAY, February 25.
Legislative Council, 2 p.m.
Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship of India: Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association vs. Western India States, Bombay Gymkhana ground.
TUESDAY, February 26.
Garden Party, Government House, 5-6 p.m.
WEDNESDAY, February 27.
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
PERSIAN ASSOCIATION OF BOMBAY.
His Highness the Aga Khan who is the patron of the Association gives a garden party in its honour at the Wellington club, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m.
BALKAN-JI-BARI
A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Balkan-Ji-Bari will be held to-day (Saturday) at Shri. Hames Mehta's residence, Khambhatta Hall, Alimont Road, at 6 p.m. (S.T.)
SWASTIK LEAGUE
The 15-mile fast cycle race for the members of the League will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 a.m. (S.T.) There will be no latli drill on that day. Volunteers are required to meet at the Head Quarters at 5-30 a.m. (S.T.) in Thursday Parade Uniform.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"The Painted Veil" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
ROYAL—"Kama Mardan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Case of the Howling Dog" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
CARLTON—"Hips, Hips, Hoorsay" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Midnight Romance" Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Jan-Nisar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Anant Manthan" Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
PALACE—"Paddy The Next Best Thing" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Rocky Rhodes" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUNDAY Morning show at 10 a.m.
MAJESTIC—"India M. A." Daily at 5, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.
KHOJA SHA ISHNA ASHRI JAMAT
The sixth meeting of the current year of the above institution will be held to-morrow, Sunday, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the Musjid premises at (Dalla Gally) Samal Street.
B.P.C.C. COUNCIL MEETING.
A meeting of the Council of the B.P.C.C. will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.
B.P.C.C. MEETING.
A special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House to consider the new Constitution of the B.P.C.C. framed by the Constitution Subcommittee.
If the new Constitution is not passed at one sitting, the Committee will meet from day to day until the whole of the constitution is disposed of.
BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION (A.I.W.C.)
Under the auspices of the above association a public meeting of the Women of Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, when the delegates from Bombay will explain the resolutions passed at and give general impressions about the Karachi Session of the All-India Women's Conference held in December 1934. Lady Dhunhai Cowasjee Jehangir will preside.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon. Time Signal. Selection of Indian Music. (A variety programme).
1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Selection of European Music. The Regal Cinema Orchestra. Conducted by Emanuel Starkey. Norman Long.—Songs at the Piano. Reginald Foort. Cinema Organ.
5-30 p.m. European Programme. Relay of music from Regal Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Talk: "The English Character." By The Rt. Hon. Sir Stanley Baldwin. M. P. 6-45 p.m. Musical Interlude. 7-0 p.m. Piano-forte Lecture—Recital Series. By L. A. Lickfield, M.A. Mus. Bach, F. R. C. O. No. 1 The Keyboard Music of Handel. The 250th Anniversary of a trio of immortal composers. George Frederick Handel 1685-1759. Johann Sebastian Bach 1685-1750. Giuseppe Scarlatti 1685-1757. The Keyboard music of these masters will be subject of a series of lecture-recitals. To-day being the actual date of the 250th Anniversary of Handel's birth, this evening's programme is devoted entirely to his music. 7-30 p.m. European Programme The "Request Hour". A Programme of Gramophone records selected from listener requests. 8-45 p.m. European Programme. Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-30 p.m. A Variety Programme. SR from G. N. Ghose and Party.—Clarinet Solos. 10-0 p.m. Hawaiian Guitar, and Violin.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. The Belfast Wireless Orchestra. Leader, Philip Whiteaway. Conductor, E. Godfrey Brown. A. V. Froggatt (Baritone). 8-15 p.m. Ireland vs. Scotland. A running commentary on the International Rugby Union Football Match by W. P. Collop. Relayed from Lansdowne Road, Dublin. 10-00 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Reginald King and his Orchestra. 10-45 p.m. Dance Music. 11-15 p.m. Close down.

PARLA SHIKSHAN MANDIR.

A variety Entertainment Show comprising of various items of interest and delight is to be held in aid of Parla Shikshan Mandir at 9 p.m. to-night in the Tilak Mandir Hall, Vile Parle, when Rao Bahadur A. K. Kulkarni, City Magistrate, Bandra, will preside.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The P and O Mail Steamer "Moolton" with the Mails from London of the 14th instant passed Suez at midnight on the 20th instant.
The Clan Line Steamer "Clan-Machrayne" left Liverpool on the evening of 20th inst.

SOCIAL REFORM.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prarthana Samaj Hall, when Mr. R. K. Dadachangi, will deliver a lecture on "The Basis of Social Reform." Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye, will preside.

DEBATE ON MARRIAGE AT Y. M. C. A.

There will be a debate at the Y. M. C. A. on the topic "Should Marriage be a Sacrament?" (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. on "The Institution of Marriage needs radical change in present-day society." Mr. S. S. Kavalekar will move and Mr. N. D. Wankar will oppose the proposition. Mr. S. Jeyson, Editor of "The Illustrated Weekly" will preside.

GAUDIYA MATH.

A lecture will be delivered on "Guru-Tattva" on the occasion of 61st anniversary of His Divine Grace Paramahansa Sri Sriniwat Bhakti Siddhanta Saraswati Goswami Maharaj, the Acharya of Gaudiya Math, in the Math premises at Proctor Road, Chhatra Building, (close to C. M. House) to-day (Saturday), 5-30 p.m. (S.T.). The lecture will be preceded and followed by Sree Nam Sankirtanam.

SHARMISTA BAI VISITS DADAR SCHOOL.

Her Highness Maharani Sharmista Bai Holkar paid a visit to the Indian Education Society's High School for girls, Dadar on Friday afternoon. She witnessed a programme of music and Indian dances, and was pleased with the instruction imparted in the school, and expressed her appreciation of the performances of the girls in music and dancing.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, Shanghai and Japan per S.S. "Manji Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Saturday the 23rd instant.
Superscribed Mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per S.S. "Rizwan" via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-0 p.m. on Monday the 25th instant.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BAND-STAND.

The Band of St. Mary's High School will play the following programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand to-day (Saturday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.):—March Step Lightly Anderson; Overture Morning Noon and Night in Vienna Supper; Valse Miramar Sontini; Rhapsody Slavonic Rhapsody Friedmann; Porte Rico Dance Rosita Misud; Intermezzo Scene in a Persian Market Keteby; Piccolo Solo Cassio-pia Barsotti; Parisian Two Step on The Riviera Van Loan; Gavotte Premier Bonheur Salabert; March Symphonie March Mangini.

EDUCATION WEEK.

An Education Week is being celebrated under the auspices of the Schools Committee in the Hall of the Gilder Tank Building near Grant Road Station. The subject selected for the purpose is Urdu Language and the day fixed for the Urdu Schools falls to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), when Prof. Syed Seral Husain Naqvi will preside. The programme will include an exhibition of charts, models, etc., relating to the subject chosen. The Exhibition will be open to the visitors from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. (B.T.).

WOMEN TO CONDEMN INDIA BILL

Various Associations Will Participate On Feb. 26.

Under the joint auspices of the Bhatia Stree Mandal, Bhagini Samaj, Ganjar Ladies Club, Kurnarika Stree Mandal, Patidar Stree Samaj, and Bramba Kshatriya Mahila Samaj, a mass meeting will be held at the Swadeshi Market Chowk, Kalbadevi, to protest against the India Bill.

1. Guarding European Royalty from Anarchists—by Inspector Harold Brust.
2. "My Million Thrills"—by Major Reed, Big-game Hunter (contd.)
3. Jawaharlal Nehru—A Character sketch by "Coquet e."
4. Impressions of All-India Tour by A University Student.
5. "A Birthday Tragedy"—A complete Short Story.

Besides the above there will be numerous other interesting and instructive articles, and special pages dealing with Cinema, Art, Literature, Sports, Science and about Women, Children, etc., with illustrations throughout, including a coloured illustration on front cover page. 52 pages. Price Ans. 2.

Monthly Flag Salutation At Congress House

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Girgaum District Congress Committee, the monthly Flag Salutation will be performed on Sunday, the 24th instant, at 8 a.m. (S.T.) on the new terrace of the Congress Office Building.

Mr. N. T. Master Vice-President of the B.P.C.C. will unfurl the Flag.

IN "C" WARD.

Under the auspices of the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee the monthly Flag Salutation Ceremony will be performed on Sunday the 24th Feb. at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at committee office, Chhotalal Bhuvan Kalbadevi Road.

TOMORROW'S FLAG SALUTATION IN "A" WARD.

The monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed, at 28 Manoroda Street, Fort, to-morrow (Sunday), at 8 a.m. (S.T.)

"B" Ward Bye-Election To B. P. C. C.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following notification:—

Nominations duly proposed and seconded for one seat to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from Mandvi (B) will be received at the office of the "B" Ward District Congress Committee up to 6 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday, the 24th February 1935.

In case of contest, the election will take place on Sunday, the 3rd March, 1935, from 8 to 12 a.m. and 3 to 7 p.m. (S.T.) at the office of the Mandvi District Congress Committee, whose address is Musjid Bunder Road, Kharek Bazar, Bombay No. 3.

Only those persons who have got themselves enrolled as members in Mandvi Ward prior to 10 a.m. (S.T.) on February 14, 1935, are eligible to vote at this bye-election.

"E" Ward Congress Election Enquiry

The adjourned enquiry into the dispute arising out of (E) Ward Byculla District Congress Committee's election will be held on Sunday, the 24th instant at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, when the President of the Enquiry, Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, will finally hear and record evidence in the above dispute.

The parties to the dispute are requested to note and attend punctually as this will be the last sitting of the enquiry. In case the parties fail to attend award will be given on the evidence already recorded.

MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY OF INDIA.

In connection with the Photo-Cine-Radio Exhibition, the following free public lectures will be delivered at the Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, on the dates specified below at 8 p.m. (S.T.) This will be illustrated by lantern slides and motion picture films will be shown after the lecture:—

To-day (Saturday) on "Television" by Prof. G. R. Paranjpye.
Sunday (24th Feb.) on "Film and Education" by Prof. S. B. Hudlikar.
Monday (25th Feb.) on "India and Film World" by Mr. Debaki Kumar Bose.

Tuesday (26th Feb.) a technical lecture connected with the cinema by Mr. G. Quirbet, Technical Advisor of Messrs. Kodak Ltd.

WOMEN TO CONDEMN INDIA BILL

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The following resolution will be moved. Mrs. Bachufen Thakar will preside and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Hansaben Mehta, Mrs. L'lati Munshi, Miss Maniben Kara, Mrs. Mallinibai Sukhtankar, Mrs. Awantika-bai Gokhalay, Mrs. Gangaben Patel, Sjt. K. F. Nariman and others will speak.

THE RESOLUTION
"This public meeting of the women of Bombay protests against the India Bill and declares that India has a right to frame her own constitution and that no foreign Government has a right to impose any constitution not acceptable to her."

"HELP VILLAGE INDUSTRIES"

Sjt. J. Bajaj's Appeal

Smt. Liavati Munshi writes:—A few days ago the opening ceremony of the Griha Udyoga Mandir at Swadeshi Market was performed by Sjt. Jamnadas Bajaj and the organisers of that Mandir have now arranged to sell hand-ground flour, hand-pounded rice, masalas, and all sorts of grains, mill-pressed oil, hand-prepared jaggery, pure ghee of cows and buffaloes procured from villages, pure honey got from jungles, hand-made paper, pads, envelopes, paper, toys and soaps, etc.

This Griha Udyoga Mandir is working on the lines suggested by the All-India Village Industries Association organised by Mahatma Gandhi and I earnestly appeal to the citizens of Bombay to take full advantage of this industry and thereby help the village industries. "Any information in connection with this Mandir can be had from the organisers of the Griha Udyoga Mandir."

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne lunched with H. H. the Maharaja of Idar at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Friday.

The following were invited to dine at Government House on Friday:—H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla; the Honble Mr. Justice and Mrs. K. W. Barlee; the Honble Mr. Justice and Mrs. H. J. Kania; Sir Mokshgundum Visvesvaraya; Sir Chimanlal Setalvad; Sir Govind and Lady Pradhan; Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Harrison; Mr. and Mrs. A. N. J. de Heredia; Mr. I. H. Taunton; Mr. and Mrs. T. Ahlsand; Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Pals; Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Saklatvala; Lt.-Colonel H. C. Smith; Engineer Commander and Mrs. C. R. L. Bergner; Miss. E. M. McPherson; Mr. E. Gladstone Solomon; Colonel A. H. Barnett; Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. C. Cobb; Mr. W. Botterill; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cruden; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. N. Graham; Dr. and Mrs. A. Karmally; the Rev. W. T. Lindsay; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. McKee; Dr. Mangaldas V. Mehta; Mr. R. A. Khan; Mr. C. N. Moberly; Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Nerurkar; Mrs. K. Shuffi Tyabli; Dr. and Mrs. T. S. Wheeler; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilson and Staff Officer to H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

The Bombay Council

To expect the present Bombay Legislative Council, to throw out any measure brought forward by the Government is only a pleasant dream. The fact that the J.P.C. Report was thrown out by the Provincial Legislature was an exception that proves the rule. Had not some of the members been taken unawares and had the members from Sind been present the J.P.C. Report would have had as much support as the Finance Bill on Thursday. What is interesting about this Council is that there is not a single party worth the name of excepting of course, the group of Sind members, who like the Europeans, generally vote with the Government irrespective of the nature of the proposed measure. On Thursday a few Sind members voted on the popular side. To those who have been visiting the Council for the past one week the reason for the lack of proper opposition was plainly visible. Just to make a show and possibly to reassure their electorate, some members speak against an official measure but when the time for voting comes they drift towards the official group. On Thursday some of the "radical" members of the Council had succeeded in dividing these non-official votes, which generally are cast on the Government's side.

A Washerman's Example

In these hard times of unemployment and retrenchment when every rupee is worth Rs. 10, it is gratifying to note that a local dholi has been challenging competition which is well worth copying by other members of his fraternity. Mr. Jangalaram Thakur Sadar Amin has washed clothes for the King Edward Memorial Hospital at Parel for many years past. The period of his contract expires at the end of this month. Ordinarily tenders are invited for the work by public advertisement but Mr. Jangalaram has carried out his work so satisfactorily since the opening of the hospital in 1926 and his existing rates for washing are so low that the Municipal executive do not expect to get lower rates or better conditions by inviting tenders. He is washing clothes of the hospital at the rate of Rs. 1/4 per 100 pieces. The average rate the dholis charge in the city is one anna per cloth or Rs. 6/4 per 100 pieces. Granting that a dholi may charge even Rs. 5 per 100 the charge of Rs. 1/4 only for 100 cloths by Mr. Jangalaram is certainly very low. He is washing at the average 40,000 clothes of the hospital every month with an outlay of Rs. 500 p.m. If other dholis work on co-operative system and lower their rates, both they and the public will be benefited. Anyway the story of Jangalaram gives food for serious thought to those interested in co-operation to start a laundry on co-operative lines.

BARODA PEOPLES' CONFERENCE

Sessions On March 23, 24 And 25.

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, Feb. 22.
Brisk preparations are in progress for the forthcoming Baroda State Peoples' Conference Session to be held here on March 23, 24, and 25.

About 50 members are enrolled on the reception committee. The organisers have issued an appeal asking for contributions and Baroda, which gave more than Rs. 10,000 for the relief of Gujarati farmers is expected to give good sums towards it. The selection of the President will take place next week. There is every probability of selecting Jummadada Physical Culture place as the site for the Conference. Volunteers are being enrolled briskly.

Girgaum Industrial School For Women

The annual prize distribution gathering of the Industrial School for Women at Girgaum, conducted by the Mahila Seva Mandal of the Social Service League, Bombay, was held on Sunday last at the People's Jinnah Memorial Hall, the Mayor of Bombay, presiding. The function was attended by about 500 women.

An interesting programme consisting of music, dialogues, dramatic pieces and "jezm" drill was gone through and was appreciated by the audience.

The General Secretary of the League, read the report of the work done at the School during the year 1934.

FAMINE IN CEDED DISTRICTS

Appeal For Relief Fund

Mr. V.V. Subba Rao, General Secretary, Andhra Association and Library, writes from Kalyan, regarding the famine now prevailing in Ceded Districts of Madras Presidency:—

"At a meeting held here under the Association's auspices, under the presidency of Prof. Pratapagiri Ramamurthi, it was decided to collect funds towards the Relief Fund for the Ceded Districts and send to those affected areas. Accordingly a very poor sum was collected and sent on 15-2-35 as the first instalment.

"We appeal to the citizens of Bombay and suburbs in general and to the Andhras, Canarees and South Indian brothers of Bombay in particular to help the brethren and sisters of the famine stricken area. The funds may be sent to the Editor, Andhra Patrika, 6 and 7 Thambu Chetty Street Madras, or to the General Secretary, Andhra Association and Library, Kalyan.

Premal's Suspension Removed

The Committee of the Western India Football Association, Ltd., writes to-day that the suspension of Mr. D. Premal (Colaba United) has been removed as from Wednesday (Feb. 13th, 1935), and he is now free to participate in any or all sporting functions.

ANOTHER WARNER BROS. MYSTERY.
That Means It's Another Mystery Hit!

The producers of the great Philo Vance thrillers now bring you **PERRY MASON**, new range of detective fiction!

THE CASE OF THE HOWLING DOG
WILLIAM POWELL
HELEN TRENCHOME
MARY ASTOR
ALLEN JENKINS
DOROTHY FEE
HELEN LOWERY

SEE Why Liberty Magazine's 5 Million Readers Called This the Greatest Detective Story of the Year!

THE CAPITOL
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

HAIL to the ONE and ONLY GARBO...
She will enthrall you in her finest romance!

JARBO
THE Painted Veil
with HERBERT MARSHALL, GEORGE BRENT. A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

2nd FLAMING WEEK! at THE REGAL To-day & To-morrow at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Telephone No. 2287,
Post Box No. 222.

Telegram "Chronicle."
Registered No. B-1008.

The Bombay Chronicle

444 House, Parsi Street, Fort.

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1935

REVISE THE POLICY

The adoption by the Legislative Assembly of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's motion reducing the Budget demand for the Railway Board to one rupee and the large majority of 75 votes against 47 in favour of the motion show the extent of the dissatisfaction in the Assembly at Government's Railway policy. Mr. Desai made it clear that he moved the refusal of supplies to the Railway Board because they "had failed to put Indians in charge of their own economic asset and because they had not spent Indian money for the expansion of Indian industry and to make India self-sufficient but had utilised both for the maintenance of men and methods which they must be asked to account for." The adoption of this motion by the House is a clear endorsement of this charge against the Board. It is true that the Viceroy will certify the demand, practically thrown out by the House; and indeed it is not literally desired by the latter that the Board should go without funds for the new year. But it is certainly desired that the Board and the Government revise their Railway policy on the lines suggested by the Assembly. If, while the demand is certified Government fail so to revise the policy, they will be doubly guilty of pursuing a wrong policy and also of flouting the opinion of the Assembly in correcting that policy.

The Main Charge

The first and foremost charge brought against the Board is that the Railways are not being Indianised fast enough and not made fully responsible to the Indian legislature though, as Mr. Desai pointed out, every pie spent—or mis-spent—on them is paid by India. This charge has been stressed by various speakers during the discussion of the Railway Budget not only this year but for several years past. If the charge has to be repeated every year, it only means that the ground for it continues to exist. If the Railways are fully Indianised and made responsible to the Legislature, there will be decided gain both in efficiency and economy and the whole Railway policy can be made thoroughly national. But these are not the changes that Government appreciate. So they are trying, by the institution of a Statutory Railway Board, to de-

crease rather than increase the responsibility of the Board to the Legislature. And when Mr. Desai protested against this move, Sir N. N. Sircar objected, on a point of order, to any discussion of this point. The President, however, has held that, though a detailed debate cannot be held over the proposed legislation through a cut motion members would be free "to make pressing references to the proposed legislation as a motion for refusal of the grant." The ruling is inconsistent with past practice and we see no reason why on a cut motion the constitutional issue regarding the proposed Railway Authority could not be discussed. References to the legislation are also necessary because the proposed Statutory Board is calculated, if not designed, to perpetuate the very evil that now prevails in Railway administration, namely, the irresponsibility of the Railway Board to the Legislature. Nothing less than the practical rejection of the demand for supplies could indicate the intensity of feeling in the Assembly and in the country on this subject.

Hardy Annuals

Our Delhi Correspondent remarks that most of the Railway grievances discussed by various speakers in the Assembly are "hardy annuals", namely, the grievances of the Third Class passengers, recurrence of deficits, exhaustion of Reserves, and the Depreciation Fund. These are hardy annuals only because the Board is doing little or nothing to remedy the grievances. Even a member like Mr. Morgan admitted that when Mr. Bardoloi stated that on several Railways Third Class passengers "were packed like sardines", he did not at all exaggerate the real conditions. Nor did Mr. V. V. Giri use the language of exaggeration when he remarked that "it was a scandal that Government should have been replying to questions since 1921 that the matter relating to the construction of engines was under consideration." Scandals like these will persist so long as the Railways are not fully Indianised and made wholly responsible to the Legislature. The proposed Statutory Railway Board is calculated to make the position even worse than it is and must, therefore, be opposed tooth and nail.

Film Problems

The Photo-Cine-Radio Exhibition, opened this week by Sir M. Visvesvaraya, has succeeded in arousing public interest in questions affecting the prospects of the film industry in India. The Motion Picture Society of India, responsible for this venture, has thus, once more, added to the pioneering efforts now made to raise the industry to the high level it has obtained in the West. The Exhibition at the Town Hall should not fail to interest the lay visitor who wants to know something first-hand about the manufacture of films. Mr. B. V. Jadhav, President of the Society, on the occasion of the opening ceremony reviewed the activities of the Society. Although the review seemed in some points to be overdrawn, it was, on the whole, fairly indicative of the work accomplished by the Society. Sir M. Visvesvaraya's speech, naturally, surveyed a less lop-sided field than the one noticed by the President of the Society. He was happy to see the Society working for the removal of the handicaps, in the shape of tariffs and taxes, to the growing industry. But he distinguished his speech by pointed reference to the production in India of raw films machinery and educational pictures. There was another aspect of the industry to which he drew opportune attention. He pleaded for the improvement of the conditions of work and of the intellectual and social atmosphere in the Indian studios. These two important aspects of the manifold problems of

Indian film industry awaiting solution seem to have remained unmentioned in the review by the President as well as in the discussion of the Convention sponsored by the Society.

It is now beginning to be recognised that the film as an instrument of national education, art and culture has potentialities, without responsible guidance, more for infinite harm than for tangible benefit to the people. Consequently, if there is need, as there is unquestionably so, for a national policy in regard to the production, distribution, and exhibition of films—the policy must be formulated by truly representative national bodies, not by a "semi-official" body "set up at the instance of the Central Government." The Motion Picture Society of India, if it aspires to represent national aspirations, must seek to educate public opinion so formulate that policy. The Society should more-over, place before the public the specific grievances, such as those the industry is said to suffer at the hands of the Censorship Boards in the various provinces before it can with justice claim from the public support to its demand to nominate a representative on the Boards. The Society has already rendered helpful service in claiming concessions from the Government to which it is legitimately entitled. It should not be too much to expect that it will be equally vigilant about the film problems outlined here, some of which were mentioned by Sir M. Visvesvaraya.

Father And Sons' Sins

Sir Henry Craik achieved another characteristically bureaucratic, shall we say, triumph on Wednesday when he defended the new rule relating to the sons

and dependents of Government servants and politics. Government received from Bengal "specific instances"—they were not specified by the Home Member in

PROSPEROUS INDIA

From Politics To Potatoes

(BY N. H. PANDEIA, M.A., LL.B.)
III.

In concluding the second article in this series, I put to myself the question: Is there any way for Indians to remedy the evil consequences of the drain and remove or alleviate the terrible poverty? I confess that I have no key to fit locks that will open the door to making ten thousand a year. But I venture to point out a way to happiness.

What is happiness? The declaration of Pericles in his great funeral oration holds good to-day. He said: "Happiness is Freedom, and Freedom is Courage." Courage and energy are essential to creative force, inspiring young men and women to noble action. There should be added to courage, ambition, thought, patience and unconquerable hope.

Lost Virtues. The fine qualities of simplicity and cleanliness of life, devout and vigorous endeavour in action, and truthfulness and fair dealing in all transactions with our fellow-men, that characterised our ancient civilisation, have almost disappeared, leaving us like hot-sam and jetsam in mid ocean, the play things of every wind and wave. There is to-day a decay of the healthy principles of our ancient civilisation, which are eating into the very vitals of nation-building. In particular there is to-day a decay of the individual's sense of respectability which strikes at the root of the country's advance. In such condition, the storm from the West has burst on us, making us turn and twist to its tunes. It is only the recapture of our lost qualities, before it is too late, that can keep us in existence.

We have to make a beginning from the lowest rung of the ladder. Tackling the entire Indian problem is beyond the capacity of one man or woman. Let us, therefore, break the problem into as many pieces as there are men and women in the country, and let each one of us do his and her part in helping the solution of the whole. Let us not look to right or to left, to West or to North. Straight in front of us is our own path of duty and let us follow it, with hope and trust in Providence. Heaven helps those who help themselves.

Common Conduct. We cannot jump to success. We have to work up to it. In order to achieve it, we have to give up lassitude and our defeatist attitude, and evince sturdy individualism, select a mode and start with a small venture and then concentrate on it, putting forth all our faculties to advance it. We have to overcome difficulties, to exercise ingenuity and tact, absorb fresh ideas from which ever source emanating, and never despairing, work our way, in the long run, to success. "Impossibility" was never written in a young man's dictionary. It is false to say that the laws of economics rule the world. Given the people's will it can fashion such laws of economics as it likes. Society can make its own law of economics, without the aid of legislatures. Such is the force of common conduct.

Public opinion can do a great (Continued on Page 3).

the Assembly—of dependents of Government servants taking part in political activities. And they promptly got the Secretary of State to amend the rules so that Government servants are now forbidden "to permit" any relative or dependent "to take part in or in any way assist any movement or activity which is or tends directly or indirectly to be subversive of Government as by law established in India." The definition of political activities is, as is already well-known, so vague and sweeping that they mean anything. What is worse is that the term "to permit" can connote any attitude on the part of the unfortunate servant short of disowning and otherwise completely boycotting their relatives and dependents who may be guilty, in spite of the Government servant concerned, of taking part in political activity that is not definitely pro-Government.

Apart even from the wide sweep of the rule, is it even otherwise fair in principle? Is a Stanley Baldwin to be condemned because an Oliver Baldwin is doing his best to usher in Socialism which is subversive of the very order of Society in England? When the question was asked if Government subscribed to the principle that the sins of sons should be visited upon the father, no answer was given. This graceful silence on the part of Sir Henry Craik is a devastating commentary on the new indivisible rule.

OUR TOKYO LETTER

Foreign Minister Hirota Plans To Visit China To Promote Asiatic Unity

From Our Own Correspondent

(From Our Correspondent).

TOKYO, Jan. 25. That Hirota plans to visit China to win over the Chinese to secure unity of Asia and break the white man's monopoly was the most sensational news of the week, but no confirmation was given at the Foreign Office yesterday of the revived report, appearing in the "Yomiuri," that Foreign Minister, Koki Hirota, plans to go to China in the autumn, possibly October, to promote Sino-Japanese joint efforts for the maintenance of peace in the Far East. The Foreign Office spokesman remarked that the newspapers are always sending missions abroad and making diplomatic appointments.

According to the "Yomiuri," the Foreign Minister means to concentrate this year on improvement of relations with China and co-operation with it in breaking the hegemony of the white man in Asia.

China's Duty

The Powers base their China policies on the open door and non-intervention in China's internal affairs. These principles, according to the journal, set at naught the prestige of the Republic, and the unequal treaties embodying them should be liquidated to end the domination of the Europeans in China. In the efforts of China for self-regeneration Japan will give every possible support ungrudgingly. China, the paper continues,

must understand, however, that its traditional practice of utilizing one Power to check another will not help it in the long run. It must realize that Japan and China are inter-dependent and must co-operate with Japan in maintaining peace in the Far East. If the Nanking Government will devote itself to achievement of Sino-Japanese co-operation, Japan will not be slow to support General Chiang Kai-shek in the cause of Oriental Peace.

An Optimistic Picture

The paper claims that Foreign Minister Hirota has had the authorities of the Foreign Office sound the intentions of the Nanking Government and has been informed that an overture from Japan will be welcomed. This has strengthened his resolve to devote himself to the maintenance of peace and the self-regeneration of China in 1935.

The Foreign Minister has been awaiting an opportunity to turn Sino-Japanese relations into more favourable channels. Developments in Japan's international relations are such that this opportunity seems near at hand. Japanese-Soviet relations are soon to be greatly improved by amicable settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway question. There is not likely to be trouble over Japan's retention of the mandated islands in the South Seas when it leaves the League of Nations. No trouble, it has be-

come clear, is going to result from denunciation of the Washington naval treaty.

If, the "Yomiuri" concludes, China shows sincerity in understanding Japan's motives and is ready to strive for regeneration of Asia, Mr. Hirota will call back to Tokyo the Japanese Minister to China, Mr. Akira Ariyoshi, for consultation on concrete measures for dealing with the Nanking Government.

I may add that Mr. Hirota till he became foreign minister was a prominent member of the Pan Asia League and he sincerely believes in the unity of Asiatic nations.

Science Fights Famine

The Japanese press is indulging in a lot of fanciful whims concerning the rehabilitation of Tohoku. The cause of the rice crop failure is said to be the abnormal weather, and there is a suggestion that the paddy fields be electrically heated. The feat may be possible, but it will hardly be a paying proposition. Then the navy has been asked to lend three planes for the purpose of studying wind currents, though how aeroplane pilots can study the wind when cruising along at a hundred miles an hour is not explained. Even should their unorthodox research be successful it is still not apparent what can be done about it. Is it proposed to build electrically controlled screens all along the coast, so that bitter winds (Continued on page 9.)

Frankly Speaking

THE SOVIET NOTE

The Soviet Note to M. Laval is timely and deserves to prove effectively helpful. Its strong advocacy of the Eastern Security Pact as "an essential and an integral part of an indivisible European peace guarantee" ought to serve as a moral support and encouragement to M. Laval in his pursuit of peace in Europe. And it is obviously true that if the Pact is abandoned, not in favour of some better substitute, but in the inevitable reaction will be that Europe will be thrown into a state of chaos, each individual power thinking exclusively and feverishly of itself regardless of consequences—which infallibly arise out of alarmist anxieties—to the rest of Europe.

A HINT TO GERMANY

The Soviet Note will also be of assistance in negotiations with Germany. Its value lies not so much in the welcome it accords to Anglo-French proposals as in its reference to an obvious but very important fact. Pacts of mutual assistance, it points out, are now actively supported by the Soviet, France, Italy, the Little Entente and the Balkan entente containing 75 per cent of the whole population of Europe and it is difficult to suppose that such a minority is unable to strengthen peace through the measures of which it is uniformly in favour. This is a significant, timely and very useful hint to Germany and, as we say, deserves to prove effective.

FRESH INJUSTICE.

Fresh injustice seems to be in store for the Indian community in South Africa. The Transvaal Licensing Ordinance is regarded by the South African Indian Congress as a menace to the trading activities of the Transvaal Indians as it deprives them of the right to appeal to the Supreme Court. The Congress also objects to the Pretoria Asiatic Bazaar regulations as being a "retrograde measure and humiliating to the Indian community." The Government of India should realise that such measures are a humiliation as much to themselves as to the Indian community. The Imperial Citizenship Association will do well to secure full information about these grievances of the Indians in Transvaal.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE.

One of the speakers in the Assembly expressed surprise that even the vague and moderate

amendment of Mr. Joshi regarding unemployment insurance and couched in moderate language which Government liked should have been opposed by them. Surprise apart, Government's opposition fully exposes their profession of sympathy for the poor. Mr. Ciock complacently trotted out stock arguments and forgot that none of them applied to Mr. Joshi's plea to make a beginning with the workers in Railway and Government factories. No wonder that inspired by apathy the Government should solemnly argue as the "piece de resistance" of their case that the circumstances of the country did not justify the scheme of insurance. In other words the poor must suffer, Government owing no obligations to them. We are not surprised at Government's opposition nor at the opposition offered by Sir Cawasji Jehangir who, a true and faithful member of his class, cannot think in higher terms than Japan and sweated labour. But we are certainly astonished at Mr. M. A. Jinnah walking into the Government lobby when only a few days previously he was assuring Muslim students that he realised the pathetic condition of "the masses" and felt for them. Mr. Jinnah's choice of the right lobby by would have made all the difference to the ultimate decision. Even the President gave more substantial proof of his sympathy for which we heartily congratulate him.

NECESSARY EXPENDITURE.

The Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation needed at least Rs. 31,18,000 for its growing needs, but the Standing Committee with its queer notions of economy granted only Rs. 29,80,000 for a most important civic responsibility like education. The Corporation, however, finally granted Rs. 30,70,000 as a compromise. It would have done well to grant the full sum demanded, as it was necessary to meet the growing cost of a steadily increasing number of students, from 52,000 in 1930 to 70,000 in 1935. Due economy has already been effected in the schools and the cost per pupil has been brought down from Rs. 54 to Rs. 50 and it is expected the cost will further be reduced soon to Rs. 43. But the Commissioner's suggestion that more economy could be effected by huddling 60 children in one class is inconsistent with even a tolerable standard of efficiency. The Corporation is entitled to expect from the Schools Committee ra-

pid extension of primary education but it must be prepared at the same time to foot the growing bill.

UNFAIR CONDITIONS

Mr. Philip Spratt, who had been detained during the last two months in the Yeravda Jail, is reported to have been removed to Belgaum and interned there with orders not to have any correspondence with any political or labour worker or workers. Mr. Spratt is an Englishman and has no relatives in India. But he has been ordered to live in a town where he has no friends even. More, complete stranger as he is in Belgaum, he is, it is reported, not allowed contact, even by correspondence, with his colleagues and friends. We do not believe in the principle and policy of detention and internment. But, would it not be more fair and more humane to deport him if Government insist that he cannot be allowed freedom in India?

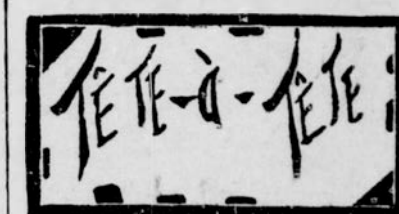
-PRESS VIEWS-

Jinnah-Prasad Talks

Very few believe that anything is likely to come out of the parties between Mr. Jinnah and the Congress President. On the other hand fears are entertained that the Congress may again "let down the Hindus" in negotiating with such an astute communalist as Mr. Jinnah. While we have neither hopes nor anxieties regarding talks, we might suggest that they may better be left to take their own course instead of being hampered by criticisms from the press or the public. If Babu Rajendra Prasad thinks that it will serve any purpose to try for a settlement, there is no need to anticipate any new disaster. For, at least the Hindus ought to realise that their position cannot be made worse than what it is under the Communal Award—"Hitavada".

In Baluchistan

One of the resolutions passed by the All-India Muslim Conference demanded that the people of Baluchistan be granted the privileges of citizenship. It is not so much the formal attire of constitutional life, such as the creation of Baluchistan into a province or the appointment of a minister or the charge of transferred subjects, that is demanded, as an admission that the people of the province have every right to enjoy the comforts of a civilized form of administration. The Baluchis are at present debarred from claiming these privileges through constant emphasis being placed upon their being not an integral section of the country, but a number of quarrelsome tribes held together by the political Agent Cen-



SIR S. HOARE'S REPLY

"Dangerous to Leave Centre Unreformed!"—Bori Bunder. Does the "Centre" need reformation? What a shockingly seditious and subversive suggestion!

"Mr. Isaac Foot argued" in the Committee of the Commons, "that Indians had had full opportunities of making their voice heard in the past seven years."

Rather decent of the man to have allowed his conscience to butt in and stop him at "heard."

But he quickly made amends to the god of Liberal Imperialism by suggesting that the Indian Legislature was "certainly unrepresentative of Indian opinion and without a mandate on the bill."

Yes, yes, "without a mandate on the bill" too!

A Labour Member is reported to have declared in the Committee of the Commons that the Labour Party, if in power, would appoint a Socialist as the Viceroy of India.

We earnestly hope not. If the threat were to materialise, a more or less real Socialist were so appointed, it say, Their Excellencies Comrade and Mrs. Morgan Jones (to say nothing of Comrade and Mrs. James Maxton) were installed in the Viceroy's House with their proletarian ideas of life, living, and etiquette, politico-social Society in India would be thrown into chaos.

Consider what will happen to: (1) The frock-coated gentry that is always eager for an interview or an invitation to luncheon or dinner whereat to talk in terms of its "natural leadership" of India.

(2) The Zemindars, Taluqdars, commercial magnates and mill-owners who always make a point of, and are used to, discussing their problems with His Excellency on the basis of certain sympathetic postulates.

(3) The hosts at "At Homes" and Garden Parties.

(4) The organisers of Horse Shows, Dog Shows, etc.

(5) Their Highnesses the Ruling Princes, Shikhar Parties and banquets.

(6) The draftsmen of welcome addresses and finally

(7) The Special Correspondent of the "Times of India."

In fact, the whole of the ideology, all the accepted basic principles of contact and conversation etc., will turn topsy-turvy.

Why, such a calamity will not leave unaffected even Governors, the I.C.S., the I.M.S.—imagination simply boggles at the horrible idea of a "Socialist" being appointed the Viceroy.

But, thank heavens, Labour in power always realises its "Imperial" responsibilities in preference to the low proletarian principles of Socialism. It will make its choice with care and wisdom.

According to a Delhi report, the unity talks appear to Bhairi Parmasand, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, to be bogus and he does not find any truth or sincerity in them.

Since Sir Md. Yaqub has already denounced them on behalf of the other camp, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Jinnah can now go ahead with a clear conscience.

"Father" of Andamans Dead, says a headline.

A sad tragedy undoubtedly. But it's a consoling thought that the "sons" of the Andamans are quite alive, doing fine and very well looked-after.

It is suggested in New Delhi that on his retirement, Sir Joseph Shore will be appointed to succeed Sir B. N. Mitra as High Commissioner in London for India.

We welcome the suggestion. No other job could be more appropriate for him nor could any one else be more appropriate for the job. It would re-assure Lancashire too—if, that is to say, Lancashire needs to be further reassured at all.

By the way, we strongly urge—the "Service," i.e., the I.C.S., permitting—that the post in the Executive Council that will fall vacant on Sir Joseph's retirement should be filled up by Mr. H. P. Mody.

sorship of the strictest kind overrules all possibility of feelings in the matter, receiving publicity and sympathy in other parts of the country—"Hindustan Times".

Sir Joseph Bhore's Confession In Assembly

Admits Whitehall Dictates Railway Policy

Assembly Refuses To Vote Supplies To Board

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22. The Legislative Assembly met to-day for voting on "Railway Demands for Grants." The attendance was large partly because of the interest roused by a cut against the Railway Board and partly because of instructions by whips as a result of yesterday's division crisis. The public galleries also were full.

The President announced that an understanding has been arrived at between the parties regarding the discussion of certain cuts during the four days.

Mr. N. M. Joshi objected to the understanding unless at least half a day was allowed for ventilating the grievances of the Railway Employees.

Sir Joseph Bhore moved the Railway Board Demand.

INTOXICATION OF POWER

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, the Leader of the Opposition, moved a reduction of the demand to one rupee. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that he felt a certain embarrassment at hearing the compliments from the opposite benches because dictation or no dictation, reason or no reason, the Government in its intoxication of power, does what it chooses to. He protested at the kind of response from the Government to the vote of the House. In all discussion in the House there were two complexes. "Firstly whenever this side of the House makes a proposition its result is political influence. Secondly, whenever the other side moves a proposition it is entirely free from emotions and is governed by economic principles."

HISTORY OF RAILWAYS

Mr. Desai reminded the House of the history of the Railways. Lord Dalhousie introduced them for military and political purposes and politics meant the retention of power by the Government and objection to its devolution to Indians. The Government's reaction to the Government's reaction was nothing else than the retention of actual political power indicated by the Railway policy. The Opposition side of the House need not, therefore, apologise for trying to use political influence as a necessary corrective for the greatest national asset and he asserted that objective in no unequivocal terms.—(Applause)

TRIPLE PURPOSE

Continuing Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that the railways served a triple purpose, first political and military, second, expansion of the country and thirdly of the greatest assistance to British industry received from any foreign country in the shape of purchase of goods produced in England. Every penny of the 800 crores of investment and every penny of the running expenses of hundreds of crores, per year were paid by the Indian tax-payers and not by those opposite who travelled with free passes. "In some form or other," he said, "we Indians and not 'we' of the Government maintain these railways and we insist on our claim to manage the railways and determine their policy. (Applause). And the evidence of the feeling of the House can be gauged from the 340 odd cuts given notice of."

STATUTORY BOARD

Mr. Desai recalled the Simon Report and its proposal for the constitution of a Ministry of Transport so that the Railways might become responsible to the people of this country, but the

Government of India gave a new direction by its despatch in 1930 in which they proposed the establishment of a Statutory Board in India. Among the Government of India's reasons for such a course were

(A) rendering prompt and adequate service to the military authorities in times of political crisis,

(B) safeguarding the enormous capital sunk in the Indian Railways,

(C) guarantee service of higher railway officers appointed by the Secretary of State for India,

(D) ensure the future recruitment of Europeans on military and other grounds, and

(E) maintenance of interests of Anglo-Indian Community in the Railway Services.—(Laughter.)

THIS CO-OPERATION!

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai continued: "We are asked to come here in a spirit of co-operation. What is the meaning of that co-operation? Is it that we should sing Hallelujah and say 'you have a monopoly of wisdom and power and you may show no response to what we say? We asked for Railways to be made responsible to this House and you propose to take it out of our control." Mr. Desai said that this matter was never discussed at the R.T.C. and was sprung upon the Federal Structure Committee.

SIRCAR RAISES POINT OF ORDER

Sir N. N. Sircar, the Leader of the House, raised a point of order, stating that only a limited discussion could take place at this stage as laid down by previous rulings.

Mr. Desai said the motion having been made no point of order could arise, but only a point of relevance.

The President asked Sir N. N. Sircar to direct his remarks to the question of relevance. Sir N. N. Sircar quoted a number of rulings in the past and also Mr. Maye's Parliamentary Practice, stating that there was a definite distinction between the stage of general discussion and the stage of supply and that at this stage Mr. Desai could discuss only the administration of existing laws and criticise the administration and that questions regarding legislation, foreign domination, politics and military policy did not arise.

The President took note of the points raised by the Leader of the House and as it was a quarter to one he adjourned the House for an hour and half.

NOT TAKEN CUT

After lunch Mr. Desai referring to Sir N. N. Sircar's point of order recalled the attention of the House to the debate held in the Assembly last year on a cut motion of Mr. Gayaprasad Singh raising the question of policy underlying the proposed creation of the Statutory Railway Authority. On that occasion the Government did not raise any objection and were indeed prepared to accommodate the Opposition and after discussion, the motion was allowed to be withdrawn. That showed that the Government agreed last year that this was a proper subject for discussion and no objection was raised. The Law Member had stated that the question of the future Railway Authority could have been raised in the general discussion. But Mr. Desai maintained that that would have been futile, as there was no voting during general discussion.

The question now before the Assembly was not a token cut, but a refusal of supplies in order to emphasise that the present Railway Board had survived its purpose and some other machinery must be set up and if so to consider what that machinery should be.

FIRST PRESIDENT'S RULING

Mr. Jinnah supported Mr. Desai's point and said that ever since 1924 there had been innumerable precedents in support of the procedure followed by the Assembly, which he said, was different from Parliament. There was no use quoting Parliamentary practice. He recalled that in 1924 Sir Frederick Whyte, the President, ruled that it was open to the House to discuss the attitude and policy of Government with regard to constitutional reforms on a cut motion like this.

OBJECTION UPHOLD

The President, Sir Abdur Ra-

him, in upholding Sir N. N. Sircar's objection said that there was no substantial distinction between a point of order raised in the ordinary way and the question as to the relevancy of a particular speech. The Chair had looked up all the references quoted and found that they established Sir N. N. Sircar's point that discussion on a motion for reduction of a grant like this must be confined to the question of administration under the existing act and not be a discussion of any proposed legislation on the subject. Mr. Desai had referred to the 1934 debate, but on that occasion no point of order was raised and no objection was taken to such a discussion on a motion for reduction of a grant in the Railway Budget. Apparently Government for purposes of expediency or convenience did not raise any such objection and the discussion was allowed to proceed.

ESTABLISHED PRACTICE

It seemed to the Chair that the practice had been well established that general questions of policy might be raised in the course of general discussion on the Railway Budget or in the case of the general budget on the Finance Bill, but when motions for reduction of a particular grant came up only questions of administration could be discussed. The Chair, therefore, held that discussion of any proposed legislation regarding the Railway Authority would not be in order on this motion. At the same time the Chair would give liberty to members to make passing references to the proposed legislation as a motive for refusal of the grant.

VICIOUS CIRCLE

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai resuming his speech after three-quarters of an hour taken for the discussion of the point of order said that he would describe the manner in which the Railway Board had been administering the asset of the Indian people for the last thirty years and would establish the need for substitution for it of an authority that would serve the purpose better. A Government speaker had told the Assembly in the past that if the Railways were put in charge of Indians every single train would be derailed. Earl Lytton had stated:—"We don't employ Indians more because they are not qualified. They are not qualified because we don't employ them." (Applause) Mr. Desai said that this vicious circle had been created to deprive Indians of the management of their own asset. The House must continue to condemn a Government, which kept Indians out of the management of the Railways. Indians did not lack talent. The speaker had been counsel of the G. I. P., B. & C. I. and E. I. Railways and had pleaded their case so that their point of view could prevail (Applause). It was the method of administration which had kept Indians out which must be condemned.

THE FACT OF THE MATTER

He asked Government to read Sir M. Vishveshwaraya's book on the "Ten Year Plan" and see how Railways could be utilized for India's industrial prosperity. There was a speaker on the Government side who once said that if he had complete charge of the Railway and Tariff policy he would be able to Indianise the whole of the industry in ten years. The fact of the matter was that Indian money was used for placing orders in England and Government had two faces one towards the Britisher to whom it said that the safeguards would be used and the other towards Indians to whom it said that safeguards would not be used. Mr. Desai said:—"We want a direct deal. I don't mind a naked, irresponsible, despotic Government (Applause). It is this supposed devotion of power without real devotion that I protest against."

REFUSAL OF SUPPLY

Concluding Mr. Desai said he moved the refusal of supply to the Railway Board because the Board had failed to put Indians in charge of their own economic asset and because they had not spent Indian money for the expansion of Indian industry and to make India self-sufficient, but had utilized both for the maintenance of men and ends which they must be asked to account for.

ZIAUDDIN PULLED UP

Dr. Ziauddin said that at first he was enamoured of the Railway Board but, reading more closely, he became enamoured of

COMMUNIST LEADERS SENTENCED

Germany Will Stage Another Mass Trial Of 200 Suspects

BERLIN, Feb. 21. About 200 alleged Communists are shortly to be tried by the Reich Court, mostly on charges of high treason.

The accused were arrested at Hamburg a year ago with three leaders who are to-day sentenced to terms of penal servitude ranging from three to four years.

The President of the court described them as "extremely dangerous persons, trying to rebuild the communist party which was smashed by the National Socialist Government."

According to the findings of the court Karl Rattai, the principal accused, underwent three years military and political training in Moscow, returning to Germany in 1933 to take charge of "illegal news propaganda machinery in Hamburg."—Reuter's Special.

"FATHER" OF ANDAMANS DEAD

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb. 22

The death has occurred of Mr. Maurice Vidal Portman, aged 74. He joined the Royal Indian Marine when 16, and for some time commanded the Viceroy's yacht.

From 1879 onwards he was identified with the Andaman Islands, of which he is termed "father."

the new Railway Authority to be created.

The Chairman drew the speaker's attention to his ruling that questions concerning the Statutory Railway Board should not be discussed.

Dr. Ziauddin then enumerated the shortcomings of the present Board. He said that the Financial Commissioner, being the watchdog of the Finance Department and the taxpayer should help the Legislature in pointing out defects in the Railway policy, but instead he defended the Board on the floor of the House. The Railway Board had done nothing to amalgamate Railway lines which numbered 174 divided into eleven categories. The British Government under the Railway Act of 1921 combined their constituent companies numbering 91 into four units and they were now thinking of combining them all into one unit. He said that the divisional system was unnecessarily expensive and urged its substitution by the District system. He referred to the grievances of Railway employees, particularly on the North-Western, East Bengal and East Indian Railways.

PERILOUS LIMIT

Sir Henry Gidney referred to the divisional system on the railways, which he criticised as lacking in human touch, as under it, officials knew very little of their subordinates. He thought that the reduction in the scales of pay had been carried to a perilous limit and uttered a note of warning against the dangers of any further reduction of the scales of pay, while work was daily increasing. He joined in the general complaint against the Railway Board not arranging for the manufacture of railway materials in India and against sending orders every year to other countries, while in India there was enormous scope for manufacturing them and plenty of people.

Concluding he repeated the charge that the Agents of Railways flouted the orders of the Railway Board.

RESERVED NO SUPPLY

Sardar Mangal Singh congratulated Mr. Desai on having ably presented the case of the country on the question. The speaker said that the Board deserved to be given no supplies as its policy had not been advantageous to the development of industries or agriculture. The salaries of officers were very high and should be reduced.

BHORE'S CONFESSION

Sir Joseph Bhore did not deny that in the matter of training Indians in the management of railways there had been delay. Indeed, this had been admitted by Sir Charles Innes years ago. But it was not the Railway Board that initiated that policy. It was unfair to condemn the Railway Board for carrying out the policy laid down for them. That policy had been laid down

WILEY POST AT IT AGAIN

Will Test Stratospherical Possibilities For Commercial 'Planes

(Special Cable)
LOS ANGELES, Feb. 22. The famous one-eyed aviator, Wiley Post, started on his stratosphere flight to New York in the Winnie Mae machine wherein he has twice flown round the world. He is equipped with an oxygen suit and expects to at an altitude of 45,000 feet and to reach a speed of 350 miles per hour.

The flight is chieftly to test the stratospherical possibilities for commercial aeroplanes.

SHORT-LIVED EXPLOIT

Wiley Post's attempted exploit was short-lived. He had to land near the Muroc Lake, 125 miles from Los Angeles. The plane was not materially damaged.

TROUBLE BREWING IN HAVANA

(SPECIAL CABLE)

HAVANA, Feb. 22

The situation remains very troubled. Communists are believed to be responsible for setting fire to 100 railway trucks at Jorellanos.

A railway bridge was badly damaged by a bomb at Cienfuegos. Public school teachers and university students have struck on the ground of Government neglect.

BRITISH SHIPPING BILL PASSED

LONDON, Feb. 21.

The Shipping Bill passed third reading in the House of Lords. The bill awaits the royal assent.—Reuter.

for them by somebody else.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir: Who is that somebody?

Sir Joseph: The policy has been the policy of the Secretary of State for a long time.

Sir Cowasji: Then whom do you represent?

Sir Joseph: I represent the Government of India.

Proceeding Sir Joseph Bhore, emphasised that even in this matter of Indianisation, substantial progress had been made. Allegations of a general nature could be met only by actual study of figures. Mr. Desai had said that because the public contributed several crores annually, therefore, they had a claim to a controlling voice in the management of the railways. If that argument was to apply, then he (speaker) might claim a voice in the management of every shop at which he made purchases.

Proceeding Sir Joseph maintained that the revenues of the Railways were payments or service rendered.

Mr. Desai interrupting said that the Railways were a co-operative store.

HONEST DIFFERENCES

Referring to the allegation that the Railways of India had done nothing to assist agriculture and industry, Sir Joseph said that there might be honest difference of opinion on this point between both sides. But Railways were a commercial concern and Sir Joseph quoted from a statement made last year that assistance to industries or agriculture, if any, should be directly made, so that the measure of assistance and the principle of it might be examined from time to time by Government and the legislatures. Sir Joseph did not claim that the Railway Board was the best organisation. But a few defects were no reason why the Board should be abolished or be refused supplies.

STORES PURCHASE

Referring to Sir Henry Gidney's complaint that railway materials were not made in India, Sir Joseph promised to make a full statement when the House came to discuss a specific motion, for he would show that a substantial effect had given to the views expressed in this matter by Mr. B. Das. As for Mr. Jinnah's attitude, Sir Joseph quoted from Mr. Jinnah's speech in the Assembly in 1925 in which he had refused to walk into the same lobby with Pandit Motilal Nehru. Sir Joseph hoped that Mr. Jinnah would do the same this year.

Mr. Jinnah nodded dissent and was heard to remark: "Sir Joseph Bhore is quoting me in the same way as he quoted Abraham Lincoln."

Sir Joseph Bhore retorted: "Mr. Jinnah's words are in the report of the Assembly debates and I have not omitted one word."

The House divided and carried Mr. Desai's motion by 76 to 47. The Assembly then adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

Austrian Chancellor Reaches Paris

Socialists And Communists Join In Hostile Demonstrations

800 Preventive Arrests Of Youths Made

(SPECIAL CABLE)

PARIS, Feb. 21.

The train by which Dr. Schuschnigg, the Austrian Chancellor, travelled from Vienna, arrived at 9-11 p.m. without him.

Dr. Schuschnigg, with the Austrian Foreign Minister, had left the train outside Paris, and motored to a hotel with M. Laval and M. Flandin, in view of the threatened hostile demonstration outside the "Gare de Lest," where over 800 preventive arrests were made, mostly of youths who responded to the Socialist and Communist summons to demonstrate against the Austrian Chancellor.

COURTESY VISIT

Dr. Schuschnigg's visit is to be regarded, primarily, as an act of courtesy, similar to his recent visit to Signor Mussolini. But the Franco-Austrian conversations fit in with the framework of the vast European negotiations started by the recent Anglo-French agreement as the Danubian part of a pact for the proposed security of the structure.

Before the arrival of Dr. Schuschnigg, M. Laval conferred successively with the British, Soviet, German, Italian and Polish Ambassadors.

LOOKED LIKE FORTRESS

An hour before Dr. Schuschnigg was due to arrive in Paris this evening, the police arrested 500 people in the neighbourhood of the "Gare de Lest," because they did not obey quickly enough the police order to move on. Hitherto, no incident is reported.

The "Gare de Lest" looked like a fortress, as everywhere steel-helmeted mobile guards on duty armed with rifles formed a complete and impenetrable ring outside the station.

TRADING IN WHITE PEPPER

Final Agreement Will Be Reached To-day

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Feb. 22

After to-day's meeting of the pepper trade, it is announced that negotiations with the Dutch shippers progressed satisfactorily. The final agreement is likely to be reached to-morrow, when the committee hopes to be able to announce the price for the resumption of trading in white pepper.

"HOOD"—"RENOVN" COLLISION COURTS MARTIAL

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, February 22.

The Court Martial in connection with the collision of "Hood" and "Renown" will begin at Portsmouth on the 26th instant.

Vice-Admiral Astley-Rushton will preside over the first court; Rear Admiral Charles Ramsey over the second court and Rear Admiral Francis Tottenham over the third. Nearly 30 Rear Admirals and Captains have been summoned to attend to form the courts.

The "Renown" with Bailey arrived this morning. It is expected her repairs will take three months.

INDIAN AGENT WELCOMED IN SOUTH AFRICA

"Real Govt. Of Country Lies With Europeans" Says Raza Ali

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 22.

The new Indian Agent was welcomed on arrival here by the Transvaal Indian Congress. The Mayor welcoming Syed Raza Ali hoped to see the day when every Indian, subject to the usual conditions, would become a fully fledged citizen.

Syed Raza Ali said he appreciated the difficulty and delicacy of his task. His work lay with both sections, the Europeans as well as the Indians. South Africa was one of the most important democracies of the British Commonwealth. The real Government of the country lay with the European people. The Indians often complained of the unsympathetic attitude of certain statesmen, but the most powerful of these statesmen could not long impose their will upon the people. It will, therefore, be my duty to ascertain fully the grievances and aspirations of my people and to place them before the European voters who constitute the real Government of this land.—Reuter's Special.

RESPONSIBILITY

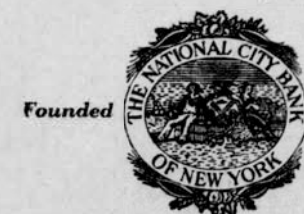
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Bombay's Next Mayor

UNFAIR PROPAGANDA AGAINST MR. NARIMAN

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Unfair propaganda appears to be carried on against Mr. K. F. Nariman's candidature for Bombay's Mayoralty. The public of Bombay and the Corporation in particular need not be told about Mr. Nariman's services to the city and to the country. As a corporator he has fought many a battle on behalf of the rate-payer without fear or any consideration of favour. In order to injure Mr. Nariman's chances the question of the King's Silver Jubilee is being unnecessarily raised by those who do not wish to see Mr. Nariman being elected as the Mayor of Bombay. It is argued that Mr. Nariman as a Congressman might not deal with the matter fairly and that he might allow party considerations to influence his attitude as Mayor. This is hardly fair to Mr. Nariman. Mr. Nariman in his public career must have presided over many meetings and public organisations but there is not a single occasion on which he has been known to have been unfair in his rulings. His repeated election as President of the B.P.C.C. shows to what extent he enjoys public confidence and the confidence of those with whom he has to work. Assuming for a moment that the fear entertained about Mr. Nariman is genuine, the same fear may be legitimately entertained about another candidate belonging to any other party in the Corporation, and the argument that Mr. Nariman may be biased by his opinions can be pointed out against any other candidate with equal force. In actual practice, however, the Mayor has only to abide by whatever the Corporation decides by a majority, and, therefore, all talk about partiality or unfairness on anybody's part is merely an attempt at mischievous propaganda to injure the candidate's chances of election. The Corporators, therefore, will do well not to allow themselves to be influenced by such propaganda and to decide the question entirely on merits. Mr. Nariman's services and his capacity to work and fight with courage for the citizen need no recommendation. Mr. Nariman's election as the Mayor of Bombay should, as a matter of recognition of his services, meet with no opposition at all.—Yours, etc.,

ERACHSHAW R. HIRJI,
BEHEDIN,
Kaiser Chambers,
Town Hall Road,
Fort, Bombay.

Mr. Kamat & Finance Bill

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Your report of the Thursday's proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Council on the Finance Bill contains the following comment:—

"A few seconds' talk just before the division which the Home Member had with Mr. K. S. Kamat who called the Budget progress a 'prodigal's progress' and stoutly opposed it on Wednesday, added another supporter to the Bill."

You will allow me to state that while the statement is correct, the inference is wholly wrong and unfair to Mr. Kamat. During the informal meetings of the members that took place on Tuesday and Wednesday last, Mr. Kamat made no secret of his view that he was not convinced of the correctness of our opposition to the Finance Bill on the score of the restoration of the pay cut. His view may be wrong; but he never hid it. Secondly, on going to the Council Hall I came to know that Government had issued a three-line whip to the nominated members to vote in favour of the Finance Bill. Not having received any such whip myself, I asked Mr. Kamat whether he had re-

ceived it; and he said no. In fairness to Government it must be stated that during the whole of the period of our membership of the Council, Mr. Kamat and I never received any whip from Government; not was an attempt made even to sound our views on any matter that came before the Council. Thirdly, the talk that the Home Member had with Mr. Kamat just before and even during the division, had no reference to the Finance Bill; it was confined to the sugar-cane industry. As a matter of fact, Mr. Bell started the talk by saying that he was not canvassing for Mr. Kamat's vote. This Mr. Kamat told me when we were in the division lobbies. To say that Mr. Kamat was influenced by a casual talk of a Government member is to say that there is no one in India who is not similarly influenced by Government pressure.—Yours, etc.,

R. R. BAKHALE,
Bombay, Feb. 22.

Bombay-Maharashtra Match

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Your sporting correspondent, J.C. Maitra, has made some observations on the Bombay v. Maharashtra Cricket Match, which are not desudhar.

D. B. Deodhar was clean bowled by Merchant when he had barely made two runs, but the umpire did not give him out to the surprise of all who witnessed the incident. He may have made an honest mistake, yet the fact remains that Bombay nearly lost the match on account of the error, since Deodhar went on to make 57 runs.

No fault could be found with the pitch which was fast, but the outfield was in a terrible state, which accounted for the lapses in fielding. I may add that D'Avoine missed only one difficult chance in the country, and saved nearly 50 runs by his magnificent fielding.

The A. P. and "Times of India" correspondents praised the fielding of D'Avoine, Havewalla and Divekar.

I hope, in fairness to the local players, you will publish this letter.—Yours, etc.,

"MAN ON THE SPOT."

Ban On Indian Medical Degrees

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I notice in the "Times of India" to-day an advertisement by the Port Health Officer, Bombay, inviting applications for the post of a Lady Doctor in the Port Health Department. Candidates must be medical graduates or holders of English qualifications registered under the Bombay Medical Act VI of 1912. This means that no graduates of Indian Universities need apply. May I, Sir, inquire why Indian medical graduates are not eligible for such a post? English qualifications are of many kinds. They may mean an F.R.C.S. (Eng.), the M.D. and M.B.s of the Universities, as also the licenses of the examining boards such as the Royal Colleges of Surgeons and Physicians, the Society of Apothecaries, the Apothecaries Hall and so forth. While I have nothing to say against all these English qualifications, I would like to point out that the Indian medical qualifications are certainly as good any time as the L.S.A., the L.A.H., the M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.P.S., etc. The M.B. of the Indian Universities are quite as good as the M.B. of any provincial University in U. K. Why then are the Indian qualifications so studiously excluded? This application should open the eyes of those who are fighting for Indian rights. The Bombay Medical Union, in particular, should take notice of this.—Yours, etc.,

INDIGNANT,
Feb. 21-2-35.

Immoral Traffic Bill Goes To Sub-Committee

LAHORE, Feb. 22.

The Punjab Council to-day referred to Select Committee the Punjab Suppression of Immoral Traffic Bill introduced last session by Pandit Nanakchand and circulated for public opinion. An overwhelming majority of opinion on the Bill favoured its provisions with slight modifications.

Earlier the Council rejected the Punjab Small Towns Amendment Bill and the Punjab Village Panchayat Amendment Bill.

The Council adjourned till Monday when the budget estimates for 1935/36 will be presented.—A. P.

Indian Commissioned Officers' Pay

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The rates of pay of Indian Commissioned Officers in the Indian Army, Veterinary Corps up to and including the rank of captain have now been decided. Lieutenants will be paid Rs. 440 per mensem; and Captains Rs. 495 per mensem rising by biennial increments of 55, to maximum of Rs. 715 per mensem.

The rates of pay of Majors and Senior ranks are still under consideration. Promotion from Lieutenant to Captain will normally take place after three and a half years' service in the former rank.—A. P.

WITNESS FAINTS IN AJRA ENQUIRY

Hotel-Keeper Recalls His Fright On Day Of Incident

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 22.

After lunch in the Ajra Firing Enquiry, when Mr. V. R. Topale was further cross-examined, the Commission disallowed certain questions regarding alleged Hindu-Muslim feelings.

In the after-lunch proceedings Mr. V. R. Topale admitted having filed suits for the recovery of a Rs. 6,000 loan advanced, but no progress had been made during the last seven years owing to the Kolhapur Durbar's prohibitory order.

Sakharam Burud, who was staying near the scene of firing, corroborated the Ichalkaranji Officials' version. Witness was then cross-examined regarding his memory and his eyesight.

WITNESS FAINTS.

Mr. D. D. Bille, a hotel-keeper, while giving evidence regarding the 8th January incident fainted, while he said that a violent armed mob had gathered and he being afraid closed his shop.

The Commission's work had to be suspended for sometime.

Continuing the Witness stated that half an hour after when the firing had stopped he opened his shop and saw seven or eight persons lying on the scene of firing. Being afraid the witness went to a friend's house instead of going home.

Considering witness's delicate health after fainting the cross-examination was postponed till to-morrow.—A. P.

KEEPERS ADVISED TO CLOSE SHOPS

KOLHAPUR, February 22.

Two more witnesses were examined to-day before the Ajra Firing Inquiry Commission. Mr. G. D. Mahajan who was called to make a 'panchnama' on 14th December narrated how Muslims threatened them, and they had to return without the 'panchnama' being made.

When cross-examined, witness denied the Muslim Counsel's allegation that the Ajra Patil, instead of accompanying witness, had left for Ajra to collect revenue.

Mr. Y. R. Topale, a merchant from Ajra, stated that when he saw the mob getting violent, he advised his fellow shop-keepers to close the shops. At the request of the Ichalkaranji officer, witness helped in the removal of the injured to the dispensary.

The cross-examination of the witness was not finished when the Commission rose for lunch. Evidence on behalf of Ichalkaranji officers is expected to close to-day.—A. P.

Scene Of Ajra Firing

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 22.

When the Ajra Firing Enquiry Commission resumed sitting after lunch a police Sub-Inspector from Ajra was cross-examined in detail for six hours.

Witness replying to questions of the counsel on behalf of Muslims stated that his revolver having got out of action was lying in the office and that he carried a gun instead. Asked about the buck-shot he had used, he said that he had fifteen buck-shots which the Jagirdar had privately presented to him for use when he went for 'shikar' with the Jagirdar's guest. No account of these was therefore kept in the ammunition register book.

Witness could not explain why the papers regarding the order suspending a Muslim Treasury Guard did not bear any number, though it had passed through four offices in one day.

PCONA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Feb. 22.

Mr. Katpitta, Jt. Sub-Judge Poona, dismissed yesterday afternoon an application from one Mr. D. N. Deshpande, who is a candidate contesting the municipal election, polling of which comes off to-morrow. The application prayed for an injunction against proceeding with the polling on the ground that the voters' lists were faulty and defective.

Mr. Deshpande has appealed against the order of dismissal to the District Judge where the appeal comes off for hearing this afternoon.

Feverish activity is being evinced in the city regarding these elections. As many as 94 candidates are contesting for the 45 seats. In some wards the contest is very keen. A couple of parties have sprung into existence, only to fight out these elections. Not a single lady's name appears on the candidates list.

PEOPLE'S SOCIETY ANNIVERSARY

Sardar Vallabhbhai To Preside

MEERUT, Feb. 22.

The Servants of the People Society is holding its anniversary at Meerut. Members of the society from Gujarat, United Provinces, Orissa and the Punjab have arrived including Mr. Purnottamdas Tandon, president.

In this connection Dr. Khan Sahib, addressed a mass meeting yesterday Acharya Kripalaji presiding, on "Young Men's Duty".

SLAVES HAVE NO RELIGION.

"Slaves have no religion," he said "and unless and until there will be a United India, Swaraj is an impossibility."

In the same connection Dr. Bhaugandas will address a public meeting on the "Work before us".

The main function of the anniversary falls on February 24, when Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the president-elect, on his arrival here will be given a right royal reception. The same evening he will preside over the Society's annual meeting at the Kumar Ashram.

The Municipal and District Boards will present Sardar with civic addresses.—United Press.

PROSPEROUS INDIA

(Continued from page 6.)

deal towards influencing common conduct. Public sentiment is the most powerful weapon of a democracy. The larger the number of instances of individual conduct, the speedier the growth of public opinion. We cannot enjoy with dignity and self-respect what we have not helped to achieve. Let ours be the joy of creation and the satisfaction of having truly earned what we receive. Look upon and what yourself. You and many others are enjoying the highly developed fruits of the labour, brains and capital of foreign countries. If those that own the fruits, perchance withhold them from you, you are without the knowledge to replace them. Is it then any wonder that those who grow the fruits find it difficult to yield you respect?

We are, indeed, experts in one particular profession—Begging. No other nation can beat us there.

Utilise Swadeshi Side.

India will be prosperous only when each one of us makes up his own mind to cease to become, a submitting and unbecoming sport of circumstance, when we shall seize destiny by throat and become master. What if the odds against us are tremendous! The work is so well worth the doing because it is so hard and difficult.

The leaders of Indian thought and Indian commercial organisations can be left to agitate for modification or termination of the Ottawa agreement, the Runciman-Mitra agreement and other similar pacts which militate against the welfare of India. The man in the street, for whom these lines are written, can help by creating an intelligent public opinion, which will strengthen the hands of the leaders and the commercial organisations. But that is not all.

The time has now arrived when individual initiative and enterprise on the one hand and the liberalisation of capital on the other, are called for. The overflowing deposits in the banks, and the rush to invest in Government paper, betray a grave want of confidence in the success of small industries. Capital has become accordingly timid and distrustful. Its confidence should be secured and it should be induced to come out and become fruitful. Let Indian capitalists beware. The Fwadeshi spirit is abroad. If Indian capital does not take advantage of the rising tide and start suitable industries in India, foreign capital will as it has already commenced, descend on India and monopolise and secure the first fruits of those industries, leaving Indian capital barren of fruit.

It is for the youth of our country to do the necessary exploration work, to come down from politics to potatoes. The profit motive should be lessened, and the service motive should be emphasised more and more. A social consciousness should take form both in those that provide the capital and those who provide work and knowledge. A friendly combination of both, actively pursued, will enable us to register progress notwithstanding many obstacles.

Indians have too long been men and women in making. It is high time that they should be men and women, making.

Chintamani Leaves For Delhi

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 22.

Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, President-elect of the Anti-Communal Award Conference left for Delhi this evening with some local delegates, by the same train passed a strong contingent of Behar delegates about 40 in number.—United Press.

Provincial Councils

Burma Council Demands

President's Removal

Censure Motion Passed Again

RANGOON, Feb. 22.

The Burma Legislative Council adopted to-day by 56 votes against 38 the resolution for removing the President.

The amendment of Mr. Tyabji substituting the resolution by the formation of a Watch and Ward Committee was defeated by 58 votes against 38 votes.—United Press.

ident the adjournment motion of the Member from Salem to discuss resettlement of people in certain parts of Salem and Trichinopoly districts was lost, forty members voting on either side.—A. P.

JUTE DUTY GRANT RELIEVES BENGAL

Anti-Terrorist Activities Are Heavy Burden, Says Finance Member

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

Sir John Woodhead, Finance Member in introducing the Bengal Government's Budget this afternoon in the Legislative Council said "taking both Revenue and Capital Receipts together the revised estimates provide for a total Revenue exclusive of advances to cover the deficit of 1934/35 of 11.12 lakhs. On the expenditure side it is anticipated, total expenditure in Revenue and Capital account will be 11.59 lakhs which is 19 lakhs less than the budget figures inclusive of the supplementary grants. The net result as regards the present year is they now expect a deficit close on 40 lakhs instead of 194 lakhs as originally estimated.

Coming to 1935/36 estimate the total receipt on Revenue and capital accounts stands at 1.16 lakhs as against 11.12 lakhs during the present year. As regards expenditure, the estimates provide an expenditure on revenue account of 1.17 lakhs. The restoration of the five per cent out, the cost of preparing electoral rolls and increase in additional expenditure on account of the terrorist movement, mainly account for 50 lakhs out of the total increase of 54 lakhs of the revised estimate.

HEAVY TERRORIST COST.

Sir John Woodhead emphasised the heavy additional expenditure thrown on the Revenues of the Province by the terrorist movement and said "This additional expenditure is a factor which contributed in no small measure to the difficulties in the financial position and unfortunately it continues to be a heavy burden on the resources. Sir John at the close said that fortunately the story he had to tell this year disclosed a distinct improvement on the financial outlook. This improvement was due however not to any substantial recovery in the yield from the provincial sources of Revenue but to the decision taken last March by the Central Government to make the Jute producing provinces grant equal to half the proceeds of the Jute Export Duty.—A. P.

CHOTA-NAGPUR AND SAMBALPUR

Premier Informed Of Bihar Council Resolution

PATNA, February 22.

Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha, leader of the opposition in the Bihar Legislative Council has sent the following cable to the Prime Minister, Secretary of

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State for India, Mr. George Lansbury, Col. Wedgwood, and the editor of the "Daily Herald".

"On a motion of the only elected aboriginal member, the Bihar and Orissa Legislative Council adopted, on Monday, without division being challenged by the Government, a resolution against any part of Chota-Nagpur and Sambalpur being declared even a partially excluded area.—A. P.

BIHAR THANKS INDIA GOVT.

For Financial Help In 'Quake Reconstruction

FATNA, Feb. 22.

The general discussion on the budget concluded in the Bihar Council to-day.

Mr. Nirsu Narain Sinha, Finance Member, replying to the criticisms said, they owed a deep debt of gratitude to the Government of India for the generous manner in which they helped the province financially in the work of the earthquake restoration and reconstruction and without that help it would have been impossible for him to present a balanced budget. He had already explained that the present revenues of the province were insufficient for its large population and the only financial hope the province has had was in a more equitable financial settlement which would take into consideration the losses of the population of the province.

A majority of the recommendations of the Retrenchment Committee had been given effect to and retrenchment has now been carried to the utmost limit.—A. P.

Rs. 17 LAKHS' DEFICIT IN U. P. BUDGET

LUCKNOW, Feb. 22.

A deficit of Rs. 17,00,000 in the budget of the United Provinces Government for the year 1935-36 was announced to-day by the Finance Member while presenting the budget to the U. P. Legislative Council. Sir Sitaram presiding.

It is estimated that there will be a total revenue of Rs. 14.26 lakhs, while the expenditure will be Rs. 14.58 lakhs, thus disclosing a real deficit of Rs. 32 lakhs. But due to imposition of taxes on two more articles, namely, stamp and tobacco both, of which will bring a revenue of Rs. 15 lakhs, the ultimate deficit will amount to Rs. 17 lakhs.

The Finance Member introducing the budget said that to meet the above deficit no method was possible but the rigorous excluding of all the new expenditure he, however, announced restoration or salary cut in the provincial services.—United Press.

LICENSE FEES FOR MONEY-LENDERS

C. P. Act Will Come Into Force From April

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Feb. 22.

The C. P. Money-Lenders' Act having received the assent of the Governor-General will come into force from April 1.

The Act aims at regularising transactions of money-lending in the Province and makes obligatory on money-lenders to furnish yearly statements of accounts to debtors. It also imposes a license fee on persons carrying on the profession of money-lending.

rack-renting and for reduction of Municipal and other rates and taxes, for Municipal control of all public utility services like the Tramways, Telephone, Gas, Milk Supply etc. etc.

7 Co-operation in the organisation of the Workers for adequate wages, reasonable conditions of work, better housing conditions and other elementary rights denied to them.

8 Inquiry into the extent of unemployment and economic misery of the working and lower middle classes in the Ward; and

9 Affiliation for the National Constituent Assembly.

The above list is not exhaustive. There are some other things no less important which face a working and growing movement like that of the Congress and this Council shall devote itself to the intensification of Congress Organisations work in the Ward. This Council is confident that the Citizens of the Ward will extend to their support and co-operation in successfully carrying out the programme of the Congress as outlined above and as may be chalked out by the Committee from time to time.

The resolution which put to vote was passed nem con.

Parel Congress Committee's Programme For Year

To Organise Agitation Against Repressive Laws And Popularise National Constituent Assembly

A correspondent writes:—

The Managing Committee of the "F" Ward (Parel) District Congress Committee passed the following resolution of Mr. C. K. Narayanswami at its meeting on Thursday night:—

THE RESOLUTION.

The Managing Committee of the "F" Ward D. C. C. draws the particular attention of the citizens of the Ward to the Fundamental Rights Resolution of the Indian National Congress passed at its Karachi Session. In pursuance of that resolution and the declaration that "political freedom must include complete economic freedom of starving millions" therein contained and also in view of the pledge in the Independence Resolution which was solemnly taken by millions of our countrymen on January 26, this year, to serve the

starving millions in every way we can and to engage in all other national and constructive effort, this Council adopts the following programme of immediate work for the year:—

1 Enrolment of Congress Members;

2 Volunteer Organisation;

3 Popularisation of Khadi and products of village industries and such other Swadeshi articles as are approved by the Congress Working Committee;

4 Vigorous campaign against the drink and drug evil;

5 Organising Mass public opinion against anti-National and anti-Labour Legislation, repressive laws against citizen rights of organisation, combination, press, speech etc. etc.

6 Organisation of rate-payers and tenants to agitate against

Tobacco Tax Condemned By All

M. L. Cs. Attack Extension Of "Undesirable" Act

(Continued from page 20.)

not appear to be satisfactory and the incidence of such a method of taxation was not fair. After careful consideration Government were of opinion that in the case of retail sales of hawkers, the method of taxation should be on the value of their yearly sales or turnover. This method had the approval of the Indian Taxation Enquiry Committee.

FEE FOR BROKERS.

The present Bill was intended to carry out this object. It was also proposed that brokers in tobacco trade should be required to have a license on a fixed annual fee. Under section 26 of the present Act the Government alone had the power to revise the orders of subordinate tobacco officers with the result that in several cases application for revision had to be made to the Government. As this was inconvenient it was proposed to amend section 26 so as to empower the Commissioner and the Collector with rights to revise orders of their subordinate Tobacco Officers.

"LEGITIMATE TAX."

Continuing the Finance Member said that taxation on Tobacco was legitimate and justifiable. Such taxation was supported by the Exchequer Committee and the Bombay Legislative Council had on former occasions approved the principle of this form of taxation. The Finance Member further said that in deference to public opinion, he wished to move an amendment to the Bill restricting its operation for a period of two years from March, 1935 onwards.

POINTS OF ORDER.

The conclusion of the Finance Member's speech, the signal for a fusillade of questions raising points of order from the nationalist and non-official members which lasted for over half an hour. Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale (University) said that the mover of the Bill could not move an amendment also.

WHAT IS THE PRINCIPLE?

Mr. R. R. Bakhale wanted to know what the principle of the Bill was, and whether the proposed amendments were in conformity with the principle of the Bill.

Mr. G. L. Winterbotham (Bombay Chamber of Commerce) supported the point of view put forward by Mr. Bakhale and said if the principle of the Bill was to alter the basis of taxation then the motion was entirely out of order.

NOT JUSTIFIED.

Mr. A. N. Surve (Bombay North) thought that the Government were not justified in introducing any changes in the Bill and the best they could do was to move for an extension of the existing Act.

NO POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. G. Davis, Legal Remembrancer, said that he did not see anything in the Bill to suggest that it was out of order, and pointed out that it was not necessary on this occasion to obtain the sanction of the Governor-General, as it had been obtained when the Bill was first introduced in 1933.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SANCTION

Mr. Soman said that for changes in the clauses of the Bill the sanction of the Governor-General was obtained before the Provincial Government came before the House with such a measure. The speaker wanted to know if the Government had obtained the sanction of the Governor-General for this measure.

The President pointed out that Mr. David had already explained that two years ago when the above Bill was introduced the sanction of the Governor-General had been obtained and there was no further need of obtaining the sanction.

Mr. C. N. Patel pointed out that the sanction obtained was for a temporary measure and when the period of two years were over a further sanction was necessary. The Home Member informed the House that the sanction that had been obtained two years ago was for a permanent measure and not for a temporary measure. But due to some circumstances in the Bombay Council the Bill was passed as a temporary measure.

The President then ruled that the point of orders raised by the members had been properly answered and the House should proceed with the work.

OBNOXIOUS TAXES.

Mr. L. R. Gokhale (Poona),

said that it was open to the House to throw away the Bill altogether. The Finance Member had received applications signed by thousands of people in the province complaining about the new taxation. The new taxation adversely affected the tobacco growers. The Government ought to have taxed tobacco as such, which they did not do. This tax was not on tobacco, but on the dealers of tobacco. The tax was obnoxious and troublesome. It was neither permanent nor desirable. It was stated by the Government that tobacco was a luxury. The speaker felt that in India even food was a luxury for the poorer classes. He informed the House that for a certain section of the people it was a necessity.

THROW IT OUT.

Mr. Bhalil Patel (Ahmedabad) opposed it irrespective of whether it was to be permanent or only for a day. It had been pointed out that in every civilised country tobacco had been taxed. The speaker wanted to know as in which civilised country in the world a measure had been carried through and made into law by the votes of the officials. If the measure had been temporary, then the House might have agreed to it. He felt that this was a fit case in which the Council should throw out the measure.

ARBITRARY BASIS.

Mr. Winterbotham (Chamber of Commerce) was surprised at the objection raised by the non-official members against the principle of taxing tobacco. If the tax was properly levied and properly collected the speaker felt it was a sound taxation. But the present basis of assessment was arbitrary and fell heavily on the traders which should be avoided. Referring to the remarks of Mr. More on Thursday the speaker said that the European members were not affected by the Tobacco Bill, but still they had given their strong views on the subject.

TAX ON POOR.

Mr. B. S. Kamat (Nominated) opposed the Tobacco Bill. He said that the tobacco consumers in India were comparatively poorer than those in the West and in spite of it they were asked to pay more tax. He also condemned the present way of collecting the taxes, which he said were defective. The existence of local taxation which varied from the proposed taxation gave rise to unnecessary competition. He asked for a uniform central tax to be imposed by the Government of India.

NO HUMAN ELEMENT.

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed (Poona) in opposing the Bill warned the Government that they would be alienating the sympathies of the poorer people if they insisted on the Bill being passed. He was sure that not a single elected member would vote for the Bill. The Bill lacked human element or human consideration. For the Government the sympathy of the poor was more important than a paltry sum of Rs. 5 lakhs. The speaker hoped that the Leader of the House would import some sympathy to his Indian colleague, the Finance Member, and see that the Bill was not pressed for.

Mr. A. N. Surve (Bombay) opposed the Bill.

TAXED EVERYWHERE

Mr. H. B. Clayton, Commissioner of the Southern Division, supporting the Bill said that he smoked more Swadeshi tobacco than any other member of the House and threatened to continue it. By doing so he was contributing about 2 rupees to the Bombay Finances.

The speaker then referred to an incident at the Bombay Corporation, when he was the Municipal Commissioner. The late Mr. V. J. Patel and others were smoking foreign tobacco. When the speaker pointed out to Mr. Patel that he was not behaving according to the orders of the Mahatma, he replied that he was doing so by burning foreign goods (Laughter).

The speaker said that tobacco had been a commodity which had been taxed in all the countries in the world. Since the new tax had been introduced, two years ago, the prices of cigarettes had not gone up and that in itself was a sufficient answer to those who said that there have been hardships. This proposed

V. J. T. SCHOOL STRIKE WORSENS

Staff And Ag. Principal
Unable To Get Admission
Into Class-Rooms!

POLICE AID TO REMOVE PICKETS

LAHORE, February 22. The strike in the Victoria Jubilee Technical School, which has been going on for a week now, took a grave turn to-day, when the strikers directed their picketing activities against the members of the staff as well as students and long after the cases were ordinarily to begin, the strange spectacle was witnessed of all the staff, including the Acting Principal, sitting in the compound unable to gain admittance to the class-rooms. The premises including the telephone were in the possession of the strikers.

POLICE AID SOUGHT. Raja Narendranath, President of the Board of Governors of the Institute, is said to have called at the residence of the Acting Principal whereafter it was decided to send for the police to remove the strikers from the premises, including an ex-student, who has started hunger-strike. The principal office-bearers of the Lahore Students' Union (who have had nothing to do with the strike so far) visited the Institute this morning, and are stated to have assured the strikers of their full support.—A.P.

ACQUITTED ON APPEAL

LAHORE, February 22. Pearsa Singh, Suba Singh and Ajaib Singh, all of whom had been sentenced to transportation for life for the murder of their co-villager named Bhagat Singh, were acquitted by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Abdul Rashid.

The prosecution story was that on 21st July last the deceased and his nephew Kesar Singh were in their field when 20 heads of cattle trespassed into the crop and damaged it. The deceased gave a slap to the sons of Pearsa Singh, accused. A little about sunset Pearsa Singh and four others caught hold of the deceased and killed him with darts and spears.

Five persons were placed on trial, two of whom were acquitted and 3 sentenced as above by the Sessions Judge.—United Press.

Jam Saheb's Wedding On March 7.

(From A Correspondent.) Jamnagar, March 19. 7th March, 1935, is fixed for the marriage of H. H. the Jam Saheb Shree Digvijaya Sunjee Saheb with the Princess Kanchankunvarba Saheba daughter of H. H. the Maharao Sir Saroo Ramsinhjee Saheb of Sirohi State. H. H. the Jam Saheb will go personally to Sirohi for marriage. The future Maharao Saheb is the grand-daughter of H. H. the Maharao of Cutch.

Increase in taxation was not at all an important factor from the point of view of the manufacturer.

WAY OUT.

To get over the constitutional difficulty of the Finance Member not having the right to move an amendment having moved the Bill, Mr. J. A. Madan, Revenue Secretary to the Government of Bombay, moved an amendment to the effect that the tobacco taxation be in force for four years from 1933. This meant that the tax would be in force for two years more beginning from April 1933. Due to the criticism of the measure of the Government to make the Act permanent, it was felt by the Government that as an emergency measure the Act should be in force for two more years. Meanwhile the Government would consider if a modified Bill could not be introduced.

Mr. M. M. Karbhari (Thana) opposed the Bill as it was sought to be amended. He informed the House that the life of the members of the present Council would be over by the time the Bill came up for discussion again after two years, and they would not be able to rectify what they were called upon to do now.

Mr. M. H. Gazdar supported the Bill. At this stage the President adjourned the House to Saturday 10 a.m.

Believe it or not!

But Astrology has proved that Amrit Manthan deserves all that unprecedented popularity that it has seen its good luck to gain during the last 19 weeks! By reading the horoscope we can safely say that

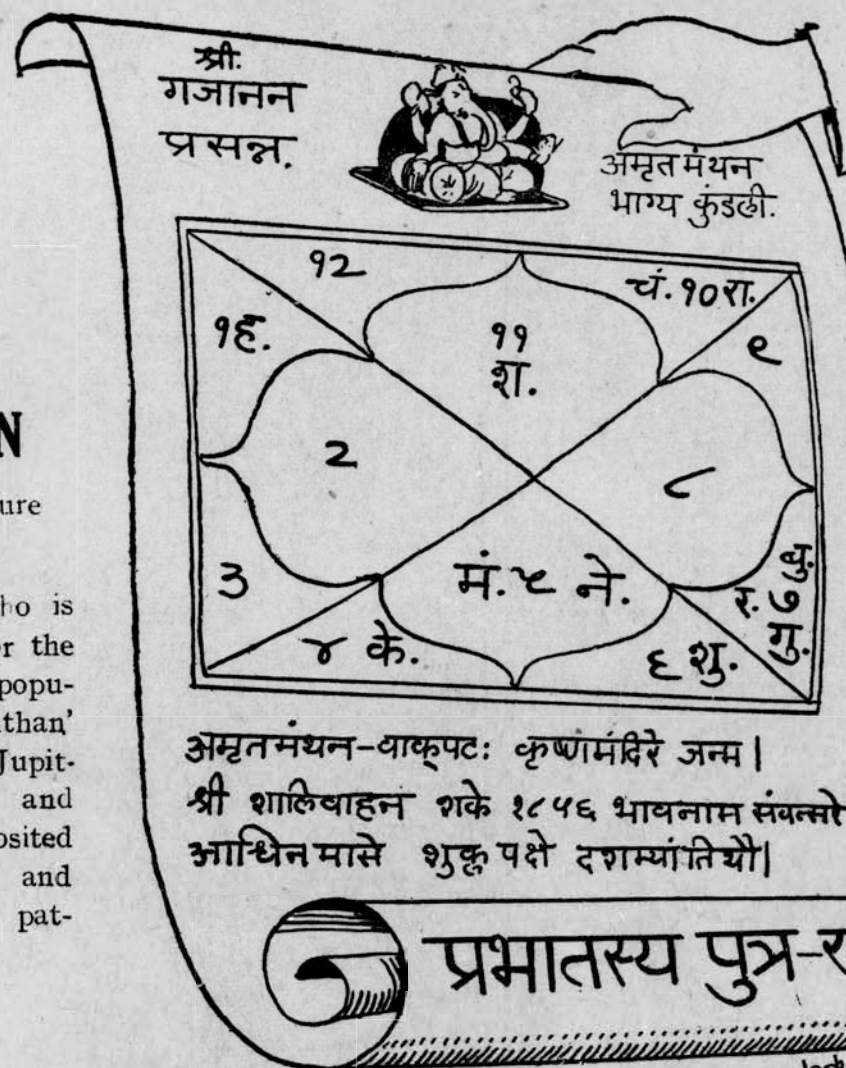
MERIT and LUCK GO HAND IN HAND! Read this horoscope of PRABHAT'S "Amrit Manthan" and satisfy yourself.

Horoscope prepared by that renowned astrologer Pandit Purushottam Shastri Moghe

Prabhat's
**AMRIT
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Epic Jewel Picture

It is the Jupiter who is solely responsible for the unprecedented popularity of 'Amrit Manthan' The Sun, Mercury, Jupiter, Mars, Saturn and Venus, being posited most powerfully and favourably indicate patronage from.



**20th
WEEK!**

All classes irrespective of caste or community, race or religion, creed or colour, age or sex!

Saturn in the Ascendant Shows Patronage from foreigners too!

In short, Astrology indicates for 'Amrit Manthan'

**Wealth
fame
Glory**

from
everyone
and
everywhere!

To-day shows: Nos. 323, 324, 325.

Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.

To-day and To-morrow Matinee at 3 p.m.
Dubash Theatre

Direction:
Western India Theatres Ltd.

20th Week

KRISHNA

This Week



CHANDRA ART
CINETONES

SWASH-BUCKLING DRAMA OF JUNGLE LIFE

First Tarzan
type story coming
to the Indian Screen

Minerva
TALKIES
Lamington Road

Time: 5-30, 8, 10-30 Saturday, Sunday & Holidays at 3.

Lord OF THE Jungle

starring GLORIOUSLY DARE-DEVIL PAIR OF THE SCREEN

Master CHANDRARAO KADAM, LALITA PAWAR

Supported by: SHYAMRAO Bhagwan—the Comedian

OUR TOKYO LETTER

(Continued from page 6)

may be changed to warm zephyrs? If changed atmospheric conditions are really the cause of the distress in the North-East, then the only course left to the farmers is to change their crops to suit the weather. It may mean learning farming all over again, but there is no other remedy. Possibly something can be done in the way of raising live-stock, while wheat will have to supplant rice. Government assistance will be needed, of course, and in fact a Government Commission is now examining the whole subject. It has taken rather a long time to come to this conclusion, but it is a deliberate one. The same course the problem will have solved itself by the time the recommendations are ready. There will be no farmers left.

Plain Speaking

Here is some plain speaking by an American Congressman (not an Indian Congressman, though he speaks in the latter's mood). "Representative Hamilton Fish of New York expects that America will be forced by Japan to institute a quota system to check the import of Japanese cottons, especially in the Philippines. He also urges the recognition of Manchukuo on the ground that it is

hypocritical for Britain, France, and the United States, with their own records to boggle at the creation of Manchukuo. He does not suggest, however, that it may be good from a business point of view. His idea does not seem to go further than that Japan will hardly deny America's right to keep the Philippine market to itself if America recognises Japan's right to the Manchukuoan market.

Emergency Plans

What is said to be the first of a series of conferences of leading officials of the Foreign Office for adjustment of Japan's diplomacy in the so-called 1935-36 emergency period was held yesterday morning, attended by Foreign Minister Hirota, Vice-Minister Mamoru Shigemitsu, the diplomats at home on furlough and sectional chiefs of the Foreign Office.

According to "Rengo" Mr. Shigemitsu declared at the opening that the Foreign Ministry is desirous of receiving the support of the participants in the adjustment of foreign policy to meet the situation that will be created by formal withdrawal from the League of Nations in a few months and the opening of the 1935 naval conference. Mr. Hirota then explained the contents of his annual speech to the Diet.

ALL-INDIA TELE- GRAPH UNION

Delhi Conference Deplores
Govt. Policy

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

The Conference of the All-India Telegraph Union began its sittings on February 19, Mr. A. P. Chatterjee, the General Secretary of the Union, in the course of his introductory address after dealing with the prevailing state of affairs in the Department and dwelling at length on the imperative necessity of moving the authorities for the removal of its grievances, proposed Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., to the chair, a task for which, the speaker said, he was pre-eminently fitted by reason of the fact that he was already the President of the Bombay Branch of the Union.

Mr. Joshi in a few well-chosen words wished the Union success in its efforts towards the attainment of its objective and assured the delegates of his help. The Conference then discussed some important questions including the policy and procedure of the Government of India, in res-

POONA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Complaint Against Validity
Of Voter's Lists
Dismissed

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Feb. 22. Mr. D. D. Nanavati, District Judge, dismissed this noon the appeal filed by Mr. D. N. Deshpande requesting to declare void the Municipal Triennial Elections to be held to-morrow on the ground that the voters' lists were faulty and defective.

pect of conversion of Departmental Telegraph Offices into combined ones; introduction of the improved pension rules by the Government of India circulated a few years ago but unfortunately dropped on the plea of financial stringency; grant of pension for non-pensionable staff of the Department, viz., Telephone Operators, Inspectors of peons, etc., increase of leave reserve, reduction in hours of duty and extension of holidays, the staff now enjoying only four days' holiday in the year.—A.P.

Western India Tennis Championships Draw

Yugoslavs Will Meet Best Players In Country On Queen's Road Courts

The Western India Tennis Championships this year have attracted the best players in the country and with the Yugoslavs also participating, Bombay is promised a feast of tennis during the next fortnight. The following is the draw for the tournament which commences to-morrow:—

MEN'S SINGLES

First Quarter.
J. Pallada—Bye into fifth round.
J. E. Tew—Bye into fourth round.
G. A. Desai—Bye.
J. N. Tibra—Bye.
N. R. Lotwalla—Bye.
F. F. Vakharia—Bye.
Sohan Lal—Bye into fourth round.
D. R. D. Tata—Bye.
M. N. Desai—Bye.
Ranbir Singh (Bombay)—Bye.
Rajkumar of Jath—Bye.
B. T. Blake—Bye into fourth round.
L. M. Khatau—Bye.
D. A. Pereira—Bye.
N. S. Shodan—Bye.
K. A. Noorani—Bye.

Second Quarter.

N. Krishnaswami—Bye into fourth round.
Sardar Deshmukh—Bye.
G. F. Fernandes—Bye.
A. P. Rao—Bye.
M. H. Kaji—Bye.
A. M. D. Pitt—Bye into fourth round.
D. M. Khatau—Bye.
S. P. Kapadia—Bye.
G. D. Bhagat—Bye.
R. F. Stroud—Bye.
A. G. Gupta—Bye into fourth round.
V. M. Wanarse vs. V. R. Dixit.
M. R. Row vs. S. F. Karaka.
A. C. Surook vs. R. G. Hopkins.

Third Quarter.

Dr. Pavelic—Bye into fifth round.
Ranbir Singh (Kapurthala)—Bye into fourth round.
Chief of Jath vs. M. D. Herbert.
Hiralal Parekh vs. C. Gonsalves.
P. P. Adaji vs. D. D. Yennemadi.
R. R. Rina vs. R. K. Sgita.
E. V. Bobb—Bye into fourth round.
V. Stewart-Jacks vs. C. L. Tibra.
D. S. Dalal—Bye.
S. M. Kadri—Bye.
Rajasaheb of Savantwadi—Bye.
B. Rachappa—Bye into fourth round.

Fourth Quarter.

J. Charanjiva—Bye into fourth round.
N. R. Suvarna—Bye.
W. D. C. Lewis—Bye.
K. V. Shevde—Bye.
D. G. Desai—Bye.
T. B. Balagopal—Bye into fourth round.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Upper Half.
Mrs. K. I. Blundell and Mrs. G. Geisse vs. Miss J. Sandison and Miss O. Stebbing.
Mrs. A. D. Waiwyn and Mrs. Sully vs. Mrs. S. M. Captain and Mrs. B. H. Vakil.
Mrs. S. R. Watson and Mrs. N. M. Leven vs. Miss D. Pocha and Mrs. T. Pocha.

Lower Half.

Miss M. J. Wadia and Miss J. E. Pundole vs. Mrs. A. M. Dughard and A. N. Other.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

First Quarter.
Rajasaheb of Savantwadi and Sardar Dhar State vs. L. Brooke-Edwards and E. V. Bobb.
B. S. Rama Rao and N. Sethna vs. K. M. Merchant and G. L. Merchant.
V. Bhagwanlal and C. P. Shah vs. J. C. McLean and W. N. Cleur.
R. F. Stroud and C. W. Owen vs. A. R. Joshi and M. C. Nana-vaty.
A. P. Ghandy and R. M. Desai vs. K. Shankar Rao and V. Shrinivasan.

Second Quarter.

Rajasaheb of Savantwadi and Sardar Dhar State vs. L. Brooke-Edwards and E. V. Bobb.

Third Quarter.

Dr. Pavelic and A. N. Other—Bye into third round.

Fourth Quarter.

S. Natarajan and N. B. Savant



Lord Brabourne presided over the Annual Prize Distribution of the Ram Mohan English School on Thursday evening at the C. J. Hall. Photo Shows some of the girls who performed the "Fairy Dance" on the occasion.



Messrs. D. B. Raipelly (left) and B. V. Chavan snapped at the Gateway of India just before they started on a world tour on bicycles on Thursday evening.

FORMIDABLE AUSTRALIAN CRICKET TEAM FOR INDIA

Tarrant Goes To Melbourne To Induce Best Players To Pay Visit

One of the world's greatest all-round cricketers of the past, passed through Colombo on February 17, says "Onlooker" in the "Ceylon Observer." Frank Tarrant, the old Australian and Middlesex cricketer, was on the P and O Strathaird bound from Bombay to Melbourne, where he will make arrangements for the visit of an Australian team, whom the "Onlooker" says is endeavouring with the co-operation of the Indian Cricket Board of Control to get out to India this year.

Frank Tarrant was born at Melbourne on December 11, 1881. He was related to the famous old English fast bowler George Tarrant. He made his mark in Australia while playing for his State, Victoria, before he went out to England in 1903 to qualify for Middlesex. From 1904 to 1914 Tarrant was one of the most outstanding all-round cricketers in England and his loss to Australia was very great indeed.

Tarrant, in an interview stated that he hoped to get a strong Australian team to visit India at the end of this year. He knows that the best 11 men will be chosen for the S. African tour but after that Australia has a big army of first class cricketers and it should not be difficult to get a very fine side including some of the older stars like Macartney Woodfull, Ponsford, Kinnax and O'Connell. If the last named does not go to S. Africa.

Tarrant thinks that Indian cricket has improved considerably since the last visit of the M. C. C. team and he expects that the next Indian team for England will be a more formidable one than the last team that visited England. Tarrant has been coaching the Indian players for many years past and will again be in charge of them before they leave for England next year.

GWALIOR GOLD CUP TOURNAMENT

"Times" Unlucky To Lose

After a keen and exciting game the Christ Church Old Boys passed into the third round of the Gwalior Gold Cup Tournament by beating the "Times of India" by the only goal of the match. In fairness to both the teams it must be said that a draw would have been a fair index of the game. The Pressmen were rather unlucky to lose for they had a greater part of the game.

There was a lot of hard hitting in the game but never heless the standard of hockey was very high. The chief incident of the match was a penalty bully—the fourth of the series in this tournament—against the Christ Church Old Boys, which proved abortive.

Both teams were ignorant of the way in which a penalty bully has to be taken for they crossed the twenty-five yards line before the completion of the bully and the Umpire taking no notice of the same.

The game commenced at a fast pace both ends being visited in turns. The interval came as a relief to either side, the score board reading blank. On resumption, the "Times of India" attacked hotly but could not score. A fine run by Galtely of the Old Boys resulted in a goal. Edwards, the "Times" Left Back was dodged and the "Times" goalie failed to clear, Galtely shooting into an open goal. The "Times" forwards tried hard to equalise but failed, due to bad shooting and over-excitement. The end came and the "Times" left the field Unlucky losers.

Turner, Romer and Galtely were outstanding in the Christ Church Team while Edwards,



S. J. McCabe, the Australian Test player, who was married to Miss Edna Linton at Sydney recently.

BOMBAY v. WESTERN INDIA STATES

Vajifdar And Richards Will Strengthen Local Attack

It is gratifying to note that the bowling side of the Bombay Presidency XI has been strengthened by the inclusion of G. Richards and H. J. Vajifdar for the match against the Western India States Cricket Association, which commences to-day on the Bombay Gymkhana ground.

The local team is as follows:—

L. P. Jai (Captain),
H. J. Vajifdar,
H. N. Contractor,
G. Richards,
P. A. D'Avoine,
R. R. Wadkar,
K. N. Divekar,
D. R. Havewalla,
F. E. Kapadia,
D. D. Hindlekar,
V. M. Merchant.
RESERVES
D. S. Talpade,
P. J. Chury.

PROGRAMME FOR SATURDAY

The following is the programme for the opening matches in the Western India Tennis Championship which commences at 4 p.m. to-day on the Queen's Courts:—

CENTRE COURT:

V. M. Wanarse vs. V. R. Dixit followed by: Chief of Jath vs. M. D. Herbert followed by: Ranbir Singh (Bombay) vs. Rajkumar of Jath.

COURT NO. 1:

M. R. Row vs. S. F. Karaka followed by: A. C. Surook vs. R. G. Hopkins.

COURT NO. 4:

A. A. Peerbhoy vs. A. J. Wadia followed by: Sardar Deshmukh vs. G. F. Fernandes.

COURT NO. 5:

P. P. Adaji vs. D. D. Yennemadi followed by: V. Stewart-Jacks vs. C. L. Tibra.

COURT NO. 6:

R. R. Rina vs. R. K. Sgita followed by: S. M. Kadri vs. H. H. Raja of Savantwadi.

TO PLAY ON FIRST AVAILABLE COURT

L. M. Khatau vs. D. A. Pereira.
K. A. Noorani vs. N. S. Shodan.
D. R. D. Tata vs. M. N. Desai.
Hiralal Parekh vs. C. Gonsalves.

GYMKHANA COMPOUND

COURTS AT 4-30 P. M.

COURT NO. 1:

A. P. Rao vs. M. H. Kaji followed by: B. C. Wadhani vs. B. D. Dhalla.

COURT NO. 4:

C. P. Bramble vs. M. I. Laljee followed by: P. Buschow vs. V. Vazir.

COURT NO. 5:

F. F. Vakharia vs. N. R. Lotwalla followed by: R. A. M. Henson vs. Capt. G. Clarke.

COURT NO. 6:

D. M. Khatau vs. S. P. Kapadia followed by: R. F. Stroud vs. G. D. Bhagat.

COURT NO. 7:

G. A. Desai vs. J. N. Tibra followed by: B. G. Desai vs. K. V. Shevade.

N. B.—It is regretted that owing to the very large entry no leave of absence will be granted to any player.

Lyga, Mendis and Fairman worked hard for the "Times".

THE RESULT

The "Times of India" 0 goal.
Christ Church Old Boys 1 goal.

The Teams: The "Times of India", Vernon, Edwards and Easton, Page, Lynn and Fairman, Greenwood, Blake, Wilkins, Felty and Mendes.

Christ Church Old Boys: Martin, A. Galtely and Pereira, Romer, Turner and Barne't, Rose, W. Galtely, Harper, Whit-taker and Hearn.

Umpires: Nagporewalla and Rodrigues.

To-day's Games: Customs "A" v. Kirkee United "B" at 4-15 p.m.
Lusitanians "A" v. Parsi Cyclists (Replay) at 5-30 p.m.

Selections For To-day's Races

Abdul Malik Favoured In Turf Club Cup

(By "Senex")

The following are the selections for the Fifth Day of the Big Meetings to be held to-day:—

1st Race SHOGAT AZIZ MUJIB HATIM ADHBA II	1 2 3
2nd Race SAAMI SHINAR ZOJLUM	1 2 3
3rd Race KILFINANE BEDSOCKS TRURO	1 2 3
4th Race REDESS SAFETY MATCH CAMILLE	1 2 3
5th Race ABDUL MALIK ORIENT LEGION OF HONOUR	1 2 3
6th Race COMPLET	1
CAMPING SABRINO	2 3
7th Race BAY MONK DIAMOND SHOWER LARGITION	1 2 3
8th Race SEATON ROSS RISQUE ABUNDANCE	1 2 3
9th Race VERSHAN QUEEN SINGER WHITE FLOWER	1 2 3
DAILY DOUBLE KILFINANE AND COMPLET.	
DAILY TREBLE ABDUL MALIK, BAY MONK, SEATON ROSS.	

BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE

Customs Top First Division

In the Bombay Hockey League, played under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Hockey Association, Ltd., Customs Athletic Club has secured the leading position by scoring 19 points. They did not lose a single match, won nine and drew one—an achievement perfectly in tune with their present form and strength. G.I.P. Railway and Best Sports Club have notched equal number of points, viz., 14. But the former by virtue of their better goal average stand second or the list. The B.E.C.I. Railway is close behind with one point in deficit. The Lusitanians have fallen away greatly in their rank, while the Indian Telegraphs are at the bottom of the ladder with only three points to their credit.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE LEAD
SECOND TABLE.

In the second Division of the League Bombay Telephone Co. putting up an unbeaten record, have topped the table, 46 goals for and 2 against in the course of 8 matches, is a performance worthy of high praise. Here again the next two teams have scored equal number of points and they are the Royal Indian Navy and 2nd Durham Light Infantry. The former gains the higher rank due to its superior goal average. The "Wooden Spoon" in this section goes to the 2nd Urban Infantry (I.T.F.) who have the distinction of putting up a blank point card.

HOCKEY LEAGUE TABLES UP TO 18-2-35.

								Goals
DIVISION I.		Played.	Won.	Lost	Drawn	For	Against	Points
CLUBS.								
Customs A C	10	9	0	1	60	6	19	
G I P Rly	10	7	3	0	16	9	14	
Best Sports Club	10	6	2	2	17	11	14	
B B & C I Rly.	10	6	3	1	22	11	13	
Times Of India	10	4	5	1	10	22	9	
Lusitanian S C	9	3	4	2	10	13	8	
3/1st Punjab Regt.	10	4	6	0	19	27	8	
Cathedral Old Boys	9	3	4	2	15	33	8	
St Xavier College	10	2	6	2	10	8	6	
3rd Re A F I	10	2	6	2	5	27	6	
Indian Telegraph	10	1	8	1	9	26	3	
The match between Lusitanian S C and Cathedral Old Boys will be played very shortly.								

The match between Lusitanian S C and Cathedral Old Boys will be played very shortly.

DIVISION II.		Played.	Won.	Lost	Drawn	For	Against	Points
CLUBS.								
Bombay Telephone Co.	8	8	5	0	0	47	2	16
Royal Indian Navy.	8	5	1	2	2	26	10	12
2nd Durham Lt Infy	8	6	2	2	0	25	12	12
I A S Corps	8	4	3	1	1	15	15	9
V J Tech Institute	8	4	4	0	10	10	12	8
Bombay Port Trust	8	3	4	1	1	20	28	7
YMCA Central	8	3	5	0	0	7	20	6
Radio & Cables Rec.	8	1	7	0	8	25	2	
2nd Urban Infy Itf	8	0	8	0	3	36	0	

ARMED DACOITS ROB MARWARI

Police Arrest Members Of Daring C. P. Gang

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Feb. 22.

Fifteen men armed with lathis are reported have committed a daring dacoity in a village in Drug District and after belabouring choudikars of a marwari decamped with Rs. 9,000. The Marwari was away from the village and the two women inmates who were taken by surprise were forced to surrender the keys of the safe.

The police arrested some members of the gang and a part of the stolen property has been recovered.

Up to last night 34,263 buyers had attended the British Industries Fair since it opened on Monday. This is an increase of 1,088 over the figure for the corresponding three days of the last year.

VICTIMS OF THANA LORRY ACCIDENT

One More Man Succumbs To Injuries Bringing Total To Six

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, Feb. 21.

One more death is added to the number of casualties in connection with the terrific lorry accident that occurred on Bombay-Panvel Road about two miles from Thana on last Sunday night.

Dharma Dhaku, one of the detained persons at the Thana Civil Hospital whose condition was precarious, succumbed this morning to the injuries sustained by him. This brings the number of dead to six.

A conference of villagers and agriculturists in the Delhi province will be held at Bawana on February 27 under the Presidency of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

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Pilano is the only remedy of its kind that has cured Piles. It is the Best and Safest and has definitely cured all sorts of Piles, where all other remedies have failed. It can be recommended with the utmost confidence to all sufferers from this distressing complaint. Original testimonials can be seen at our office. Try it now and get rid of your agonies immediately. Of all dealers, large tube complete with nozzle Rs. 1/12—V. P. Ans. 4.

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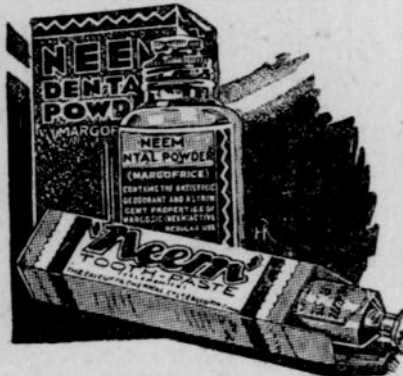
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Authorised Capital .. Rs. 11,25,00,000
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BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:—APOLLO STREET.
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IGNORED GATE-KEEPER'S WARNING

Woman Knocked Down By Train While Crossing Railway Lines

A woman named Rukminibai was knocked down at the Wadala Level Crossing on Thursday by a local electric train. She was killed on the spot.

It is stated that in spite of the warnings of the gate-keeper she attempted to cross the lines.

At the inquest on her body today the City Coroner's Jury returned the verdict: "Accidental death whilst rashly crossing the track in spite of warnings."

U. P. WANT CHAIN OF STADIUMS

Ambitious Plan To Develop Athletics On Large Scale

An appeal for funds to build a sports stadium in Lucknow has been issued by Sir Sita Ram, president of the United Provinces Sports Control Board. The appeal says: "To increase the efficiency and control of the Board it is considered necessary to have a chain of sports stadiums in the more important cities of the U.P., which would provide a suitable training ground for aspiring athletes and a meeting place for athletic contests. It is also the aim of the Board to engage expert coaches to go round the province and train promising athletes."

"We intend to make a beginning in this direction by starting with the construction of a sports stadium in Lucknow, where the headquarters of the Board is located. To build a stadium befitting the dignity and status of the Association and the city of Lucknow an approximate sum of Rs. 20,000 will be required."

"The stadium will be named after the person who donates the whole amount of Rs. 20,000. The pavilion will be named after a person donating Rs. 10,000; a single room in the pavilion or any one side of the seating gallery will be named after any person donating Rs. 2,500 or more, while gates will be named after each donor of Rs. 1,000 or more."

WANTED DETAILS

Association's Appeal To Tenants

The General Secretary of the Bombay Tenants' Association, writes:—

The Bombay Tenants' Association has resolved to give a serious consideration to the malpractice of giving votes by 'impersonation' which was found to be too much prevailing in the last Municipal Elections. The Association has appointed a special Committee in order to make a representation to the Municipal Corporation and the Government of Bombay wherein the ways and means of putting a stop to this corrupt practice will be suggested.

The citizens, who are interested in this subject are therefore requested to communicate their views on this subject.

The Association and the Municipality receive many complaints of shortage of water supply. The Corporation has recently appointed a Committee to inquire into this and to remove this grievance. The tenants who have been suffering will please inform their addresses to the Head Office of the Association (250, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay, No. 4), or to any branch office so that arrangement be made to visit these places and show them to the Committee.

GAMBLING RAID ACCUSED IN COURT

Following a raid under a gaming warrant on a Hindu Restaurant in the ground floor of Shapoorji Manekji Buildings, Khetwadi Main Lane, on Thursday night, Dandu Bala and Gangadhar Pandlik and seven others were arrested by the Lamington Road police.

The first two accused are alleged to be the manager and keeper respectively of the "Sutta" shop. Books bearing "Sutta" figures, two marked eight-anna coins and a sum of Rs. 51-1-9 were seized.

The accused were ordered by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon, to be released on a bail of Rs. 100 each, with Rs. 30 deposit, in default to be remanded into custody till February 26.

CHARGED WITH WIFE'S MURDER

Subject Of Bhori State On Trial At Thana

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Feb. 20. Before Mr. M. A. Bhaye, the Sessions Judge of Thana, and a Jury the trial began today of Pandoo Rupa Powar, a native of Sadnagad taluka in the Bhori State, on a charge of having murdered his wife Bhivari on October 10 last at Warane village in the Pen taluka.

The accused was committed to sessions by Mr. K. R. Shit, first class Magistrate of Pen on December 22.

The prosecution story is that four days prior to 'pitri amavasya', Hadkya went to the accused's house and escorted his sister Bhivari to Warane. Two days later the accused also came in spite of the protest of the accused, she accompanied her father to Pen. She returned home that very day, but her husband got indignant as his word was not respected. He left the place the following morning.

On October 9, the accused again came to his father-in-law's house and told his wife to accompany him. When the accused refused to take food, his life got suspicious and proposed that her father should accompany them. Enraged at this, the accused took away his two children. Bhivari did not like that her children should be thus taken away, so she followed him under the escort of her mother. The accused told her to go back and 'fetch the 'sari' left behind. Bhivari then disappeared. The accused again came to his father-in-law's house with children. He found that she was not there. Her brother, uncle and the accused went in search after Bhivari in vain. Early next morning the accused saw her in the company of one Rama Katkari. When she began to run away, the accused chased her and felled her with a stick, with the result that she died on the spot due to fracture of skull.

The accused then hurried to his father-in-law's house. He was awfully nervous, so he took away the children saving that she was not found. However, his father-in-law suspected foul play. In the course of the search the dead body was found. The police officer then arrested the accused.

Mr. R. M. Chitnis, assistant public prosecutor, appears for the Crown, and Mr. R. D. Potnis for the defence. The case is proceeding.

DARING ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY

Villagers Belaboured With Lathis

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Feb. 20. In view of the daring nature of a dacoity committed at Dehne village in the Shapur Taluka on the night of February 16 last, the news regarding which has reached here, Rao Bahadur N. V. Trivedi, Superintendent of the Thana District Police, proceeded today to the scene of offence for investigating the crime personally.

It appears that the village, which is 21 miles from the Kinhavli police station, is far off from the railway line. On February 16 last at about 11 p.m. two robbers went to the house of one Balu and called him out. They then demanded of him Rs. 100. When he showed his inability, they told him to summon all villagers. Hearing this talk Balu's wife got frightened and informed their neighbours. When half a dozen villagers came there, the robbers called upon them to pay Rs. 100 immediately. By this time two other robbers joined the former and began to belabour the villagers who had gathered there with lathis. When an alarm was sent round other villagers also came there. Thereupon the four robbers and a 'robber' woman, who was all the while standing underneath a tree, decamped.

It is reported that about half a dozen villagers have been injured in the course of the attack.

None has been arrested so far.

SANITARY CONDITIONS IN SEWRI

An Appeal To Municipal Commissioner

On behalf of the Provisional Committee of the Sanyuk'ta Hindi Bhashi Sangh, Sewri Branch, Mr. Zulmiram Chowdhary has made a representation to the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay in the course of which he says:— "That part of Sewri, which is known as 'Tokersi Bag' is mainly occupied by the up-countrymen who have rented land from Mr. Tokersi Jivraj, J.P. Landlord and built huts thereon either of leaves and grass or of tin sheets. There are more than a hundred such huts occupied by nearly a thousand men."

NO SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS In spite of such a large number of tenants and sub-tenants, the landlord has made no sanitary arrangements therein, that there is no water tap, no urinal, no latrine and no sweeper engaged to sweep the place and keep it clean.

A personal visit to this place will convince you of the accuracy of the statement.

The Maharajah of Kalahandi has donated Rs. 25,000 to Their Majesties Silver Jubilee Fund.

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And Here's Why

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Everyone likes Rowntree's, the flavour is irresistible. Rich, creamy, delicious, it is eagerly taken by young and old. And it is so good for you, too!

Experience in hospital practice has demonstrated its use as a very active digestive agent. It helps you to assimilate your food, to keep fit and well. That is why doctors recommend Rowntree's as the family beverage.

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ROWNTREE'S COCOA

SOLD IN
1/2 & 1lb
TINS

ACTUALLY HELPS DIGESTION

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All Chest and Lung Affections

Prescribed by the Medical Profession for over forty years, Angier's Emulsion is now universally recognised as a standard approved treatment for colds, coughs, bronchitis, influenza and all catarrhal affections of the respiratory or digestive organs. It is soothing and healing to throat, lungs, stomach and intestines, and it has a most invigorating tonic influence upon the general health.

The Perfect Emulsion For All Ages.

A clergyman writes:—"As a preventative against taking cold and as a sure pick-me-up when run-down, I have found nothing to equal Angier's Emulsion. Its beneficial effects are soon discovered. Many an illness would be avoided or shortened by its prompt use."

(Signed)—Rev. W. Holroyd, Whiston Lane, Prescott.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all tastes and religions.



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The only cure so highly recommended by several Doctors, Hakims, Vaidas, etc., etc. Abbe's Cure not only cures Diabetes but also purifies blood, restores energy, vigour and keeps the patient as healthy as ever.

Booklet by Dr SABIN with testimonials of the year 1934 free.

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BOMBAY, No. 2. Tel. 24761.

From Petty Clerk To Bank Chief

Tributes To Pochkhanawala For His Services To Indian Banking

LUCKNOW. (By Mail.)

The services rendered by Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala, the Managing Director of the Central Bank of India were referred to on the occasion of presenting a civic address to him by the Lucknow Municipal Board.

The history of the Bank as well as its maker reads, says the address, like a fairy tale in the banking world.

Tracing the various trials and tribulations with which the Central Bank Chief was confronted from the time, he worked as a petty clerk on Rs. 20, the Municipal address referred to the current capital of the Bank, which is 3½ crores subscribed and a creditable reserve of over 10 lakhs, and concluded that it looked forward to a sound lead from him to help the indigenous industries of the United Provinces.

Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala, replying, laid stress on the need of utilising the natural resources of the country for starting industries and producing manufactured articles. The income derived from industries by the Indian population, he observed, was in the neighbourhood of Rs. 12, while that of the United States of America, United Kingdom and Japan ran into more than a hundred.

The address was presented by Mr. Bishambar Nath Srivastava, Chairman.

In the course of the address it was stated:—

"This is a unique occasion in the life of the Lucknow Municipal Board, when it is welcoming to this historical city a personality who is looked upon as the pioneer of sound banking movement among Indians, throughout this country."

"The history of your life is a remarkable one. At the age of 17, in the year 1898 you joined the Chartered Bank as a clerk on Rs. 20 a month. Being interested in banking, you began taking lessons by correspondence with a London Institution, and while still in the Chartered Bank you utilised every opportunity to gain practical knowledge. After sometime, you were made Assistant Accountant in the newly started Bank of India and you were soon entrusted with the task of organising the various departments in the said Bank of India but it was the circumstance of your application in Merchants Bank for Managership being rejected which for the first time created in you the idea of starting a purely National Bank."

"Your failures and difficulties at this stage of life and how you overcame them, are a remarkable example of singleness of purpose and determination, which ultimately won for you the prominent position which you now occupy as the foremost Indian leader in the Commercial line."

READS LIKE A FAIRY TALE

"It is now nearly 24 years ago that the Central Bank of India came into existence. The most significant fact was, that the paid up capital of ten lacs was collected exclusively from Indians, and the bank was entirely manned by Indians. In spite of several critical situations, which you have had to face, the Bank improved from day to-day, and to-day the Central Bank of India Ltd., ranks as the foremost amongst the Joint Stock Banks registered in India. Its capital to-day stands at nearly 3½ crores subscribed, of which, half is paid up, and it can boast of a reserve of over seventy lacs. Public deposits in 1934 amounted to over 24 crores. Thus the history of the bank, as well as your rise, reads, like a fairy tale of the banking world."

"The Central Bank of India now has several branches throughout the length and breadth of this country, and its Lucknow branch enjoys the utmost confidence of the public. The history of your achievements would be incomplete, if we did not refer to the very important part that you took in averting the greatest financial crisis that faced our country in the year 1923, by effecting the amalgamation of the Tata Indus-

SOUND LEAD.

"We are gratified to see that the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Cudh have chosen you as the Chairman of a very important committee which has been appointed to consider and report about the financing of industries in the province. You have already presided over a Banking Committee, appointed by the Government of Ceylon, and we understand that your recommendations have been of considerable value and help to that Government. We trust that you will give a sound lead to the national and indigenous industries of the province which require a great deal of support and protection at this stage of their developments."

REPLY TO ADDRESS

After thanking the Board for the address, Sir S. Pochkhanawala in the course of his reply said:—

"I do not know how far do I deserve these compliments, but I must admit that the present position of the Central Bank is also due to the business experience, personal interest and goodwill of our Chairman and Board of Directors, and to the co-operation of the staff. It is also due to the confidence and trust placed by the public on this bank."

A RESERVOIR.

Banks serve as a reservoir for giving financial assistance to trade and industry and are, therefore, indispensable in every country. The prosperity of the country depends upon its trade and industry and unless the natural resources of a country are utilised in establishing industries and producing manufactured articles, its economic development remains in the background."

"In this connection it would be instructive to note that the income per head of population derived from industries in United States of America comes to Rs. 721 in the United Kingdom Rs. 412, in Japan Rs. 1, and in poor India the income is nothing more than Rs. 12."

"The political advancement of a country must go hand in hand with its economic development, and one should not be neglected and sacrificed in favour of the other. Personally I would prefer greater attention being paid to the economic development of India, as it would greatly help in increasing the prosperity of our country as a whole, and would pave the way for meriting and attaining increased political power."

"I therefore, congratulate the U. P. Government in this respect on its attempt to find some practical solution of the industrial problem now facing their provinces."

Small Industries Must Be Revived

U. P. I. G. OF POLICE ADVISES GRADUATES TO TAKE COMMERCIAL PROFESSION

BENARES, Feb. 20.

Child marriages, dowries, marriage expenses, religious and social customs and ignorance were to a great extent, responsible for the present backward condition of the country stated Mr. S. T. Hollins, Inspector General of Police, United Provinces, before the U. P. Unemployment Committee which resumed to-day with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru in the chair. Mr. Hollins thought that legislation or executive order would not prevent child marriage, but that the spread of education alone would bring the people to the realisation of its baneful effects.

REVIVE SMALL INDUSTRIES.

He suggested the revival and development of small industries under the supervision of the Government or the District Boards. He blamed the present system of education for a great deal of the country's unemployment and discontent. General knowledge was essential and parrot-like knowledge of a subject should be discouraged. The classical languages and modern languages of the country were thrust in the background by making English the medium of instruction. Indians excelled in literature and philo-

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Disability Benefit, Extended Assurance, Special Revival, Joint Life, Female Life and all other up-to-date privileges. Premiums Moderate.

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Whole Life, Rs. 22-8,
Endowment, Rs. 18-0.

"PROTECT INDIAN SILK INDUSTRY"

Mysore Commerce Chamber To Move Indian Chamber's Annual Meeting

(From Our Correspondent).
BANGALORE, (By Mail.)

The desirability of establishing a Central Economic Council and Provincial Economic Councils of a predominantly unofficial character, with corresponding official bodies to carry out their recommendations, with a view to secure expert and representative advice for the study of economic questions affecting the trade and commerce of the country, further increased protection to the Indian Silk Industry, the unwisdom of the Government of India entering into trade agreement with Great Britain without ascertaining the commercial interests in India and the necessity for the Government of India making arrangements to see that through booking of parcels and passengers is established between the Indian Railways and the Ceylon Government Railway—these are the substance of some of the resolutions given notice of by the Mysore Chamber of Commerce for discussion at the Annual Meeting of the Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry to be held in Delhi by the end of March 1935.

NOT IN COUNTRY'S BEST INTEREST

The resolution of the Chamber relating to the Trade-agreement runs as follows:—"That in view of the definite attitude taken by the Government of India in connection with the recent trade agreement between India and Great Britain in spite of the determined opposition of the Indian Commercial community and in view of the fact that the latter not having had an opportunity of expressing themselves either for or against the agreement before it was entered into, this Federation emphatically protests against the wisdom of the Government of India giving effect to it; this resolution further urges that it is not in the best interests of the country that the Government should without taking the Indian mercantile community enter into any trade agreement on behalf of India with any other country."

STATE MANAGEMENT OF RAILWAY.

The Mysore Chamber also urges on the attention of the Government of India through the Federation the desirability of continuing the policy of taking over for State management the Railway as and when the contracts for their administrations expire and urges on the Government of India to terminate their agreement with the M. & S. M. Railway Co. at the end of 1937.

sophy of the West at the expense of the literature and philosophy of the East. He wanted a radical change in the educational system and advocated free primary education. He would divert to manual and technical classes those who had no literary ability.

Mr. Hollins said:—"It is generally believed that in obtaining Government appointments one becomes one of the Government class. Many young men when they secure Government appointments forget that they are servants of the public. This attitude should be deprecated. Mr. Hollins wanted young men to realize that the profession of commerce furnished just as noble employment as Government service did. He stated that 80 per cent of the graduates took 'degrees merely with a view to obtaining Government service.—A.P."

STRENGTH FOR MY SON AND YOURS

My boy was listless—prone to catch coughs and colds—surpassed by other boys in sports and studies.



Now he is sturdy and strong and pulsing with new vitality!

I WANT every Mother to share my simple secret—give your child Waterbury's Compound regularly! It is so rich in liver extracts, malt extracts and other nourishing ingredients that build strong bones and bodies and make rich, red blood! Fortified with these beneficial elements, the body repels disease, banishes fatigue, enjoys the buoyant, ever-active vigour that is the heritage of healthy childhood.

Give your children these benefits their growing bodies need—you'll find they like the pleasant taste of Waterbury's Compound...you can't begin too soon!



Sold in Blue and Red wrappers... the Red as a general and bronchial tonic.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

Don't let Constipation mar your beauty

Take Castophene and keep well.

CASTOPHENE MFG. CO., (India). Post Box 2187, Bombay.

Bombay Agents:—CHIMANLAL VADILAL & CO.

Our Baroda Letter

EDUCATION

IN THE STATE

Remarkable Progress During Past Year

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Feb. 20. The report of the Educational Department for the year 1933-34 shows remarkable progress, with 2480 educational institutions in the State, and 26992 pupils attending them. The percentage of boys and girls under instruction to the total male and female population was 13.3 and 8.3, showing a little increase than last year.

There were 78 Government Harijan schools with 4775 pupils, and the number of Harijan pupils attending Government and other mixed schools was 16,779 making the total number of Harijan pupils under instruction to 21,553, giving a percentage of 10.4 to the total Harijan population. Special efforts are made to educate the Harijans. Education of the forest tribes is be-

ing continued on sound lines.

The total expenditure on all primary schools amounted to Rs. 21 lakhs, while the total expenditure under the head of education for the year 1933-34 was Rs. 36,84,360 as against Rs. 36,11,779 of the previous year. Attention is also paid to physical education and music.

The oriental institute museum and picture gallery and other institutions continued their work well.

KEY TO HAPPINESS.

A well-known Jain Saint Muni, Shri Vidyavijayaji delivered a series of lectures at Mehana in Baroda State on "Key to happiness," "Duty of Worldly Persons," and "Present Social Order," under auspices of the Ecclesiastical Department of the State.

Munisri said that tranquillity and purity are the hinges of happiness, that domestic life necessitates proper fulfilment of all social and religious obligations, and that unity and harmony was the 'summum bonum' of all peace and progress in social order. Mr. Nalbari, Dharmadhikari, thanked the Muni for his thought-provoking lectures. The lectures were attended by Jains, Sanatanists, Muslims Hindus, and other persons in large numbers.

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All India Lawn Tennis Tournament; Western India Championships; Bombay Presidency Hard Court Championships; Calcutta Championships; South India Championships; Punjab Championships; Delhi and Army and Air Force Championships; Delhi Lawn Tennis Championships; Burma Championships; and used by the Western Australian Invitation Team during their Indian Tour last Cold Weather.

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Maternal And Infant Mortality In India Very High

Lack Of Education And Poverty Responsible For Loss Of Mothers And Babies

"If it is true that the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world and that nations walk on the feet of their babies, the problem of Maternal and Infant Mortality should engage the attention of our Nation Builders" said Dr. Mrs. Socrates Noronha in introducing her lecture at the Bowen Memorial Hall yesterday evening the 5th of a series organised by the Health Committee of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, Mrs. Francis Low presided.

Mrs. Noronha pointed out that in India there were 12 deaths of mothers in every 1000 confinements and about 260 deaths of infants under one year in every 1,000 births. In England they only lost one mother and 70 infants respectively. She emphasized the fact that though a loss of two million babies every year was not a matter of economic concern for India where birth rate was high, a high infant mortality was an index of the general health of the population and that a high infant mortality rate meant a nation physically poor. And then, there was the heart-rending spectacle in India of a little soul under 12 months passing away every hour of the day or night.

Lack of Education
High maternal and infant mortality had many causes but if one scrutinised them closely most of them were based on one factor only: lack of education which would have built for the individual a code of personal and domestic hygiene and impelled him to demand public health measures in the shape of social services which he has a right to demand as a taxpayer. The next great cause was poverty. About 70 per cent of the total infant mortality occurred in a class of people living in one room tenements and the proportion of deaths to births varied inversely as the number of rooms occupied by the parents.

Bombay Leads The Way
Bombay had done a good deal during the last 10 years. The Maternal Mortality which in 1925 was 12 per 1000 was only 6 today. The Infant Mortality had similarly fallen from 450 to 215. The birth rate had actually increased over death rate—an excess population recorded for the first time since 1866. It was very consoling to note that of 29,375 births taking place annually in the city about 65 to 70 per cent took place in Ma-

ternity Homes. All this was a proud achievement for the Health Department of the City and for the many private organisations at work in the field of Social Service.

Lady Officer Needed
Much more remained to be done. The first need was education, i.e., leading the mind into proper habits of thought. This could only be acquired by removing illiteracy and this aim could only be attained by pushing primary education to compulsion. However a problem of much easier solution was the introduction of an early date of legislation on the lines of the Midwives Act of 1902 in England.

A carefully organised regulation of midwives work under expert control was the most important step which could be taken in the interest of maternal and child welfare. It should aim at helping the existing untrained women to gain the necessary knowledge and at the proper training of those who intend practising as midwives in the future.

Mrs. Noronha understood that Government were proposing to incorporate the B. P. Nursing Association by an Act on the lines of the Nurses' Registration Act in the United Kingdom and which would provide for the training, examination, registration, and supervision of midwives. She was of the opinion that if an Act like that was passed the Supervising Authority should necessarily be the Bombay Municipality which controls all health problems. On several occasions the Association of Medical Women in India had suggested to the Corporation that in case they accepted the Supervision of the proposed Midwives Act, a Woman Health Officer should be appointed to carry out the provisions of the Act, as a woman and a woman alone better understood these problems.

It was also suggested that such an officer would be able to co-ordinate all maternity and child-welfare work of the city. Government, Municipal and Voluntary. This course was adopted in many Western Countries and also in some parts of India namely in the United Provinces and Madras. Did Bombay wish to relinquish the pride of place in not adopting a measure which gave such excellent results in other countries, asked Mrs. Noronha in concluding her lecture.

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED CHEATING Story Of Clever Confidence Trick Told During Trial

On a charge of cheating and abetment thereof in respect of Rs. 5,000, Narayan Vishnu (36) was arrested on Thursday and was ordered by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon, to be released on a bail of Rs. 5,000 with a surety in the like amount and Rs. 1,000 deposit, or in default to be remanded into custody till March 4, pending further police enquiries.

The allegations against the accused are that he introduced one Chimanlal alias Manilal to Mr.

Varde, the complainant, as a broker in pearls and diamonds. Since then Chimanlal has been after the complainant and induced him to raise an amount of Rs. 5,000 on the pretext that they could profitably buy jewellery from a widow, valued at Rs. 25,000.

It is alleged that one day Chimanlal took the complainant to the railway hotel, saying that they could transact the business with an agent of the widow, where a stranger, it is said, showed some ornaments and took the amount of Rs. 5,000 from the complainant and went out without giving the ornaments to him.

Chimanlal was arrested on Sunday last. The stranger, Tripatrao Scinde, is still at large.

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DESERTED BY HER HUSBAND?

Ailing Woman Kills Herself By Setting Clothes On Fire

How a woman who was suffering for some time past from dysentery and whose husband had disappeared after receiving his wages, decided to put an end to her life when her two children had gone to school, was told before the City Coroner at the inquest on Jinabai Issak.

The deceased who was residing at Mahomedan St. near Nagpada poured on her body, on Tuesday last, a bottle of kerosene oil and set fire to it by means of a piece of burning paper. She was removed to the J. J. Hospital by the Police but succumbed to her injuries on Thursday night.

At the inquest on her body, the Coroner's jury returned the verdict: "Shock from extensive suicidal burns."

STABBING OF PATHAN

Evidence Of Schoolboys And Girl At Inquest

A young girl of about six years and two boys of about 9 and 11 stepped into the witness-box to the astonishment of the Jury and others in the Court to give evidence at the adjourned inquest on Abdul Rasool (20), a Pathan who was fatally stabbed on February 7 at Trimbak Parasram Street.

Nannoo Ganbag (11), a school-boy, stated that on the day in question he had returned from school in the afternoon. No sooner had he entered the room than he heard a loud noise and going out saw the two suspects (produced in the Court) stabbing the deceased with knives in hand.

He later reported the matter to Saidulla, employed in an adjacent hotel, and also to a policeman who happened to be in the hotel.

To a question from the Coroner, he replied that two others, Goliva, a girl and Munnial, a boy, who later gave evidence, were present near the scene. He however did not know why the suspects stabbed the deceased.

"Man With Beard"

Munnial Sadoo (9), another school-boy, giving evidence, stated that he saw the two suspects, one of whom he described as the man with a beard and the other as a young boy, stabbed the deceased with knives. Through fear he rushed to a lavatory. He identified the suspects from among nine persons.

Ran Away In Fear.

Gaiwa Sadoo (6) seated on chair placed in a conspicuous position and lisping in syllable as she gave evidence, stated that a man with beard stopped the deceased's mouth with his hand and the other suspect whom she described as a young man stabbed him (the deceased) in the abdomen. She ran away through fear but returned later when the assailants had fled.

Alamkhan Sodamal, next witness, said that the deceased was his co-tenant and when he returned in the afternoon he saw him in a pool of blood and was informed by the police that the deceased had been stabbed. He told the police that the two suspects had visited him that morning. The Police arrested the two suspects.

Mohamad Ayub Khan, one of the suspects whom the children described as the man with the beard stated to the Coroner that the children had been tutored. When asked who tutored them, he said he did not know that but his 'Akkal' (Intelligence) told him that. He denied the knowledge of anything connected with the incident.

The Verdict

The Coroner's Jury after hearing the evidence returned the verdict: "Homicidal stab wounds inflicted by means of a sharp weapon. These wounds were inflicted with murderous intent by the two suspects, Mohamad Azub Khan and Sardarkhan Nawab Khan. They ought to be prosecuted on a charge of murder under section 302 and 114 I.P.C."

The crypt of the chapel of the Houses of Parliament was the scene of the wedding, on Thursday, of Miss Diane, daughter of Sir Austen Chamberlain, and Mr. Arthur Terence, son of the late Brigadier Sir Arthur Maxwell.

Raja Fazal Mohammad has been appointed Education Superintendent of the Delhi Municipal committee.

JAPAN'S AMAZING PROGRESS

Film At Photo-Cine-Radio Exhibition Provides Lesson For India

What perfection a nation, in a position to utilise the talent of her people, can attain by fully exploiting the opportunities afforded in every department of life, can be seen at the Motion Picture Society's Exhibition which is on show at the Town Hall.

The Society were able to obtain an educational film of the progress and achievement of Japan in her industrial life and the thorough westernising of so oriental a nation as Japan in every aspect of life, in industry, in sport, in transport, is indeed amazing.

Specially is this so in the case of a country like Japan, whose antiquity almost vanishes into the forgotten past and whose insularity throughout the ages and generations together had been notorious, her exclusiveness being sought to be preserved time and again with brutal fierceness.

The naivety of Japanese Art, the rapidity of her progress, the quaint customs and the queer processions smacking of oriental pomposity, the temple relics of antiquity are pictured so as to give the audience an idea as to how an oriental nation had lived through generations of tradition and lived out of it again to compete for a place under the sun in the modern world.

The Motion Picture Society deserve the thanks of every Indian, in enabling him or her to understand how a people live and progress on the brink of volcanoes and in the face of earthquakes which are a geographical feature of Japanese life.

Such educational films show how the world moves and where India stands. It would have been better if the picture also showed, at length how the workers and peasants of that country live in their humble surroundings.

A visit to the Town Hall is worthwhile. One is more enlightened when one comes out.

SCHOOL TEACHER'S SUICIDE AT COLABA

A verdict of suicide was on Friday returned by the City Coroner at the inquest on Ramchandra Pandurang Achrekar (53), a school teacher in the Colaba Causeway Primary School.

Ramchandra is stated to have fallen down from the third floor of Jeral Nawroji Building. Death was instantaneous.

The Colaba Police recovered a letter in which he stated he was throwing himself down from the building on account of illness and did not blame anybody for it.

A brother of the deceased stated that during the last two months the deceased was distressed over a fraud practised on him.

The Jury returned the verdict, stated above.

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O. O. C. J. Suit No. 1799 of 1932

Messrs. C. LAL & CO. V/S Plaintiffs.
Mr. R. J. PATELL. V/S Defendants.
Under instructions from the Agent of the Plaintiffs under
Power of Authority received by him from the High Court of Bom-
bay.

On (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 24th day of February, 1935,
at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

On account and at the risk of the Defendants and others
Messrs D. Mistry and Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell the
Jewellery concerning the above Suit by public auction sale at the
abovementioned place and time:—Comprising.

Pearl and Many Necklaces, Diamond and Emerald Kalgi,
Diamond and Emerald French Watch, Diamond bangles, Diamond
Kudas and booty, Nose rings, of 7 and 1 Diamond, Single Dia-
mond rings, weighing, 2-312-434- and 8 Rattis, Diamond and
Emerald Mangalsutar, Sadi pin and Earrings, Bracelets, Collar To-
ranhar, Rose rings, Diamond Button Sets, Pearl ornaments, etc.

Jewellery on view from 12 p.m. to 6 p.m. for
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guese Church, on WEDNESDAY,
the 6th March, 1935, at 4-30 p.m.
(S.T.) at the premises under in-
structions from the Court Re-
ceiver as the Receiver appointed
in Suit No. 1159 of 1929: Nalinibai
widow of Yeshwant Kashinath
Padwal v/s Ramchandra Gharuji
Padwal and Others and in pur-
suance of the directions contain-
ed in the Decree made in the
above suit on the 11th day of
July, 1933.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of
Pension and Tax Land admeasur-
ing about 417 sq. yds. together
with the dwelling house thereon
situate at Portuguese Church
Street, Dadar, and bearing Cada-
stral Survey No. 1496 of Lower Pa-
rel Division.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of
vacant land of the Pension and
Tax tenure admeasuring about
250 sq. yds. situate to the East
of the property firstly herein-
before described and bearing Ca-
dastral Survey No. 1497 of Lower
Parel Division.

For further particulars and
conditions of sale apply to Messrs.
Aibara & Co., Attorneys for the
Court Receiver, Central Bank
Building, Esplanade Road, Fort,
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BRUTAL DACOITY
IN FRONTIER

Chowkidar Shot Dead And
Woman Stabbed By
Armed Men

DERAISMAL KHAN, Feb. 20.

A Chowkidar was shot dead, a
woman stabbed to death and
the owner of a house is lying in
a precarious condition.

These are the results of a sen-
sational armed dacoity at Gar-
rahahabaz, a place about 5
miles east of Dera Ismail Khan
District. The villagers were terri-
fied by the dacoits who kept on
firing at random, until they
forced open the house of Wasu-
ram, ransacked the house and
looted property and ornaments in
large quantities.

Wasuram and his wife were
stabbed, while a Chowkidar who
challenged the dacoits when they
were escaping with the looted
property was shot dead. No
arrest has been made till now;
investigation is proceeding.—Uni-
ted Press.

The annual auction sales of the
licences for country liquor shops
began before Sahebajada Sirdar
Mahamodkhan, the Collector and
the Superintendent of Excise for
Ratnagiri and Kolaba.

"UNITY TALKS
ARE BOGUS"

Bhai Parmanand Finds No
Truth Or Sincerity In
Delhi Parleys

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

At a public meeting held un-
der the auspices of the Recep-
tion Committee of the anti-Com-
munal Award Conference with
Pandit Malaviya in the chair,
speeches were made suggest-
ing that the chances of a successful
termination of the unity talks at
present proceeding here were re-
mote.

Sardar Sant Sing, M.L.A.,
thought that Mr. Jinnah, Babu
Rajendra Prasad and the Con-
gress were ignoring the Sikhs.
The Sikhs, he said, would not
accept their decision. He be-
lieved the unity talks to be a
mere hoax played by Mr. Jinnah
in order to come into the lime-
light.

Bhai Parmanand, President of
the Hindu Mahasabha, thought
that the unity talks appeared to
be bogus. He did not find any
truth or sincerity in them. A
settlement arrived in a bargain-
ing spirit could not have a last-
ing effect. There was a general
condemnation of the Communal
Award.

Trust One Another.

Pandit Malaviya, who was
slightly indisposed, emphasised
that separate electorate and
Swaraj could not go together.
The general idea he said should
be to trust one another, while
separate electorate meant dis-
trust and disunity.

The Pandit said that since the
publication of the J. P. C. Report
Muslims had begun to realise
the emptiness of the separate
electorate. He criticised the Con-
gress party in remaining neutral
on the question of the Communal
Award whereas before entering
the Assembly they had declared
that they would oppose any reso-
lution for or against the Com-
munal Award. India had now
got nothing more than the Com-
munal Award.

Referring to the unity talks,
the Pandit said that a solution
should be such as would be liked
by all but by keeping the Com-
munal Award intact there was no
possibility of unity. This should
be changed.—A.P.

YEAR'S VOYAGING
IN CANOE

Polish Couple Reach Indus
After Exciting Adventures

KOTRI, (Sind), Feb. 20.

After a year's adventurous voy-
age in a sailing canoe on rivers,
seas, canals, and other waterways
of Europe and the Far East, Dr.
and Mrs. Wacław Korabiewicz, a
Polish couple, who left their
country on February 22 of last
year on a voyage to China, have
now arrived here, sailing up the
Indus.

Their voyage up the river In-
dus, with strong after-monsoon
currents, unfavourable winds and
attacks from crocodiles was the
most dangerous they had up to
now encountered and they were
often obliged to drag their canoe
ashore for safety.

Leaving Poland, they navigated
their canoe through the Danube
in Central Europe, the Pruth in
Roumania, the Black Sea, the
Straits of Bosphorus and Dar-
danelles, the Sea of Marmora and
up the river Euphrates.

In view of the danger from
pirates and bandits in the Pers-
ian Gulf, they boarded a steam-
er from Busra and arrived at
Karachi to continue further their
voyage through the Indus and
the Ganges to Calcutta. They in-
tend to reach Shanghai navigat-
ing their little canoe through the
rivers and waterways of Burma
and China.—A.P.

Captain Hodgson Gets 2 1/2
Years On Four Charges

CALCUTTA, February 20.
Pleading guilty to four separate
charges of cheating by means of
bogus cheques involving Rs.
2,287, Capt. H. A. C. Hodgson
was sentenced to a total term of
two and a half years' rigorous
imprisonment by the Chief Pre-
sidency Magistrate to-day.

The Chief Court Inspector in-
formed the Magistrate that the
accused was also wanted at La-
hore in connection with some
cheating cases.—United Press.

WEST END 'SECUNDUS'
ECONOMY GRADE
KEYLESS LEVER WRIST WATCHES



"SECUNDUS" NEW CALIBRE
Nickel Silver - Rs. 32
"Everbright" Steel - Rs. 35
Rolled Gold - Rs. 37
9-ct. Solid Gold - Rs. 60

"SECUNDUS" MINIATURE
Rolled Gold, 10 years' quality - Rs. 35
9-ct. Solid Gold - Rs. 45
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Dependability at low cost.
Send for FREE Descriptive Leaflet.

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BOMBAY CALCUTTA

For A Tonic To Revitalise!

SURABALLI KASAYA

Purifies the blood, builds muscles, bone and nerves.

It is prepared from indigenous herbs under tropical conditions fresh daily in Calcutta

C. K. SEN & CO., LD.

Over 50 Years
in the Trade.

20, Kolatola—CALCUTTA.

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take to
SURABALLI KASAYA
for
Energy



Flies spread TYPHOID GERMS on your food-- FLIT kills them

Sprinkle **FLIT POWDER!**
Kills bedbugs, ants, cockroaches, fleas, lice etc. Has all the killing power of famous Flit Spray.

Insist on FLIT
IMITATIONS WASTE YOUR MONEY

Sole Distributors—
Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Post Box 431, BOMBAY.

Annual Market Review

India Building Up Her Credit

Cheap Money Has Brought Great Relief To Agricultural Community

(From Our Commercial Correspondent)

Messrs. Premchand Roychand and Sons have issued the annual market review for 1934, which deals with local and foreign economic and financial countries.

The introductory note begins with international situation and states that mankind has trodden unfamiliar paths in pursuit of remote and undefined objectives during the year which has just ended. Economic maladjustments, accentuated by complete absence of constructive co-operation, have been further aggravated by an almost unexampled series of crises, both domestic and international. In Germany military re-armament in Austria, tension created by the murder of the Chancellor, in France, financial scandals, in Spain, communist revolt, in U. S. A., Congress elections, in Japan, denunciations of naval treaty all further contributed to the lack of confidence.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN U. S.
In the economic field there has been lack of encouragement, in the United States unemployment is most acute because in that country production has been carried further than elsewhere without any adequate effort being made to balance mass production. Twenty million people are dependent on public relief and until measures capable of giving these people self-sustaining employment are evolved economic experimentation will continue.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION.
It is easy to state the problem of the disequilibrium in agricultural production, but it is not so easy to indicate the solution. Agriculture is the world's greatest industry and engages half the population of the world. The purchasing power of this agricultural population is a key factor in the economic situation. If the farmer gets into difficulties, the whole of industry and trade will be affected.

MONEY.
Money like produce is cheap, mainly owing to limited demand resulting from bad trades. Detailing the advantages of cheap money, the British Government have been able to bring down the cost of interest on the National debt by about 20 per cent. since 1931. Other parts of the Empire have derived considerable advantages.

TRADE IN INDIA.
Indian trade forms such a vital link in the system of international commerce that the influence of world economic factors on the internal economic situation is bound to be considerable. Owing to the persistent and lingering effects of the great depression, the trade recovery which has taken place in some countries appears to be only temporary. Naturally, therefore, in India there are hardly any signs of trade recovery of a permanent nature. The balance of trade in merchandise in favour of India is Rs. 25.02 crores against Rs. 31 crores in 1933. The total merchandise exports including re-exports amounted to Rs. 151.42

crores as against Rs. 147.39 crores in 1933, whereas the imports of merchandise aggregated Rs. 126.39 crores against Rs. 116.04 crores in the previous year. The index of wholesale prices indicates a further diminution of one point during the year under the 1933 index average and 12 points under the 1932 average (taking July 1914 average=100).

GOLD EXPORTS.
The outward flow of gold from India has been very considerable ever since the abandonment of the gold standard by the United Kingdom in September 1931 and must be evident by now that the hidden treasures will soon be exhausted, if the exports continue at the same pace. India can no longer depend on gold export to liquidate her external debt. It is obvious that for a predominantly agricultural country like India, the entire economy is dependent on its ability to sell its raw materials in the world market. So long as India is unable to find markets for the sale of her products, she cannot afford to allow import of merchandise to flow in freely, thereby increasing her external debt, which is already heavy.

LIVING ON CAPITAL.
Owing to continued exports of gold throughout the year government were able to adjust their ways and means position with ease. These exports remained the principal mainstay of the sterling Exchange and the Government were able to buy large amounts of sterling and one wonders what would have happened to the finance and trade of the country, had India not had the gold stocks which were preserved for years. Total exports of gold during the year amounted to Rs. 60.50 crores as against Rs. 51.25 crores during the previous year.

These exports increased the supply of cheap money which in turn raised the values of securities and shares. India is living to-day on capital and small improvements recorded here and there are only temporary. Supplies of gold are likely to be diminished and we are likely to face trying periods.

INDIA'S CREDIT GOES UP.
The year 1934 therefore ends on a note of hope and reasoned confidence. The credit of India has developed almost unexpected strength. Owing to the rise in the price of gold the Indian seller has made immense profits. The increase in the value of produce has brought relief to the agricultural community. The two great manufacturing industries, cotton and jute are on a better basis. The new basic iron and steel industry is flourishing and the newest industries, cement and sugar are prospering. The older industrial countries are now bent on the painful task of adjusting their productive power to the consuming needs of the world. It would be a serious error and cause great loss, if India expanded her productive power beyond the absorbing capacity of the country. The review closes with a warning that hope must not degenerate into over-confidence.

DRY WEATHER ALL OVER COUNTRY

POONA, Feb. 22.
The weather has been dry over the country except for a few light showers in Assam, Gauhati reporting a quarter of an inch. A feeble western disturbance is passing eastwards through the extreme north.

Forecast:—Light showers may extend in the Northwest Frontier Province and Kashmir.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.
Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 22-2-1935.
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.009 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.0 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 68.2 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 83.8 degrees 0.2 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 66.0 degrees 2.3 (below normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 86 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 2 miles per hour.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 110 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 14 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22-2-35
At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature

COAL MARKET STEADY

BOMBAY, Feb. 22.
The market continues steady. There is no steamer at present working in the Harbour. About 3 steamers will be arriving next week and about 15,000 to 18,000 tons of coal will be discharged during the next week which will very naturally fulfil the demand. The freight market is steady. Eastern markets are weaker. Indication for freight from London is about Rs. 5/12 while the charterers expect the freight to be about Rs. 5/8.

Bhavnagar State Railway coal tenders are settled. Tenders are divided between Messrs. Madhavai and Co. Ltd. and Messrs. B. P. Worah.

South India Railway tenders are still pending. The decision is over-delayed and the question is also asked for the same in the Assembly. It is to the interest of the buyers as well as of the suppliers that the tenders should be settled without further delay.

Bombay Municipality tenders have been settled and Messrs. Madhavai and Co's tender is accepted.

Temperature 76.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.08 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.89 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Feb. 21
Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Amer. Corn Power Com.	3
Amer. Corn Power Gold D.	62
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	41
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd.	46
Columbia Gas	5 1/2
American Tel. and Tel.	104
Western Union Tel.	27 3/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	43
New York Central	16 5/4
Baltimore and Ohio R. R.	12
National Distillers	28
United States Steel	35 1/4
American Smelting	37
Int. Nickel of Canada	24
Anaconda Copper Mining	10 1/2
Cerro de Pasco Copper	41
General Motors	31
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	23
St. Oil of N. J.	40
Socony	13 3/4
Chase Bank	24 3/4
National City Bank	21 3/4
National Dairy	17

No change in market. Friday is a holiday.

Amr. Tel. and Tel. has declared a dividend of 10¢ 1/4 Ex dividend on 1/3/35. Chesapeake and Ohio declared a dividend of 7¢ cents Ex dividend on 7-3-35. National Dairy has declared a dividend of 30¢ cents Ex dividend on 8-3-35. Brokers loans down 23 million. Carloadings down 18275.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Feb. 21
Broach A/M opening 246 3/4; highest 246 3/4; lowest 245 3/4; closing 245 3/4
Broach J/A opening 245 3/4; highest 245 3/4; lowest 245; closing 245
Omra March opening 223; highest 224; lowest 223; closing 223 1/2
Omra May opening 222; highest 223; lowest 222; closing 222 1/4
Bengal March opening 149; highest 149; lowest 148; closing 148 1/4
Bengal May opening 150 1/4; highest 150 1/4; lowest 149 1/4; closing 149 1/2
Tejmandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-3-35) Rs. 16 1/2
Tejmandi for Broach Settlement (21-3-35) Rs. 8 1/4
Tejmandi for Broach J/A 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 21 3/4

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRAIDLE DIFFERENCES
New York Liverpool:
Liverpool New York May 133 at Cross Rate 4.87 5/8
Bombay Liverpool:
Broach A/M 1935 246/8 Liverpool May 1935 6.81 Rs. 49 1/2 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:
Broach A/M 1935 246/8 New York May 12.50 Rs. 38 at Cross Rate 4.87 5/8

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb. 22.
Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:

Name of Company	Latest prices
Assam Bengal Railway Ord. Stock	88 0 0
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	0 14 6
Bengal-Nagpur Rly Ord. Stock	104 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 8 9
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per cent Ord. A Stock	19 0 0
Calcutta Electric Sup. Corp. Ord.	3 6 0
Calcutta Tramways (Ord.)	1 11 6
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	2 3 0
Delhi Electric Sup. Ord.	3 2 6
Foreign Rly Inv. Trust 5 per cent Prf. Stk.	31 0 0
Gen. and Coml. Invest. Trust	75 0 0
Deid. Stk.	75 0 0
East India Distillers and S. F. Ord.	1 2 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	7 10 0
Great Western Rly Ord. Stock	49 5 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp.	133 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord.	2 5 6
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord.)	0 2 6
Indian Iron and Steel 7 1/2 per cent Debts	104 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram and S. Ord.	2 0 0
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly 4 1/2 per cent Deb.	94 0 0

Karachi Cotton Annual

The Secretary of the Karachi Cotton Association Limited has issued the first cotton annual for the season 1933-34 relating to the cotton trade with particular reference to Sindh, the Punjab, U. P. and Rajputana cotton crops, exports and prices. The expansion of Karachi cotton trade is the direct result of the beneficial developments of harbour, railway constructions connecting Karachi with Sindh and Punjab and considerable irrigation extensions in the Punjab and Sindh affording strong impetus to trade. All cotton dealings are now regulated and conducted in accordance with rules and bye-laws of the Association. The Association maintains a clearing house and a statistical department. The report contains detailed information about the activities of the Association together with statistical tables of arrivals and exports of cotton from Karachi and a list of cotton Pressing Factories and ginnings.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb. 21.
March 55 7/8+1/4d
May 58+1/8d
July 61 9/4+1/4d.

ENERGY VIGOUR STRENGTH

Increases Vitality
Strengthens the Nerves,
Creates Appetite,
& Works as a Powerful
Digestive Tonic.

IDEAL TONIC BEVERAGE
FOR EVERYBODY.

Alembic HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT
THE ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD.,
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YOU CAN ENJOY THE BENEFITS OF A REFRIGERATOR AT MINIMUM COST BY HIRING FROM BEST ELECTRIC HOUSE, Corner of COLABA CAUSEWAY and ORMISTON ROAD. Phone: 26025 (6 lines)

Keep a bottle of Hennessy in the house.

A sudden attack of illness in the night; or someone "feeling faint"; or an accident—you will need Brandy quickly. Hennessy's Brandy has saved many a precious life in emergencies.

It is real Cognac Brandy. Keep a bottle handy.

HENNESSY'S BRANDY
On Sale Everywhere

Agents: HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD.

YASMIN or Bawafa-Ashik MINERVA TALKIES Watch the Date

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 1919.

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.

Branch: RAJOT (Civil Station).

CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 50,00,000.

RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,00,000.

Chairman: Sir BORMUSJEE CO.

WASJI DINSHAW, K.L. M.V.O. O.B.E.

Managing Director: Sir SORAJI N. POCHKHANA.

WALA, K.L.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and

Interest allowed at 1 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lac.

Fixed Deposits for long and short

period received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances or 3 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances.

Withdrawals allowed twice a week.

Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

B. M. BHARGAVA,
B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary.

BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 7th September, 1906.

Head Office:

Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shahid)

Memon Street, Bombay; Baudra

(Near Bombay); Malabar Hill (C/4,

Hughes Road, Bombay); Ahmedabad,

Ahmedabad (Station Branch); Cal-

cutta, Calcutta (Bara Bazar); Poona,

Poona City; Nagpur City; Rajkot;

Surat.

LONDON AGENTS

The Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Capital Subscribed Rs. 2,00,00,000.

Capital Paid-up Rs. 1,00,00,000.

Reserve Fund Rs. 1,02,50,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest is allowed on daily balances

from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per

cent per annum. Interest on balances

in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only

by special arrangement. No credit

will be given in accounts for interest

amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half

year.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Deposits are received fixed for one

year or for shorter periods at rates

of interest which can be ascertained

on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS

Opened-Rules may be obtained on

application.

The Bank acts as Executor and

Trustee under Wills and Settlements

and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

CATARACT

"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and Imperfect Sights, etc., radically and permanently. No need of operation. Success guaranteed. If not, price refunded. Price Rs. 2. HARRYASRAM, Panchpota, (Bengal). Stockists:—P. M. Zaveri & Co., Princess St., Bombay 2.

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Whatever extensive and however long-standing cured absolutely in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Particulars on request. KAMLA WORKS (B.C.), PANCHPOTA (Bengal).

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RUBBER GOODS & MEDICINES. Check Pessary Re. 1-4-0 each. Rubber Caps "Silvero" As. 6 each. Nevertip F. L. Rs. 2-4-0 doz. Rubber Gloves Rs. 1-8-0 pair. Finger stalls As. 3 each. Apply with two annas stamp for our pamphlet. Catalogue free.

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29-1, Telipara Lane, Calcutta.

ULCERINE (Regd.)

TRY IT AND AVOID OPERATION. Cures Piles, Fistula, Sinuses, Carbuncles, Abscesses, Malignant Pouch Ulcers, Burns, etc. on application. Karachi Congress exhibition awarded medals.

Bottle Re. 1/4, harmless soothing. Details Free. KEMP & Co., Charni Rd. Bombay.

TIRED LOOK ABOUT BROACH COTTON CONTRACT Uncertainty Partially Removed

Bombay, Feb. 21.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have issued

the following report:—

Something of anti-climax followed the

gold decision.

New York cotton advanced but

quickly reacted.

Wall Street stocks advanced but

quickly reacted.

Chicago wheat was not taking any

chances and applied an emergency

closure at 11-15 a.m.

The dollar weakened slightly but

more we think as the result of specu-

lative long unloading than because of

any inflationary significance being

read into the gold decision.

The world's biggest financial squab-

was damp.

And why?

Principally, we think, because the

uncertainty is only partially removed.

Becoming a political entity relatively

late in the history of the world, the

U. S. A., planned a Constitution just

as India planned New Delhi and Aus-

tralia Canberra. Theoretically by so

doing the faults of older and more

haphazardly constructed. Constitutions

or cities—cities are a fair parallel—

could be avoided. There isn't much

said about it. Not that that matters

very much in the present instance.

But there isn't any flexibility either.

No law of 1246 or some equally remote

period can be unearthed to cover the

economic and financial peccadilloes of

modernist statesmen.

And that is the trouble.

SITUATION CLEARED

The Gold Clause issue is now cleared

up but the legality of the N. R. A.

and other phases of the Roosevelt Re-

covery Programme are being questioned.

How long will it be before the

Bankhead Bill comes up for renewed

inspection in the light of its legality

relative to the Constitution? We have

no information about it but remember

that its legality was questioned at the

time the Bill was under discussion by

Congress. And the collection of taxes

from one section of the community

which manufactures cotton goods in

order to pay another section 'not' to

grow raw cotton does not occur to us

as being a policy likely to be covered

by an ordered Constitution. In the

cold light of reason it looks more like

a brighter news item from one of the

remoter parts of China.

Of cotton news, there is nothing be-

yond the obviousness of uncertainty.

March liquidation and switching to

later months seems to have been the

only market feature.

The difficulty of guessing what Wa-

shington will do next is a restrictive

influence which is likely to continue

and until Washington makes up its

mind we see little to attract business

to American markets.

In Bombay, trading has again been

quiet.

BROACH CONTRACT

Due principally to the fact that the

Broach contract and cotton quoted

thereon are entirely divorced from the

reality of the export trade the strid-

de between East Indians and Ameri-

cans has widened. And, in spite of

the fact that the position lends itself

to the possibility of a squeeze there

is a tired look about the Broach con-

tract.

On the rise of a few weeks ago

there was a wave of short covering,

not the least part of which was price

fixing by mills.

There has been some liquidation but,

as we see it, there is a tremendous

amount of liquidation still to come.

Also with no carrying premium

ahead and the contract well over ac-

tually relative to Americans we see little

incentive for longs to take even the

relatively small amount of cotton

which they might get on docket.

Export business has been rather

more active, a demand running for

Sind and Oomras.

Although prices have not been very

renewed, fair sales have been

made to Japan while the Continent

and Lancashire have both been in the

market.

Demand, however, has all been for

cottons quoted relative to the Bengal

and Oomra contracts.

To our mind, are still the

most attractive proposition in the

market. A style which has for some

time been neglected and relative to

other styles has been well cheapened

is, as a rule, a fairly safe cotton to-

wards which to direct attention.

Broach arrivals are now in full

swing. Quality news is much as we

described it last week. Arrivals of

frost damaged cotton are increasing

and include a considerable amount of

cotton which will pass against the

contract but which is nevertheless very

undesirable. Heavily stained cotton

is being quoted as much as 30 to 40

runners off the contract.

The total Broach crop, now looks a

little under 200,000 bales while Surat

and Navsari are placed at about

55,000 bales.

With little encouragement coming

from America, we still think the

Broach contract is too high and in

strong markets advise sales.

Govt. Of India Cash Balances

Cash Balances of the Government of

India are as under:

(In thousands of rupees.)

In District Treasuries Balances on

31st Oct. 1934 2,03,10; 30th Nov. 1934

1,89,11; 31st Dec. 1934 1,88,99; 31st

January 1935 2,03,47.

With the Imperial Bank of India

Balances on 31st Oct. 1934 9,80,37; 30th

Nov. 1934 7,10,11; 31st Dec. 1934 6,57,24

31st January 1935 6,53,00.

Total Balances on 31st Oct. 1934

11,83,56; 30th Nov. 1934 8,99,22; 31st

Dec. 1934 8,46,23; 31st Jan. 1935 8,56,47.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb. 21.

May 0.97 3/8+3/8c.

July 0.91 1/4+5/8c.

September 0.90 1/4+1 c.

YARN MARKET DULL AND DEPRESSED

Marked Absence Of Demand

Bombay, Feb. 19

Our market has remained dull and

depressed during the whole past week

with no important business resulting

in any kinds of yarns. Price fluc-

tuations have taken place on a very

narrow scale and turnover has been

very restricted on account of con-

tinued absence of satisfactory demand

from any important consuming cen-

tres. Dealers have been complaining

about their poor sales during the last

few days and whilst they have been

showing willingness to shade their

prices to some extent to meet any buy-

ers in bulk, it is very difficult to

come across any such buyers. On the

other hand, uncountry buyers have

been sending enquiries more in the

nature of testing prices rather than

for effecting any fresh purchases. Re-

ports from Rangoon, Calcutta and

Southern India, have been very quiet

and whilst many of the Mills have

been quoting nominally firmer prices

over there, no business of any impor-

tance has been reported to have ta-

ken place. Enquiries from Gujarat,

Marwar and Northern markets are

very meagre and most of the offers

are far too low to admit of any bu-

siness of importance. On the whole,

the general feeling is not at all en-

couraging and whilst the cotton prices

have not shown any material decline,

the undertone in yarns has been very

quiet.

ENGLISH YARNS

Manchester reports quiet markets

with very little turnover in yarns.

There have been no sales of Shanghai

or Japanese yarns as well during the

week owing to very restricted demand

from consuming districts in spite of

their prices being comparatively much

cheaper.

JAPANESE YARNS

Prices have remained nominally un-

changed but the undertone continues

very quiet and demand from consum-

ing centres is very limited. No fresh

forward business of importance has

taken place during the week. Even

speculative turnover in Mercerized

yarns has been practically nil on ac-

count of dealers not taking any inter-

est for forward deliveries. In Sing-

le as well as twofold Grey yarns,

prices have been slightly easy in the

absence of buyers. Stocks are not

very large and therefore a sharp de-

cline in prices has not been antici-

pated in spite of continued slack demand

Sampin shows very little change but

the undertone in Japanese Exchange

has been rather firm at the close.

ART SILK YARNS

Italrayon prices have remained un-

changed. Demand for Italian Art

Silk yarns is rather slack on account

of limited demand from the consum-

ing centres and also due to consumers

not being able to obtain sufficient sup-

plies in Standard Deniers such as

150s 2nd and 4th qualities. Most of

the consumers have therefore taken

to Japanese yarns which have been

comparatively cheaper and which are

obtainable by them in sufficient quan-

tities at any time. Stocks of Japa-

nese yarns in the consuming districts

have further increased and dealers

have been found to be nervous on ac-

count of continued decline in forward

In-And-Out Game In Steels

Broad Speculative Activity

Improvement Well Maintained

BOMBAY, Feb. 22.

Speculation in shares is a very fascinating game and those who do not know how to play in and out, will do well by holding aloof. This is more or less correct with violent daily fluctuations in Tata Steel Shares which we are witnessing every day on the local Stock Exchange.

EXTENSIVE SPECULATIVE INTEREST

One has nothing to do with the merits of the rise but it seems certain that there exists extensive speculative interest which is likely to do some harm to outsiders. The warning given by the Stock Exchange authority was followed by a drastic fall in Tata Steel Defd. shares and prices declined about Rs. 145 to Rs. 690 on the 18th Feb. but since then there is a continuous rise, day after day, and to-day Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted as high as Rs. 737.8.

BULLS IN COMFORTABLE POSITION

This wide movement is mainly due to considerable speculative activity as nothing of importance has happened to justify violent price movement. There is a keen fight between bulls and bears and the situation is fully controlled by bull operators. The market entirely depends upon the whim and wishes of powerful bull operators. With huge profits in their pockets bulls are the masters of the position, while we believe short sales dangerous, we also think it equally dangerous to enter the market at this stage on the long side.

RISE IN TATA STEELS

With a decline of shillings 15 in Indian Sterling Securities, the market was somewhat nervous at the opening, but Bull operators supported the market at the opening and prices looked up. Tata Steel Defd. shares opened to-day at Rs. 720 and immediately advanced to Rs. 737.8. At this level bull support was withdrawn and the market was left to grind. Prices slowly sagged to Rs. 717.8 and finally improved to Rs. 720.

Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 155 and advanced to Rs. 158. At this level there was some profit-taking which depressed prices to Rs. 156.4 and later rallied to Rs. 157.

POWER SHARES STEADY

Tata Power shares opened to-day at Rs. 1665 and advanced to Rs. 1677.8 but later prices eased off to Rs. 1657.8 on long liquidation. The tone was steady but there was absence of any eager buying.

Possibilities regarding the Administration's policies in connection with the new crop dominated the New York Cotton Market on Thursday, which just more than maintained its previous levels.

There was March long liquidation and also transferring to new crop months. Cotton goods and yarn market continue very dull.

COTTON TEXTILES EASY

Textile shares displayed easiness. Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 945 and Nagpurs at Rs. 377.8. Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 230. Cement shares were quiet. Bundis closing at Rs. 49 and Indian Cements were quoted at Rs. 417.8.

BUDY DIFFERENCES

Budy differences are very wide. To-day at one time the difference between the current and next settlement rates widened to Rs. 20.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay, Feb. 22.			
100 Ahm. Advance	315 0		
500 Bom. Cotton	72 8		
250 Bombay Dyeing	945 0		
250 Bradbury	106 12		
100 Century	291 4		
100 Central India	377 8		
100 Colaba	150 0		
100 Cooria	115 0		
100 Crescent	7 4		
250 Currum	5 0		
250 David	60 0		
250 Dawa	390 0		
100 D. Sassoon	9 0		
100 Finlay	130 0		
100 Gokak	215 0		
1000 Hindustan	1865 0		
100 Indore	106 4		
50 Kastoorchand	0 8		
100 Khatau	78 12		
100 Kohinoor	230 0		
250 Laxmi	790 0		
100 Madhavji	12 3		
250 Madras United	65 0		
1000 Morarij	1370 0		
250 Morarij	72 8		
50 Mysore	108 12		
200 New Great	200 0		
100 Osmanshahi	70 0		
100 Phoenix	332 8		
25 Sassoon Silk	40 8		
1000 Sholapur	2750 0		
50 Simplex	101 4		
100 Swadeshi	242 8		
100 Swan	78 12		
25 Tata	20 4		
500 Vishnu	1475 0		
1000 Western	982 8		
BANKS			
50-100 Baroda	105 8		
25-50 Central Bank	41 8		
500 Imperial Bank	1625 0		
125-500 Imp. Cont.	408 2		
50-100 India	125 8		
5 Union	5 14		
CEMENTS.			
10 Bundi	40 0		
70 Gwalior	123 12		
160 Indian	417 8		
40 Katni Def.	1385 0		
100 Katni Ord.	387 8		
75 Okha	220 0		
10 Punjab	26 12		
100 Shahabad	282 8		
70 United	81 0		
INSURANCE			
15-100 Jupiter	13 4		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.

Bombay, Feb. 22

3 1/2 per cent G.P.N. Sett 96/14	
3 1/2 per cent G.P.N. Cash 96/13	
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 109/10	
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 109/9	
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 116/12	
5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 116/11	
TAX FREE	
4 per cent 1933/63 Mysore 108/8	
5 per cent 1935 Mysore 119	
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 109/8	
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B.D.L. 101/14	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH)

3 per cent 1941 100/14	
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/14	
4 per cent 1945 106	
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 116/12	
5 per cent 1939/44 108	
5 per cent 1940/43 109/2	
5 per cent 1935 100/14	
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/8	
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T.B. 101/12	
Central India (T.B.) 101/14	
4 per cent B.P.T. 1974 103	
4 per cent M. Deb 1974 102/12	
5 per cent M. Deb 1959 114	
6 per cent M. Deb 1954 126	
5 per cent K.P.T. 1956 126	
6 1/2 per cent H.T. 1937 107	

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened today at Rs. 96/14 following weakness in sterling securities. There was some liquidation which depressed prices to Rs. 96/12 but later prices improved to Rs. 96/14.

New York/London 4.57 1/2 21st instant

Shanghai/London 1/6 3/8 22nd instant

Japan/London 1/2 1/32 22nd instant

Java/London 7/17 21st instant

London/Paris 73.69 21st instant

London/Belgium 20.83 1/2 21st instant

London/Switzerland 15.02 1/2 21st instant

London/Italy 57.46 21st instant

London/Berlin 12.11 1/2 21st instant

London/Stockholm 19.39 21st instant

London/New York 4.57 15/16 21st instant

London/Amssterdam 7.19 1/2 21st instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange—Steady.

Gold 47.2 1/2 20th instant 47.2 1/2

Silver London Ready 25 1/8 20th instant

25 3/16 21st instant

Silver London Forward 25 1/4 20th instant

25 1/4 21st instant

Silver New York Ready 55 5/8 20th instant

55 5/8 21st instant

London discounts 3 mos 3/8 per cent

20th instant 3/8 per cent 21st instant

London discounts 6 mos 1/2 per cent

20th instant 1/2 per cent 21st instant

Bank of England Rate 3 1/2 per cent

Money Call 2 per cent

3 Mos 2 1/2 per cent

6 Mos 9 1/2 per cent

Tone: Easy.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 457

1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 297 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1934/59 4106 1/4

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 4109 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 4115

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 4117 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 4116 1/2

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 4106

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 4103 1/4

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 488

3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 4108 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 4106 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb. 21

Rope Paper, 3 1/2 per cent. 72

Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent. 87 1/2

1931 or later. 97 1/4

Indian Stock, 4 1/2 per cent. 115

1950/55. 85 3/4

Conversion Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 108 7/8

War Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 106 3/8

Conversion Loan, 4 per cent. 118 1/4

Victory Bonds, 4 per cent. 115

Chartered Bank of India and China. 15 1/4

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. 131 1/4

National Bank of India. 44 7/8

P. & O. Banking Corporation. 10 3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, Feb. 21

Bank Bills 2 months market rate

0-5/16 per cent to 0-3/8 per cent

Bank Bills 3 months market rate

0-7/16 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate

1-1/8 per cent to 1-1/4 per cent

Bank Bills 9 months market rate

1-1/4 per cent to 1-1/2 per cent

Bank Bills 12 months market rate

1-1/2 per cent to 1-3/4 per cent

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

Markets Closed

Bombay, Feb. 22

All markets in America will remain closed to-day being Washington's Birthday.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Feb. 22

Castor seeds Delivery May Opening

Rs. 32/8; Highest Rs. 33/3; Lowest

Rs. 32/5; Closing Rs. 32/14/6.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February

Opening Rs. 41/6; Closing Rs. 41/10.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening

Rs. 43/4; Highest Rs. 43/12; Lowest

Rs. 42/13/6; Closing Rs. 42/9.

Cotton Seeds Delivery May Opening

Rs. 23/14; Highest Rs. 24/1; Lowest

Rs. 23/10; Closing Rs. 23/14.

7 p.c. Vishnu

660 0

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Feb. 22

C. RATE—

T T D D 1/6 3/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/8 Feb.

Banks selling T T 1/6 3/32 March

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 April

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32 February

Banks buying T T 1/6 3/16 February

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 3/16 April

June

NEW YORK B.C. RATE—

T T 27 3/8

Banks selling T T 27 3/8

Banks buying T T 27 1/8

PARIS—

Banks selling D D 553

Banks buying D D 563

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 53 7/8

Banks buying D D 53 3/4

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 1/2

Banks buying T T 77 1/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 123 1/4

Banks buying D D 123 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 156 1/2

Banks buying D D 156 1/4

ROSS RATE—

Banks selling D D 90

NEW YORK/LONDON 4.57 1/2 21st instant

Shanghai/London 1/6 3/8 22nd instant

Japan/London 1/2 1/32 22nd instant

Java/London 7/17 21st instant

London/Paris 73.69 21st instant

London/Belgium 20.83 1/2 21st instant

London/Switzerland 15.02 1/2 21st instant

London/Italy 57.46 21st instant

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Silver New York Ready 55 5/8 20th instant

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20th instant 3/8 per cent 21st instant

London discounts 6 mos 1/2 per cent

20th instant 1/2 per cent 21st instant

Bank of England Rate 3 1/2 per cent

Money Call 2 per cent

3 Mos 2 1/2 per cent

6 Mos 9 1/2 per cent

Latest Commercial News

RISE OF 2 POINTS IN LIVERPOOL COTTON

Downward Tendency In Crossrates

GOLD VERY FIRM BUT SILVER QUIET

Speculative Buying In Argentine Linseed

BOMBAY, Feb. 22.
On Friday, crossrates developed a downward tendency.
NEW YORK COTTON MARKET CLOSED.
The New York cotton market was closed on account of a public holiday.
The Liverpool market closed with a rise of 2 points.
GOLD VERY FIRM BUT SILVER QUIET.
London gold was very firm but silver quiet.
WHEAT STEADY BUT LINSEED BETTER.
Liverpool wheat ruled steady Argentine linseed prices improved on speculative buying and foreign enquiry. The Chicago wheat market was closed to-day.
GILTEDGED SECURITIES IN POOR REQUEST.
The London Stock Exchange displayed lack of enquiry. Giltedged securities were in poor request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1935.)
New York, Feb. 22.
The market was closed to-day.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1935.)
Liverpool, Feb. 22.
Previous closing 6.53
Today's opening 6.53
Difference Nil.
Today's closing 6.55
Difference +.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May Rs. 249

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Feb. 22.
The following were the rates at 12-13 p.m.
American January (6.87) 6.87
American March (6.82) 6.82
Egyptian January (8.51) 8.51
Egyptian March (8.51) 8.52

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 22.
10-45 p.m.
Broach A/M. was traded in at Rs. 249.0 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 248.12 with Liverpool closing futures 2 points up.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Feb. 22.
Silver opened steady at Rs. 62/1, 62/1 and 68/2. The market was somewhat depressed owing to discouraging foreign cables and prices eased under scattered selling and realising while further weakness set in on quiet London cables. The market closed steady at Rs. 61/14, 61/15 and 67/15.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 35/5, 35/5 and 35/6. The market was somewhat more active on scattered buying by banks and local interests influenced by better London advices and also due to the steadiness in the Paris exchange. Prices closed steady at Rs. 35/6, 35/6 and 35/7/6.

QUIETER TONE IN JUTE SHARES

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

In the Jutes market, a quieter tone prevailed and business was on a restricted scale. Cables were slightly better and Teas dull and inactive. The miscellaneous section revealed no interesting feature except Bengal Potteries which were marked up over a rupee from the last quotation; while Indian Wood Products and Burma Corporations kept steady. Government securities were a shade easier. Following are closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—Three and half per cent Government Paper 97/1; five per cent loan 1945/55 116/14; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 108/11.

Banks:—Bengal Central 9/12; Imperial fully paid 1827/3. Do 407/8; Central 41/12.

Railways:—Chaparmukh, Silghat 92/8 small lots; Kalkhat, Falta 92/8 small lot; Katakhal, Lala Bazar 92/8 small lots.

Cotton:—Kesoram 4/3; Murr Mills ory 36 small lot; New Victoria pref 4/11.

Coals:—Adm 4/3; Bengal 283 small lot; Bokaro and Ramgur 2/4; Equitable 3/2 ex dly; Mun-

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Feb. 22.
Liverpool wheat opened steady Mar. 55 7/8, May 59, July 61 1/2 trading was moderately active but business generally continued on restricted scale due to disappointing foreign cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Feb. 22.
Chicago wheat market was closed to-day.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Feb. 22.
Argentine linseed opened with March at 11/38. Prices improved on speculative buying and foreign enquiry. Induced by unfavourable crop reports with the price rising to 12/05 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Feb. 22.
The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS.
Tin (227 1/4 buyers 227 1/2 sellers. Unsteady) 227 1/2 buyers 227 1/2 sellers. Quiet.
Lead (Unquoted. Dull) 210 1/4 buyers No sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (230 3/8 to 230 1/2) 230 to 230 1/4
Glasgow Iron (270) 270

TEA
Indian Pekoe (0-9 3/4) 0-9 3/4
Indian Pekoe Higher (1-9) 1-3
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/4) 0-10 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe Higher (2-6) 2-6

JUTE

Crop Mar-April (17 5/16 sellers) 17 sellers. Paid and value.
Dunlop Jan-Feb. (231) 231
Lightning Jan (219 1/4) 219

RUBBER

Spot (6 7/16) 6 7/16 paid and buyers.
April-June (6 3/4) 6 3/4 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Jan-Feb. (211 3/4 sellers) 211 3/4 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Jan-Feb. (211 1/2 sellers) 211 1/2 sellers.
Linseed La Plata March (215 1/4 sellers) 215 1/4 sellers.
Groundnut. Comorand March (215 1/8 sellers) 215 1/8 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through the Bombay Grain and Seeds Association).
Bombay, Feb. 22.
Rs. a. p.

Rates at 9-0 a.m. 6 10 0
Rates at 12-0 noon 6 10 0
Rates at 3-0 p.m. 6 9 3
Rates at 5-30 p.m. 6 9 3
Rates at 8-30 p.m. 6 11 0
Rates at 10-30 p.m. 6 10 6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Feb. 22.
10-30 p.m.
Rs. a. p.
Wheat May 6 4 9
Linseed May 6 10 6
The tone was quiet.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Feb. 22.

S S Mirzapore, J. Drummond, Karachi via Bhavnagar, M M & Co. J and P Coates Ordinary (66-3) 66-3
S S President Johnson, W D Kohl-mister, Los Angeles via Colombo, F F Campbell & Co.
S S Ranpara, G H S Furlong, London via Aden, M M & Co.
S S City of Melbourne, C J Butler, Liverpool via Port Said K N Co

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Feb. 22.

M V India, E. Stagnaro, Genoa via Djibouti, L T Co.
M S Norden, S. Pederson, Soesoe (Java) Burmah Shell O S & D Co.
M S Alaska, Maru, T. Tomita, Busrah via Karachi, O S Kailsha.
M S Begum, H Palmer, Karachi via Coast Ports Turner Morrison & Co.
M S Rawalpindi, R H Stringer, London via Aden, M M & Co.

LOADING.

Bombay, Feb. 22.

England Maru, for Kobe via Colombo.
Hokushin Maru for Kobe via Colombo.
Weissenfels for Europe and America Ports.
Akbar for Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

A conference took place at the Secretariat, Madras, on Thursday, between Sir Hopetoun Stokes, Finance Member, and Major Tyms, Director of Civil Aviation, at which it was understood they discussed the question of acquiring a suitable site for a civil aerodrome in Madras City. They also discussed the results of the enquiry into the recent Markapur Air Mail plane crash.

NEW GOLD PRICE AND SHARP RALLY IN GOLD MINING SHARES

SMALL IMPROVEMENT IN RUBBER AND WHEAT HIGHER

HEAVY DEMAND FOR FRANCS

Sale Price Of White Pepper Fixed

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Feb. 22.
On the Stock Exchange a good deal of irregularity was noticeable but markets generally were rather more cheerful. The chief event was a sharp rally in Gold Minings, mainly owing to the new price of gold viz 143/6 1/2 which was 31 pence over the previous record on 11/10/34.
Among Commodities Rubber showed small improvement on increased outside interest and Wheat ruled higher on steady flow of sales of Australian wheat to the Orient. The sales control committee fixed the sale's price of white pepper spot at 10 pence and duty to be paid cl.iff. nine pence.
The sterling weakened sharply in terms of francs and dollars owing to the heavy demand for francs.
Wall Street was closed to-day.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Feb. 22.
The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at 297 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Friday, Feb. 15 298
Monday, Feb. 18 298
Tuesday, Feb. 19 298
Wednesday, Feb. 20 298
Thursday, Feb. 21 297 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Feb. 22.
Market generally was quiet and irregular. Giltedged were dull. Mining shares were firmer. Industrials generally were featureless.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (289) 288 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (2109) 108 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (2112 7/8) 2112 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (2118 5/8) 2118 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (2106 3/8) 2106 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (2115 4/8) 2114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Home Stores 7 p.c. Preference cumulative (28-7 1/2) 28-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits share (4 5/8) 4 5/8
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/4) dol 3
Musical Industries (32-9) 32-9
Princhin Johnson (41-7 1/2) 41-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (36-10 1/2) 36-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ord. (9-10 1/2) 9-10 1/2
Woolworth New Ford (108-9) 108-9
Realisation 1930 (88 1/2) 89
Dunlop Rubber (49-0) 49-0
University Ordinary (28-0) 27-6
Ford Motors (31-6) 31-6
Cables and Wireless (6 5/8) 6 5/8
British American Tobacco (118-1 1/2) 118-1 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ord (135-7 1/2) 135-0
P and O S N Co., defd (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (92-0) 92-9
Bedford Dyes (8-3) 8-3
British Celanese (10-7 1/2) 10-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (66-3) 66-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-1 1/2) 49-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-3) 8-3
Western Ltd Ordinary (9-6) 9-6
Inter Nickels (24 1/8) 24 3/8
Bentley Iron and Steel (6-6) 6-6
Tata Iron and Steel (210-1 1/2) 210-1 1/2

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (250) 251
L M S Ford (218) 218
L N E R Defd (26 1/8) 26 1/8
Southern Dutch (229 3/4) 230 3/4
Landing Pass 5 per cent (2134 1/2) 2133 1/2
London G Stock (292 3/4) 292 3/4
Crown Mines (288-9) 289-0
Girdler New (188-9) 188-9
Modder River (76-10 1/2) 76-10 1/2
Sub Nigel (246-3) 246-3
Spring Mines (185-0) 185-0
Union Corporation (47-6) 47-6

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (288-9) 289-0
Girdler New (188-9) 188-9
Modder River (76-10 1/2) 76-10 1/2
Sub Nigel (246-3) 246-3
Spring Mines (185-0) 185-0
Union Corporation (47-6) 47-6

Mysterious Move Of Ex-King Of Khutan

AMRITSAR, February 21.

The ex-King of Khutan, who became King of Khutan after the overthrow of Chinese Government in Chinese Turkestan, was forced to fly and take shelter in India with his courtiers and military officers and stayed here at Amritsar for more than three months, left this city two months ago for Haj to Mecca.

The police are now informed that they have not reached there. The police are desperately making inquiries. Their view is that the ex-King has given a false report about his place of destination. —United Press.

Godrej Claims Rs. 50,000 Damages

"CHRONICLE'S" PLEA OF GOOD FAITH

The suit filed by Messrs Godrej Soaps Ltd., claiming damages of Rs. 50,000 from the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., and Mr. V. V. Kuntekar, formerly Acting Editor of the paper, came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court on Friday afternoon.

The plaintiffs manufacture and sell soaps which, they claimed, had acquired a great reputation in the market. They stated that they had always guaranteed to their customers that their soaps contained vegetable oils and were free from tallow, lard and other animal fats. On the strength of these assurances, and on account of the superior quality of their soaps the plaintiffs had acquired a large sale among Hindus and Mahomedans in general and among orthodox Hindus in particular. Their soaps were sold under the name of Godrej's Toilet Soaps and were advertised in various newspapers including the "Bombay Chronicle" as soaps made exclusively from vegetable oils, and the plaintiffs had challenged anyone to prove that animal fat was used in their soaps.

It was alleged by the plaintiffs that the defendants in their issue of the "Chronicle" of July 30, 1933, falsely and maliciously published statements to the effect that the Chemical Analyst of the Mysore State Soap Factory confessed to the use of foreign tallow in his factory and had said that no soap factory could do without this tallow, however much they might boast to the contrary about their soaps, and that he was even prepared to prove that Messrs. Godrejs were also no exception to this.

By these statements, the plaintiffs contended, the defendants meant to convey that the plaintiffs by advertising their soaps as being free from animal fat were dishonest and fraudulent in their trade.

The plaintiffs asserted that their soaps contained no fat or tallow and that there was no fraud on their part.

By reason of this publication they had suffered in their business and reputation and many customers had ceased to buy their soaps. In order to counteract the injurious effect of the publication, they were compelled to publish in several newspapers special advertisements for which they had already incurred an expense of over Rs. 4,000 and would incur further expenses, and the amount would come to at least Rs. 20,000.

The plaintiffs further stated that, on enquiring from the Mysore Government State Soap Factory, they learnt that there was no officer in that factory known as a Chemical Analyst and that no statement as attributed to him had been made and published.

DEFENDANTS' CONTENTION

The suit was contested by the

defendants on various grounds. They stated that they had no knowledge as to whether the plaintiffs' claim that they did not use foreign tallow or animal fat for their soaps was correct or not. They denied that by reason of that claim the plaintiffs' soaps had acquired a high reputation.

The defendants denied that they had published the statement maliciously, knowing it to be false.

GOOD FAITH PLEA

Explaining the circumstances under which the statement was published, the defendants said that in July 1933 a railway train known as "Alemic Exhibition Special Train" was being run through various provinces including the Mysore territories for the purpose of advertising Swadeshi goods. The representative of the Swadeshi Market Committee who was on the train had forwarded to the defendants for publication certain extracts from his report to the Committee meant for the information of the public, and the statements complained of formed part of those extracts. The defendants published the statement in good faith and without malice or negligence and there was no reasonable ground for believing that the statement was untrue.

The defendants further denied that the statement implied dishonesty and fraud on the part of the plaintiffs. In fact, they said, they had deliberately encouraged the sale of the plaintiffs' soaps by publishing in the "Bombay Chronicle" numerous articles in their favour. And again, as soon as a complaint was received from the plaintiffs, they had repudiated the statement and had expressed regret for its publication.

NO NEED FOR EXPENSE

The defendants denied that by reason of the publication the plaintiffs had suffered or were likely to suffer any damage to their reputation or loss to their business. They did not admit that the plaintiffs had incurred any expense amounting to Rs. 20,000 for special advertisements, and even if that was so it was entirely unnecessary.

The Advocate General, Sir Jamshed Kanga, opening the case for the plaintiffs, said that the "Free Press Journal" had also published the same statement complained of and as soon as their attention was drawn to the inaccuracy, they at once gave complete satisfaction to the plaintiffs.

The case stands adjourned to Monday.

The Advocate General with Mr. Shavakshav, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Kenneth McKemp with Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe, represented the defendants.

ECONOMY DRIVE IN KAPURTHALA

Post Of Inspector-General Abolished

KAPURTHALA, (By Mail).

With a view to effect economy and as a measure of re-organization of the State Administration His Highness the Maharaja has been pleased to sanction the following arrangements, which will take effect from the 1st Chet 1931 (4th April?).

1. The post of the Inspector-General-State Forces, is abolished. His Highness has appointed his son Major Maharajkumar Amarjit Singh, I.A. as Commandant, State Forces. This post will be honorary.

2. The following officials have served the State with distinction for a period extending over 30 years. His Highness is pleased to order that they will retire on pension on half pay from the 1st Chet 1931. His Highness expresses his warm appreciation of the good services rendered by them.

(a) Major General Sardar Bahadur Bakshi Puran Singh, Commander-in-Chief.

(b) Diwan Sameshar Das, Home Minister.

(c) Sardar Kanshi Ram, Chief Engineer.

Consequent on the retirement of these officials His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to order certain arrangements.—A.P.

Foul Play On Ticket Examiner In Train

PATNA, February 22.

A sensational story of how 2 miscreants entered his inter-class compartment when the train reached Jaunagar, a station on B. N. W. Railway and when the train was in full speed they covered his face with cloth and tied a piece of rope round his neck till he became unconscious, was narrated by Mr. Green, a travelling ticket examiner, before the Government Railway Police at Darbhanga.

It transpires that Mr. Green was found unconscious in an inter-class compartment of a down train which reached Khatu from Jaunagar. Finding the door of the compartment open and both of the legs of Mr. Green dangling outside it, the station master suspected foul play, and when he entered the compartment he found Mr. Green unconscious.

After rendering first-aid, Mr. Green was put in a second-class compartment and consciousness was regained, when the train reached Madhurani, but he was unable to speak. His hairs were also found burnt. The matter is in the hands of the Railway police, who have arrested and challaned three persons from Jaunagar under section 307 of the Indian Penal Code. The motive of the crime is not yet known.—United Press.

JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of
LIFE INSURANCE to
suit all. J9

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1935

REGD. NO. B. 1065

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full
particulars about life in-
surance for mere asking.
J19

"Undesirable And Arbitrary Measure"

VIGOROUS ATTACK ON TOBACCO ACT

Bombay Council Gives Seal Of Approval To Finance Bill

The Finance Bill passed the second and third readings on Friday at the resumed sittings of the Bombay Legislative Council and became law on Friday.

"Legitimate Tax"

A Bill to amend the Bombay (District) Tobacco Act was then moved by the Finance Member who said that the two years' working of the Act had shown that there was no objection to place the Act permanently on the Statute Book. He also said that the taxation was legitimate and justifiable.

Points Of Order

Immediately after the introduction of the Bill, several points of order were raised by the non-official members, the discussion of which took nearly an hour. The first point was that the mover of the Bill could not move an amendment to the same Bill. The second was that the sanction of the Governor-General was necessary before the Provincial Government proposed a measure of the above nature before the Council.

Way Out

It was contended on behalf of the Government that when the Bill was introduced in 1933 the Governor-General's sanction had been obtained and there was no need of further applying for sanction.

To get over the difficulty of the mover not having the right of proposing an amendment, another Government member, Mr. Madan moved an amendment that the Tobacco Act shall be in force for two years more.

"Undesirable Measure"

Several non-official members opposed the measure and termed it "undesirable" and "arbitrary."

During question hour in the Bombay Legislative Council on Friday, Dewan Bahadur Kamli replying to Rao Sahab Kulkarni, said that there were six sugar factories in all, in the Presidency, and one was under construction last year, 7,500 acres of land approximately were under cultivation for growing sugarcane. Out of the seven factories one was a proprietary concern, three private limited companies, and three, public limited companies.

According to the information furnished by four companies their total output of sugar during the last season was 11,695 tons. There is no information about the two factories working in Indian States. About 1,250 men were in the employ of the four companies mentioned in the reply to clause. Only one factory out of seven has secured land on lease from Government. The Company secured 7,367-1/2 acres on a lease of 30 years, which is renewable at the option of the Company for an aggregate period of 99 years. The rent is Rs. 8-5-4 per acre for the area fit for sugarcane growing and Rs. 2-8-0 per acre for the rest. Water rates are paid in addition to rent.

Second Reading Of Finance Bill. After question hour, the second reading of the Finance Bill was taken up for discussion.

Vigorous Canvassing.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee drew the attention of the President to the report appearing in "The Bombay Chronicle" regarding the vigorous canvassing that occurred on Thursday evening, when the Finance Bill was voted upon. "The Chronicle" stated that Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto had dragged some of the non-officials into the official lobby. Mr. Tairsee declared that he could not say whether the report was correct or not, but he wanted the Chair to see that such canvassing is stopped as early as possible.

Report Denied.

Sir Shah Nawaz said that the report was entirely wrong and should not be taken notice of.

Two of the members, whose names were mentioned in the paper, said that they went to the official lobby of their own accord and felt that every member of the House knew his own mind better.

Talked About Sugar

Referring to the same report, Mr. B. S. Kamath said that it had been suggested that after his talk with the Home Member he walked into the official lobby. As a matter of fact, the Home Mem-

ber and he were talking about sugar factories and there was no talk on the voting of the Bill.

Rao Bahadur Chitale assured the President that the Home Member had never persuaded any member regarding the voting.

Dr. Dixit opined that it was not possible to draw a line of demarcation between "reasonable persuasion" and "dragging."

Home Member Innocent

The Home Member said that he did not even resort to reasonable persuasion.

The President reminded the House of his previous ruling in this connection and said that the papers ought to be careful before they draw conclusions from what they see or what they understand from the conduct of the members. "As far as my ruling is concerned," he remarked, "I have already held on several occasions that no dragging can be permitted in the precincts of the House. Using force or dragging of members will not be allowed."

During the Second Reading of the Bombay Finance Bill, all the amendments proposed by Mr. Bhalla Patel were thrown out and the Bill passed both the Second and the Third Readings.

TOBACCO ACT.

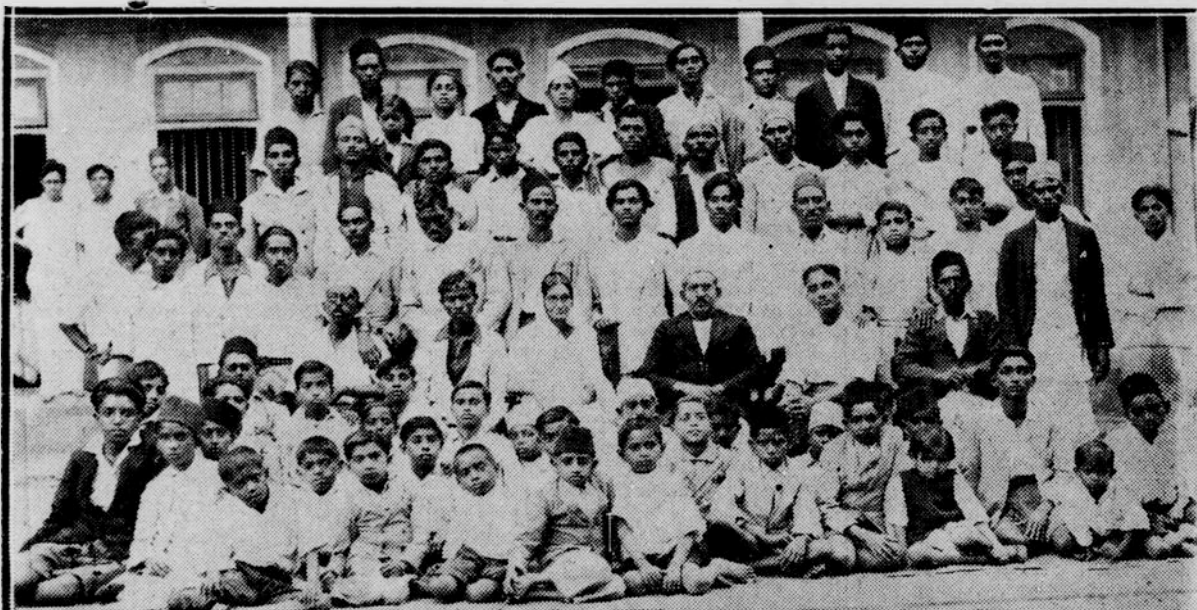
After the third reading of the Finance Bill was passed and the Bill became law the Finance Member introduced the Tobacco (District) Tobacco Act of 1933.

It was pointed out by the Finance Member that the Bombay District Tobacco Act of 1933 was enacted to remain in force till 31st March 1935. It was originally intended to be a permanent measure, but in deference to the wishes of some of the members of the Council Government agreed to limit its life to two years in the first instance. Two years' experience of the working of the Act, said the Finance Member, had shown that there was no objection to place the Act permanently on the Statute Book.

BASIS OF COMPLAINTS.

Complaints against the provisions of the Act were limited to the method of assessment prescribed in the Act. Under the existing Act the license fee on retail sale was charged at a varying rate on a population basis and a fixed fee of Rs. 2 was charged for hawkers. This system did

(Continued on page 9.)



Sarvajani Free Night School, Dadar, the majority of the pupils of which are children of Harijans in the employ of either the Municipality or the various mills in the city.

RADIO WAR ON "REDS"

Moscow Forestalls Br. Move To Prevent Propaganda

CALCUTTA, Feb. 22.

India, it appears, is going to form a base of new theatre of Radio war. This has for some time past been in progress behind public eyes between Great Britain, France and Soviet Russia. About a fortnight ago, it may be recalled, the "United Press" gave exclusive publicity to the news that the Government of India was shortly going to instal a giant transmitter at New Delhi with a view to preventing "Red propaganda" from reaching Indian listeners.

Latest information in the possession of the "United Press", however, indicates that the Soviet Government have already stolen a march over the British authorities. It is understood that one transmitter possessing 150 kilowatt power has been put into operation at Minsk, near Moscow. Power of another transmitter at Kiev also has been increased from 36 Kilowatts to 100 kilowatts.

Besides these, the power of six other broadcasting transmitters in Russia have also been similarly increased.

The net result of all these innovations, it is believed, will be to facilitate the Soviet programmes consisting of dissertations on Communism reading listeners in all nations including those of India.—United Press.

MOONJE CONDEMNNS AWARD

Advices Andhras Not To Press For Separate Province

GUNTUR, Feb. 21.

Strong condemnation of the Communal Award was expressed by Dr. B. S. Moonje, presiding over the First Andhra Provincial Congress Nationalist Conference. It cut at the very root of their aspirations to evolve India into a United Nation.

On the same ground the speaker opposed their demand for a separate Andhra Province. Finally he appealed to the Hindus to combine in a Hindu Mahasabha to look after and protect the interests of the entire Hindu Community in India.

Earlier in the day he presided over the first Andhra Political Sufferers Conference.—A.P.

F.R.C.S. Exam. In Calcutta During Dec. 1935

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The "Associated Press" understands that the Council of the Royal College of Surgeons of England has acceded to the request of the Director General, Indian Medical Service, to conduct the primary F.R.C.S. examination at Calcutta in the months of December, 1935. All enquiries concerning the examination must be addressed to the Director of Examinations, Royal College of Surgeons of England, Examination Hall, Queen Square, London.—A.P.

TO STAND OR NOT TO STAND?

Congress Party Attitude When Viceroy's Message Is Read

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 21.

I understand that as a result of talks between the President and Sir Bhulabhai Desai regarding the appropriateness of the members in Assembly standing, when the Governor-General's message is read, it had been decided that the Congress party will forward this week its considered views to the President, who will then give his interpretation and that in the meantime, the etiquette hitherto observed would be followed by the Congress party.

It may be recalled in this connection that during the late Mr. Patel's time, Pandit Motilal's party refused to stand up and did so only when requested by the President, meaning thereby, that they stood them to do so and not because the Governor-General's message imposed such an obligation.

Another question arising in the same connection which has been submitted to Sir Abdur Rahim for ruling is as to why the Governor-General's messages are put down as orders and printed as such in the official proceedings.

Mr. Satyamurthi, who raised the point expects to hear the President's ruling on the subject shortly.

Yet another point on which the President is being addressed by this member relates to the disallowance of the questions asking for information relating to the health of Pt. Jawaharlal Mr. M. N. Roy, Khan Abul Ghaffar Khan and asking reasons why leaders holding 'sanad' for practice in the Punjab High Court were refused

DOLLARS FOR WORKERS

U. S. Comrades' Solidarity With Bombay Labour

Bombay, Feb. 22.

Mr. R. S. Nimkar, has received a donation of 50 dollars from the Dress Makers' Union, New York, and 15 dollars from the Dress and Waist Makers' Union, New York, as a mark of sympathy of these two American Unions to the Textile workers of Bombay.—United Press.

PLANE TO BE USED IN FOREST SURVEY

MADRAS, Feb. 22

For the first time in the Presidency an aeroplane will be used to make a survey of some dense forests in the Godavari and Vizagapatam Districts on Monday.

A plane belonging to the Madras Flying Club piloted by Mr. Everett will be used and the survey will be conducted by an officer of the Forest Department.—A.P.

A Coonoor message says: Twenty-five powerful beacons on the chief peaks of the Nilgiris will be lit on the night of May 6, Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee Day. The Collector of the District is arranging religious services throughout the district to celebrate the occasion.

such 'sanad' in N.W.F.P.

Mr. Satyamurthi in his communication is expected to raise the point that the President has discretion to allow the question even if it does not primarily concern the Governor-General.

Home Member Refuses To Answer

Volley Of Questions On Govt. Attitude After Verdict On Trade Pact

NEW DELHI, Feb. 22.

The Railway administration in India was subjected to a further criticism when the Assembly met this morning with crowded galleries for voting on the demands for grants to be moved by Sir Joseph Bore.

The question hour was lively as on other days. The Home Member informed Lala Shamlal, that Dhanwantrai, the accused in the Delhi Conspiracy Case, was convicted under section 307 of the Indian Penal Code and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment. After undergoing the sentence for one year, he was sent to the Andamans.

PRISONERS IN ANDAMANS.

Sir Henry Craik further stated that in the case of persons who were convicted for offences in connection with terrorist outrages and who were sent to the Andamans, the minimum period of sentence was five years. There were at present in the Andamans 139 such prisoners, who were undergoing sentences of seven years or less. Of these prisoners 132 were from Bengal, 47 from Bihar and Arissa, and one each from Madras, the Punjab and Delhi. These prisoners were allowed an interview every three months, subject to their conduct being good.

974 DETENUS UNDER B.C.L.A.

Replying to Mr. Basanta Kumar Das, Sir Henry Craik stated that there are at present 974 detenus under Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act, in the detention camps in Bengal and 497 in Delhi. Seven detenus are confined in jail under the Assam Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1934. There are no detenus in the Andamans.

COLONISATION OF INDIANS.

To a series of questions regarding the Colonisation Enquiry Committee's report and their recommendations for the colonisation of the Indians in South Africa to British Guiana, New Guinea and North Borneo, Mr. G. S. Bajpai replied that the Government of India recently communicated their views on the recommendations made by the Committee to the Government of Union of South Africa with whom rests the next move in the matter.

Mr. N. G. Ranga was told by Mr. G. S. Bajpai that the Government were aware of the organisation and existence of the Indian Colonial Corporation to explore possibilities for colonisation of Indians in various parts of British Commonwealth. But the Government do not propose to offer their support and sympathy to this and such other associations in furtherance of Indian colonisation.

NON-CEYLONESE WORKERS.

Replying to another question by the same member regarding the resolution passed by the State Council of Ceylon for the appointment of a Committee to enquire into the question of non-Ceylonese workers in that Colony, Mr. G. S. Bajpai said that as far as the Government of India were aware, no action had been taken on that resolution. But if developments so necessitate, the Government of India would do all they should to safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of Indian settlers in Ceylon.

INSTRUMENTS OF ACCESSION.

Replying to Mr. Venkatachellam Chetty as whether the Government were carrying on, or proposed to carry on, in the near future, negotiations with the non-official rulers of Indian States in regard

to the instrument of accession, Sir N. N. Sircar said that negotiations with the States in this regard can only be carried out after the Constitution Act is passed at the Parliament.

To another query if the Government proposed, in settling the terms of such instrument of accession, to appoint "ad hoc" a Committee of non-official representatives of the Assembly to be consulted and to be appraised of the negotiations as they progress, Sir N. N. Sircar replied that the matter rests entirely with His Majesty's Government and the Government of India are not in a position to make any statement on the subject.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE AGREEMENT.

Mr. Satyamurthi asked if the Government considered the effect of vote of the Assembly requesting the Government to terminate the Indo-British Trade Agreement forthwith and whether the Government proposed to take any action thereon.

Sir Joseph Bore replied that the Government thought that the Trade Agreement was in the interest of India.

A large number supplementary questions were put by Mr. Satyamurthi on this question. Mr. Satyamurthi wanted a categorical answer to his interpellation whether the Government of India considered the effect of vote of the Assembly on the Indo-British Trade Pact.

Sir Joseph Bore: I answered that question already.

Mr. Satyamurthi: I want to know whether the Governor-General in Council met and considered this question.

Sir Joseph Bore: I am not prepared to give any information to the Hon. Member regarding the Viceroy's Cabinet meeting.

Mr. Satyamurthi: I am merely asking for information if the Viceroy's Executive Council met to consider this. The Hon. Member may refuse to give information as to what passed at the meeting if he thinks it is not in public interest. But I think I am entitled to get reply if there was a meeting.

Sir Joseph Bore refused to give any information about it.

Mr. Satyamurthi sought the Chair's ruling with no result.

Mr. Satyamurthi asked if the Government have any reason to accept that Trade Agreement termination, not in the interest of India.

Sir Joseph Bore: I gave my reasons fully when the discussion on the Agreement was held in the Assembly.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Whether the Government propose to take any action on vote of the Assembly on the Agreement in form of telling the House that they desired to terminate or not terminate the Agreement.

IMPLEMENTING AGREEMENT.

Sir Joseph Bore: I am not ready to take any action except that when giving practical effect to the Agreement we shall have to bring legislation for implementing the Agreement.

Mr. Satyamurthi: Will the Government then consider the effect of vote?

Sir Joseph: The Government have already considered that point.

Mr. R. S. Sarma: The effect of vote is that it has strengthened the hands of the Diehards (ironical cheers from the non-official quarters).—United Press.

Successful Election Petition

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, Feb. 22.

Sgt. Laxman Shindhe's election petition was heard this noon The District Judge declared Sgt. Laxman Shindhe elected by one vote.

Aviation Director Leaves For Delhi

MADRAS, Feb. 22.

Major Tymms, Director of Civil Aviation, who has been on an official visit to Madras, left for Delhi to-day in an Airspeed En-moy plane.—A.P.